

Vuk'uzenzele



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Govt to subsidise poor and missing middle



Higher Education and Training Minister Blade Nzimande says government wants to strengthen post-school learning and teaching.

**Priscilla Khumalo and
Ongezwa Manyathi**

Universities will individually decide on the fee increases for 2017 academic year, Higher Education and Training Minister Blade Nzimande announced recently.

The Minister made the announcement at a special media briefing following the Council on Higher Education (CHE) report for 2017 fee adjustments as well as the Minister's ongoing consultations with key stakeholders.

"Our recommendation is that fee adjustments should not go above eight percent," Minister Nzimande said.

He added that universities currently face serious challenges in terms of funding, while at the same time large numbers of South Africans find it difficult to access post-school education because of financial challenges.

FAST FACT:

- Students with a family income of up to R600 000 per annum will be supported by government.
- In 2016 government provided R1.9 billion of the R2.3 billion shortfall following the subsidy on the 2016 university fee increase.
- In the 2016/17 financial year R14.5 billion has been made available to NSFAS.
- A total of 405 000 students received government support to access universities and colleges in 2016.

"Government is aware of these challenges and takes them very seriously."

The Minister said government is committed to finding the resources to support chil-

dren of all poor, working and middle class families, with a household income of up to R600 000 per annum, while subsidy funding will cover the gap between the 2015 fee and the adjusted 2017 fee.

"This will be done for fee increments up to eight percent."

Minister Nzimande said a key priority for government is to ensure that post-school learning and teaching is strengthened, and that financial sustainability of the sector is not eroded.

"Our economy is currently weak and our fiscal position parlous. The tax burden has been rising in recent years, and we must preserve the fiscal space to fund government's policy agenda in future years."

"This means that any funding government mobilises to support the pressing challenges in higher education, it would need to reprioritise from other government pro-

grammes."

He added that students' concerns about the affordability of university education were legitimate.

"At the same time, we need to ensure that those who can afford to pay must pay."

He added that the post-school budget has to cover students in technical and vocational education and training, while at the same time face the challenge of providing 18 million South Africans, who are unable to study at university, access to community colleges.

"In other words, our job as government requires a number of very delicate balancing acts."

All National Student Financial Aid Scheme (NSFAS) qualifying students, as well as the so-called "missing middle" students will experience no fee increase in 2017, as government will pay for the



3 000 young people training to be artisans

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Youth project uplifts community

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Industrial parks revival to boost SA economy

More Matshediso

Government is investing millions into revitalising industrial parks across the country to breathe new life into communities that have been left out of the mainstream economy.

One such park is the Seshego Industrial Park that is managed and owned by the Limpopo Economic Development Agency (LEDA).

The park houses 72 factories, which include manufacturing, agro-processing, services and storage enterprises, among others. The Head of Land and Property Development at LEDA, Mouric Molepo, said they hope to see manufacturers more than any other industrialist renting space in the park because it is this sector that creates the most jobs.

Around 1 550 jobs have been created through the Seshego Industrial Park in

large industries, while small industries in the industrial park have created about 240 jobs.

Molepo said LEDA is upgrading the park.

"We have started with security features and have committed approximately R21 million. We hope to continue revitalising the facility to increase job creation and contribute to the economy of Limpopo."

Industrialisation has become more important to South Africa's expansion plans amid a tough global economic environment. Regional Industrial Cluster Chief Director at the Department of Trade and Industry, Stieneke Samuel, said the department is working on a programme to revitalise industrial parks across the country.

"In Limpopo, to date, we are looking at two industrial parks," said Samuel, adding that phase one of the Seshego development is complete.



The Department of Trade and Industry spent R21 million for the first phase of the Seshego Industrial Parks.

She envisages that the Seshego Industrial Park will create more jobs for the surrounding communities as more investors come on board.

Explaining the history of the industrial parks, she said they were initially established outside of cities to keep "certain people in certain areas".

"Ironically, skills were actually developed... You will find specialised skills

•••

in various areas where these parks are located," said Samuel.

Minister Rob Davies explained that the first stage of the Seshego revitalisation programme focused on professionalising the industrial area, improving the physical security and eliminating non-business related activities that were taking place in the park.

The sum of R189 million is being spent on six

prioritised parks, under the department's Industrial Parks Revitalisation Programme which is aimed at promoting industrialisation and increasing the contribution of the parks to job creation and the country's economic growth.

He said phase two will focus on refurbishing the buildings and some of the physical infrastructure beyond security. ■

Usomabubulo osakhasako unengomuso elikhanyako

Thandeka Ngobese

UThemba Mthembu (one minyaka ema-42) usiqiniseko sokobana akunasitjhijilo esingaqabela umuntu ukufikelela amabhudangwakhe. Gade kulibhudango lika-Mthembu ukusebenza njengosonjiniyere ongumakhenikhi, kodwana ukugula kwamkatelela ukulisa isikolo nakafunda iGreyidi ye-10.

Eminyakeni eli-12 edluleko, uMthembu ongeweNg wavauma, esetlhagwini yaKwaZulu-Natal, bekaziphilisa ngokulungisela iinkoloyi

ekhayeni lakhe.

Umphakathi wangekhabo gade ungazi kobana lokha nakalungisa iinkoloyi, gade amatasatasa atlama okuthileko. Mhlapha umangaze umphakathi wangekhabo nakethula injini engakajayeleti engasebenzisi ipetroli nanyana idizili. Lenjini ifuna ibhethri kwaphela begodu ingakhanyisa amaglobhu alula abunane, isiqandisi nomabonisakude.

UMthembu watjela bakwa-Vuk'uzenzele bonyana umkhumbulo wokwenza injini le wathoma ngomnyaka wee-2013 lokha ilizwe belithayela ngegezi. Wabeka wathi: "Ngabu-

thelela zoke iisetjenziswa endaweniyeensimbiezdala. Kwangithatha iminyaka emibili ukuqedelela

"Ngithabe khulu ukubona bonyana yoke iminyaka le beyingasililize ngombana injini iyasebenza gadesi."

umsebenzi lo. Ngithabe khulu ukubona bonyana yoke iminyaka le beyingasililize ngombana injini iyasebenza gadesi. Ngi-lungele ukwenza ikoloyi

engasebenzisi ipetroli nanyana idizili".

Injini kaMthembu inemikhungo yegezi esithandathu ehlanganiswa ngekunupe yegezi, umdumayo ufana newegrayindere.

Wathi nagade aneesetjenziswa zamambala, kufaka hlangana nesekelo leemali, gade kuzomthatha isikhathi esincani ukuqedelela injini yinye.

Wabeka wathi: "Kuhlekuhle kungangithatha isikhathi esincani khulu ngombana nangine-ensetjenziswa ezifaneleko, ngingafundisa abantu abatjha ababili abangagcina bangisiza".

Umnikazi wendawo ye-ensimbi ezidala uBheki Gumede wathi lokha uMthembu nakeza kuye amkhombela iingcenye zeensimbi bona azokwenza injini, akhange amthathele ehloko.

Wabeka wathi: "Njenganje, ngimhlonipha khulu ngenca yomsebenzakhe. Gade ngingacabangi bonyana umuntu wendawo esemakhaya njenge-Ngwavuma angenza into efana nale. Siphiwe ngokuhlukileko begodu isiphiwo sakhe simkarisomraro. Angingabazi bonyana nakangaqinisela uzakufika kude. Ngimfisela ipumelelo". ■

Ukusiza amaSewula Afrika Asebujameni Obuqokamileko

Noluthando Mkhize

UmJaphethe womNqophisi Zombelele womNyango wezokuThuthukiswa komPhakathi, uThokozani Magwaza, uthi boke abantu abasebujameni obunengozinamkha obuqokamileko kufanele babe neno-mboro yeZiko eliKhandela iZenzo ezineNturhu eHloholzelwa buLili (i-GBVCC).

I-GBVCC liziko lemitato elisebenza imini nobusuku elihlonyelwe ukunikela isekelo nokwelulekwa ngokomkhumbulo kwabongazimbi benturhu ehloholzelwa bulili.

Nakakhuluma neba-kwa-Vuk'uzenzele mayelana neNyanga yezoku-Thuthukiswa komPhakathi, uMagwaza uthi i-GBVCC ingenye yama-hlelo aphethwe mnyawakhe.

"LeliZiko lemiTato li-hlanganiswe namapholisa ngesisetjenziswa esibizwa i-geolocation, esikghona ngaso ukubona bonyana umtato udoswe usuka ki-yiphi indawo, khulukhulu umuntu nakasahlelwako."

"Nakungenzeka bo-nyana umuntu osengozini uzizwa angakaphephi angadosela izikweli umtato bese umtato loyo udluliselwe emapholiseni wona arhabele endaweni yesehlakalo."

Wangezelela ngokuthi izikweli linabonohlalaku-hle abama-70, inengi labo ngabathethe umhlalaphasi begodu abanelemuko elisezingeni eliphezulu kilomkhakha.

NgoSinyikhaba wee-2015, besele i-GBVCC yamukele imitato enga-phezulu kwee-24 046 begodu yemukela imilayezo ye-'please call me' enga-pezu kwee-22 683 eve-la kumalunga womphakathi agade asebujameni obuqokamileko batlhoga isizo.

IZikweli lemiTato litlo-nyeliswe ngoNongorwana we-Changing Lives Award emnyanyeni wokunike-lwa kwabonongorwana i-2014 AfricaCom Awards. IZikweli lanikelwa godu unongorwana we-Best Technology Innovation obuya kwa-Contact Ce-nitre Management Group (i-CCMG) njengetshwayo lokuhloniphia igadango

UkuKhutjhulwa kwamaZiko aThuthukisa abeNtwana kwebuNcanini

Noluthando Mkhize

UmNyango wezokuThuthukiswa komPhakathi ufunu ukusebenza ngamandla ekukhuphuleni amaZiko aThuthukisa abeNtwana kwebuNcanini (i-ECD).

"Irhubhululo lethu litjengisa bonyana ama-ECD aqakathkile ngombana iminyaka yokuthoma yokucabangisa komntwana itjhejwa ezingeneli."

"Irhubhululo litjengisile bonyana abentwana abathwasiswe ngokwehlelo le-ECD bafunda lula esikolweni samabanga aphasi nesiphakemeko," kwatjho umJaphethe womNqophisi Zombelele womNyango wezokuThuthukiswa komPhakathi uThokozani Magwaza.

ISeewula Afrika inama-ECD angakatlolisi, angakatlolisi ngokupheleleko newangeqa-di ekufanele atlolise emNyangweni wezokuThuthukiswa komPhakathi.

"Kufanele woke umuntu azitlolise ngaphambi kobana angasungula bekasebenzise i-ECD, khulukhulu njengombana si-funyene bona amanye ama-ECD asebenza ngokungasi semthethweni."

Wangezelela ngokuthi umnyangwakhe ufunu ukuqinisekisa bonyana ama-ECD asemazingeni wokusebenza amukelekako.

"NjengomNyango wezokuThuthukiswa komPhakathi kumsebenzethu ukuqalana nesigaba samalanga ayi-1000 wokuthoma kwepilo yomntwana nokufumana komntwana ifundo yamabanga aphasi.

"Sisakhulumisana nomNyango weze-Fundo esiSekelo. Sithi ukusukela ekube-lethweni komntwana ukufikela eminyakeni emine kumsebenzethu mayelana nokufikelela i-ECD, kodwana ngubani ozokuqalana nomntwana nasele anemyaka emine ukufikela kesithandathu?"

UMagwaza wathi kunama-ECD atlolisi-weko alinganiselwa ee-21 000 ayingcenyeye yerherho lomnyango. □

IZiko lemiTato lingadoselwa kilenomboro yasimahla ethi: 0800 428 428 (0800 GBV GBV). Abadosimtato bangakhombela uNohlalakuhle weZikweni lemiTato eliKhandela iNturhu eHloholzelwa buLili bona abadosele ngokugandeleta inomboro ethi: *120*7867# (Ngeyasimahla) ngokusebenza nanyana ngimuphi ufunjathwako.

I-SASSA Igidinda iminyaka Elitjhumi

Noluthando Mkhize

Lomnyaka i-Ejen-si yeeMbonelelo zeSondlo noMhlaphasi kaRhulumente ye-Sewula Afrika (i-Sassa) igidinda iminyaka elitjhumi yokusebenzela izakhamuzi.

UmJaphethe womNqophisi Zombelele nomPhakathi oyihloko ye-Sassa uThokozani Magwaza wathi njengengcenyeye yeminyanya yokugidinga, ihlangano le izakuhlahluba ipumelelo nokubhalelwako kwayo.

Enye ipumelelo kukoba-na abantu abaziingidi ezi-li-17 bafumana iimbonelelo zesondlo sikarhulumende esitjheje ihlalakuhle yabo.

UMagwaza wathi nanya-na lokhu kulitshwayo eli-



hle nokho i-ejensi isatlhaga ukufumana abantu bonyana bazitlolisele iimbonelelo zesondlo nehlalakuhle.

"Sibikelwe bonyana abentwana abaziingidi ezimbili beminyaka engaphasi kwa-munye ukufikela kemithathu abafumanisibonelelosikarhulumente sezhelalakuhle."

Wangezelela ngokuthi umnyangwakhe utlolisa abenziimbawo abatjha abazii-

300 000 beembonelelo zehlalakuhle qobe mnyaka nokobana ihlangano le beyizokuphuma ijima lokwazisa abantu bonyana ukuyangokomThethosisekelo abantu banelungelo lokufunyana isibonelelo.

Enye yeenselele eziqalene ne-Sassa kudoswa kwemali ziinkampani ezithileko emalini yesibonelelo. UMagwaza, ongusi-

hlalo wesiQhemba esitla-nyewe nguNgqongqotjhe esihlola ukudoswa kwemali ziinkampani ezithileko emalini yesibonelelo sezhelalakuhle wathi umNyango wezokuThuthukiswa komPhakathi ulwisana nokudoswa kwemali ye-Airtime, yamanzi negezi, hlangana nokhunye, okudoswa emalini yesibonelelo sezhelalakuhle.

"Inani elibhadelwa ngurhulumente ngokweembonelelo linqophe ukuphelisa isikhoba esilethwa mtlhago phakathi kwabantu. Aneze kwensiwa nganayana ngiyiphi indlela. Umthetho ujamile kelokuthi imali le ayikafaneli ukuse-tjenziswa kezinye izinto."

UMagwaza wathi umnya-

ngu ukhuphe iinkhibelelo mayelana nomthethomgommo okhandela ukudoswa kweemali ngaphandle kwe-10% letjhorensi yokufa.

Umnyango ubeke isilanganiso se-10% etjhorensi ngayinye. Kodwana esiku-funyenecho kukobana abantu banamatjhorensi weminden amabili nanyana amathathu kesinye isikhathi badlule esilinganisweni se-10%."

I-Sassa iqinisa umzamo wayo wokulwiana nobukhwabanisi nekohlakalo.

"Sihlome iphiko lokuphe-nya esizama ukuliqedelela. Sele sinabasebenzi abaqtjhelwe ukusebenza ephikweneli, sifuna ukuphelisa ubukhwabanisi nekohlakalo ethinta u-Sassa." □