

Vuk'uzenzele



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Sassa kids make SA proud

THOUSANDS OF beneficiaries will get a chance to break away from the cycle of poverty.

DID YOU KNOW?

Out of the **534 484** learners who sat for their 2017 matric examination, **417 239** were social grant beneficiaries.

Noluthando Motswai

When Tumelo Mashigo was born he had little prospect of living a normal life. Shortly after his birth, doctors informed his mother that he had a rare condition called phocomelia and his hands were underdeveloped. However, living with this condition did not deter Mashigo. Instead it gave him the fighting spirit needed to make something



Some of the the country's top matric achievers who are also social grant beneficiaries with Minister Bathabile Dlamini (centre).

of his life.

Fast forward to 2017 and Mashigo was announced as the second best performing learner with special needs in the matric class of 2017 in South Africa.

He passed matric with flying colours, achieving three distinctions and being accepted by the University of Pretoria to study Public Management and International Relations.

He said without the assistance of the South Africa

Social Security Agency (Sassa), his dreams would not have come true.

“My mother is unemployed so from a young age I have been getting the disability grant from Sassa, which had such a huge impact on my family,” he said.

“The grant helped my mother care for me by buying me food and all the things I required for school.”

The 18-year-old from

Tsakane in Gauteng completed his matric at the Muriel Brand School in Brakpan which is an educational facility for learners with special education needs. He was also the school’s deputy head boy for 2017.

This was also the school that prepared the confident young man for leadership in the future.

“I have an interest in pol

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Electricity thieves left powerless

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Dignity for sexual assault survivors

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Vuk'uzenzele

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STATE OF THE NATION ADDRESS

by President Jacob Zuma

Thursday, 8 February 2018, from 19:00

Catch it live on television, radio and social media

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Together we move South Africa forward

“Word on the street”

As President Jacob Zuma prepares to address the nation on government's plans to take the country forward, Vuk'uzenzele took to the streets to hear what South Africans expect the president to say:

Boy Thwala (62)

“My expectation from the president is that he will address how government is going to stop crime and corruption. Citizens feel unsafe to walk down a street because of crime. The government must provide employment in order to drop crime statistics because most people get involved in crime because they are unemployed. We also need to know how he is going to deal with corrupt leaders and officials.”



Ndumiso Thabethe (32)

“I am expecting the president to talk more on education and employment opportunities. In rural areas like Maphumulo, where I am from, there is no proper school infrastructure. Learners study in tents or under the trees. The president needs to come up with a good strategy to address the shortage of classes in rural schools.”



Sicelo Sithole (27)

“I would like the president to address the issue of nepotism because it affects a number of qualified people. No matter how many degrees you have,



you are not guaranteed employment. It is so easy to be employed when your relative works at the government. We need to have clear and legal processes when it comes to employment so that the right candidate will get what they deserve.”

Nozipho Sibiyi (34)

“I would like the president to talk about abortion. The country should have strict rules for girls and boys on issues like the use of contraceptives. People should know that once you get pregnant, there's no going back.”



Nastajia Govender

“I want to address the



issue of land reform. Fairness and distribution – is there capacity and the capability to train new farmers? Are there plans or techniques or the structures of successful farming yield? What are government's plans for 2018 going forward with land reform?”

Njabulo Dladla (38)

“I want to hear about how government will strengthen the security of our borders so that we can manage the number of people coming into our country. Secondly, I want to hear what President Zuma has to say about the working class who do not qualify for RDP houses and cannot afford to pay bonds.”



Popo Mbuli (26)

“The president needs to ad-

dress issue of employment among youth. People are educated but they are sitting at home with their qualifications. If he can come up with more internship programmes for graduates to get experience and also consider giving youngsters increased access to funding to start their own businesses.”



Candice Meiring (35)

“I want the president to talk more about our economy. How is the government going to grow our economy? What plans are there to ensure that food and petrol prices are controlled and that we attract foreign investors who will bring stability to the country.”



Masea a matjha ke ona a kotsing ya *Listeriosis* ka ho fetisisa

MAAFORIKA BORWA a tshwanela ho ba le tiiso e eketsehileng ya ho etsa bohloko bo phethahetseng dijong tsa mantlha, ho latela ho ropoha ha lefu la *Listeriosis*.

Lefapha la Bophelo bo Botle le beile ho ropoha ha lefu la *Listeriosis* leihlo, ka dike-tshahalo tse ntjha tse 119 tse tlalehilweng haesale ho tloha ka la hlano (5) Tshiwane. Ke palo yohle ya 727 ya diketsahalo tse netefaditsweng tse tlalehilweng ka 2017.

Setsi sa Taolo le Thibelo ya Mafu se hlalosa *Listeriosis* e le lefu le kotsi empa le alafahang le bile le thibelleha, le bakwang ke kokwanahloko e bitswang *Listeria monocytogenes*. E fumanwa mobung, metsing le dimeleng. Dihlahiswa tse tswang diphoofolong – tse kang nama le lebesese, dijo tse tswang lewatile le ditswamobung tse ntjha tse kang ditholwana le meroho, di ka nna tsa tshwaetswa ke mehloodi ena.

Leha e le hore mang kapa mang a ka tshwarwa ke *Listeriosis*, bao ba tlokotsing e kgolo ya ho tshwarwa ke lefu

lena ba akga masea a matjha, metsofe, basadi ba baimana, le batho ba nang le masole a mmele a fokolang ba kang bakudi ba HIV, ba lefu la tswekere, ba mofetshe, ba mafu a diqobo a sebete kapa diphio.

Dihlopha tse amehang ka ho fetisisa ke tsa bao ba bitswang neonates – bao ba matsatsing a 28 a pele ba tswetswe, esita le batho ba dilemong tse pakeng tsa tse 15 le 49. Dihlopha tsena tse pedi di bopa 70% ya dike-tshahalo tsohle.

Lefapha le ipileditse ho basadi ba baimana ho ingodisa ho *MomConnect* hore ba hlajwe malotsana ka *Listeriosis* kaha masea a eso qete matsatsi a 28 e le ona a amehang ka ho fetisisa.

“Ha re sheba dipalopalo tsa batho ba amehileng, re a eellwa hore dihlopheng tsena tsohle tse tlokotsing, sa neonates ke sona se amehileng ka ho fetisisa. Haeba

re e sekaseka ka dihlopha tsa dilemo ho tloha tswalong ho isa dilemong tse 93, di-neonates feela di etsa diketsahalo tse ka bang 40%,” ho itsalo Letona la Bophelo bo Botle Ngaka Aaron Motsoaledi.

Letona le boetse la ipiletsa ho basebeletsi ba tsa bophelo bo botle hore ba be sedi haholo ha ba sebetsana le basadi ba baimana.

“Kopo e kgethehileng ho basebeletsi ba tsa bophelo bo botle le setjhaba ka kakaretso, ke ya ho tsepamisa maikutlo basading bohle ba baimana. Eba le kgwao e kgolo neng kapa neng ha o sebetsana le mosadi wa moimana kapa lesea le letjha le eso qete matsatsi a 28 le tswetswe,” o itsalo.

Mokgwa wa ho ingodisa ho MomConnect:

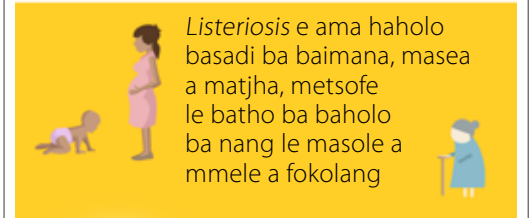
- Netefatsa kemaro ya hao setsing sa bophelo bo botle.
- Ho ingodisa, penya *134*550# fonofonong ya hao ya letsoho.
- Araba dipotso tse mmalwa tse bobebe ka kemaro ya hao.
- Jwale o tla be o ngodisitswe.
- Kemaro e ngodiswa pokellong ya direkoto tsa naha.
- Mosebedisi o amohela melaetsa ya beke le beke ya SMS, e mo tsebisang ka kemaro ya hae le ka bophelo bo botle ba lesea (ho fihlela ha ngwana a le selemo se seng).

Ha o batla ho tseba haholwanyane, o ka letsetsa Setheo sa Naha sa Mafu a Tshwaetsang (NICD) Setsing sa Mesebetsi ya Tshohanyetso dihoreng tsa tshebetso ho: 011 386 2000.

Basebeletsi ba tsa Bophelo bo Botle ba ka letsetsa mohala wa Tshohanyetso wa NICD bakeng sa Maemo a Tshohanyetso kamora dihora tsa tshebetso ho: 082 883 9920.

Listeriosis

Kokwanahloko e bakang tjhefo dijong.



Listeriosis e ama haholo basadi ba baimana, masea a matjha, metsofe le batho ba baholo ba nang le masole a mmele a fokolang

Matshwao

- mokgohlane
- mesifa e bohloko
- ho nyekelwa ke pelo
- letshollo
- hlooho
- molala o satallang
- pherekano
- modikadikwane le ho thothomela

Thibelo

1. Hatlela matsoho a hao pele o tshwara dijo esita le kamora ho tshwara dijo
2. Pheha, kenya sehatsetsing, kapa o qhwafatse nama, kgoho, mahe le dijo tse loketseng ho jewa, nakong ya dihora tse pedi
3. Se ke wa ja dijo tse sa phehwang mme o be sedi ka kotsi ya tjhefo dijong tse kang thapi e sa phehwang (ho akga le sushi), ditileleme le dioyesetara.
4. Qoba ho nwa lebesese le sa phehwang esita le ho ja direledi tse bonojana tse kang feta, seeredi sa lebesese la poti le seeredi sefe kapa sefe se bonojana
5. Ha o qaeqae, di lahle – ho futhumetsa dijo tse nang le kokwanahloko ho ke ke ha di etsa hore di bolokehe!

Listeriosis Aforika Borwa

Diketsahalo tse kahodimo ho 750 di se di tlalehilwe mme ke batho ba 67 ba seng ba shwele.

Gauteng e na le diketsahalo tse ngata ka ho fetisisa mme e latelwa ke **Kapa Bophirimela, KwaZulu-Natal le Kapa Botjhabela.**

Government communications
Department of Communications and Information Systems
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

Seriti sa mahlatsipa a tthekefetso ya motabo

KUTLWELOBOHLOKO le tshehetso di fuwa mahlatsipa a tthekefetso ditsing tse qollehileng tsa

Noluthando Motswai

Lefapha la Bophelo bo Botle la Gauteng le arabetse ditlhokong tsa mahlatsipa a dithekefetso tse amanang le motabo le bong, ka ho kgakolabotjha Setsi sa Tlhokomelo sa Sinakekelwe Thuthuzela se Sepetlele sa Thelle Mogoerane se Vosloorus.

Setsi sena se habile ho fokotsa tthekefetseho ya maikutlo e bakwang ke dithekefetso tsa motabo se be se fokotse thefuleho ya nako e telele mahlatsipeng ka ho fana ka tlhokomelo ya kalafo, tlhabollo ya maikutlo mmoho le phihlelo bafuputsing le batjhutjising ba itahletse ka setotswana, tsohle di fumaneha nqa e le nngwe.

Radiphatlalatso wa lefapha, Lesemang Matuka, o itse nakhong e fetileng mahlatsipa a ne a leba hole hore a ilo fumana ditshebetso tse. Setsi sena se kgakotsweng botjha se tla thusa batho ba Katlehong,

Thokoza le Vosloorus.

“Re le lefapha, re hahamallela bophelong bo botle ba bohle ka ho rupella le ho matlafatsa barupelli ka makgabane a kgethehileng a ho thusa mahlatsipa a ditlolo tsa molao. Dilemong tse tharo tse fetileng, barupelli ba phethetse Thutokgutshwe ya Bodisa ba Tlhokomelo ya Dithekefetso tsa Motabo.”

O itse lefapha la habo le tla tswelapele ho sebedisana le Mekgatlo e sa Weleng Katlase Mmuso (NGOs) esita le balekane ba bang ba thusang ka ho fana ka tshehetso ya tsepamo ya maikutlo kahisanong, ka thasisetso ya thibelo ho ena le tlhokomelo ya kamora dithekefetso.

Ditsi tsa tlhokomelo tsa Thuthuzela di ne di theelwe ho ntlafatsa motjha wa ho tlaheha dipeto le ditlolo tse ding tsa molao tse amanang le motabo. Mahlatsipa jwale a kgona ho thuswa tikolohong e nang le seriti le tlhokomelo e ntle.



Ditsi di hlomamiswa ke Legotla la Botjhutjisi ba Naha, hammoho le mafapha a Bophelo bo Botle, Ntshetsopele ya Setjhaba le Ntshetsopele ya Toka le Molaotheo, esita le Tshebetso ya Sepolesa sa Aforika Borwa SAPS).

Ho na le ditsi tse supileng Gauteng. Sa pele se ne se bulwe Sepetlele sa Chris Hani

Baragwanath ka 2000.

Ngaka Efadzwa Tipoy, mookamedi e moholo wa barupelli ya etelletseng pele Setsi sa Tlhokomelo sa Sinakekelwe Thuthuzela, o eleditse batho ka hore ha ho ka etsahala hore ba be mahlatsipa a dithekefetso tsa motabo, ho bohlokwa hore ba tlahehe diketsahalo tseo setsing ka potlako e kgolo.

“Ditsi tse di fana ka kalafo ya ho thibela ho ba le ditshwaetso tse amanang le motabo, ho akga Hepatitis B le HIV. Dipidisi tsa ho thibela kemaro e amanang le ditlolo tsa molao tsa motabo di tla ajwa. Se ke wa itlhatswa; tlisa diparotse o neng o di apere setsing mme o di phuthele ka pampiri e sootho, o se ke wa di kenya ka mokotleng wa polaseteke,” o itsalo Ngaka Tipoy.

O ekeeditse ka hore haesale ho ne ho bulwe setsi sena, ho bile le kananelo ditshebetso tse ba fanang ka tsona, mme le seriti sa batho se kugutlisitswe kaha mahlatsipa jwale a kgona ho itlhatswa ha a qeta ho hlalohjwa.

Enngwe ya diphephetso tseo tleliniki e tswelang pele ho tobana le tsona, ke ya hore hangata mahlatsipa a filha e se e le hamamorao – ho bohlokwa hore bopaki bo bokellwe ho be ho fanwe ka kalafo nakhong ya dihora tse 72 kamora tlhaselo. **V**

A shot in the arm for the North West



■ From left Bapo Ba Mogale Representative Rangwane Radikobonyana Mogale, CEO of Lonmin Ben Magara and North West MEC of Health Honourable Magome Masike at the handover ceremony of ambulances.

Photo Cred: Jerri Mokgofe

More Matshediso

A partnership between the North West Department of Health, the private sector and communities is saving lives, says Health MEC Magome Masike. MEC Masike says the department has over the years

formed partnerships with various stakeholders to improve the delivery of health services.

“We officially opened a new chemotherapy unit within the Radiation Oncology Unit at Tshepong Hospital Complex in Klerksdorp in 2017. The construction of the unit came as a result of a donation by

the Muslim community,” MEC Masike says.

Previously, patients had to be transported to Gauteng to get treated for cancer.

“We are trying by all means to ensure that our people do not have to leave the province to get services,” he explains.

Another success story is a

maternity ward worth R6 million that was donated by Anglo Gold Ashanti. It was opened in May 2016 in the Botshabelo Community Health Centre in Stilfontein’s Khuma Township.

According to the MEC, about 446 healthy babies have been delivered in the centre since then.

One of the challenges that the department had was a shortage of ambulances but Lonmin came to the rescue with an R11 million donation of 17 ambulances, a patient transporter and two mobile school health units.

Four of the vehicles will be permanently stationed at the Bapong Community Health Centre, while the remainder will service the Bojanala Platinum District Municipality, which includes Kgetlengrivier, Madibeng, Moses Kotane, Moretele and Rustenburg.

Matlou Mokgotho of Mor-

uleng in the Moses Kotane Local Municipality says that although she personally has never had to call an ambulance, she has witnessed how fellow community members struggled to get emergency services because of the unavailability of ambulances.

Lonmin’s executive vice president of stakeholder engagement and regulatory affairs, Thandeka Ncube, says it has committed to assisting the department by providing it with the resources that it does not have or cannot afford. She explains that the end goal is to ensure that all residents have access to adequate primary healthcare within their vicinities.

Future Lonmin projects include a forensic mortuary, a community healthcare centre for the Marikana community, and a multipurpose community centre for Majakaneng residents. **V**