

Vuk'uzenzele



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| UMhlohlamba 2018 UmGadangiso 1

Sassa kids make SA proud

THOUSANDS OF beneficiaries will get a chance to break away from the cycle of poverty.

DID YOU KNOW?

Out of the **534 484** learners who sat for their 2017 matric examination, **417 239** were social grant beneficiaries.

Noluthando Motswai

When Tumelo Mashigo was born he had little prospect of living a normal life. Shortly after his birth, doctors informed his mother that he had a rare condition called phocomelia and his hands were underdeveloped.

However, living with this condition did not deter Mashigo. Instead it gave him the fighting spirit needed to make something



Some of the the country's top matric achievers who are also social grant beneficiaries with Minister Bathabile Dlamini (centre).

of his life.

Fast forward to 2017 and Mashigo was announced as the second best performing learner with special needs in the matric class of 2017 in South Africa.

He passed matric with flying colours, achieving three distinctions and being accepted by the University of Pretoria to study Public Management and International Relations.

He said without the assistance of the South Africa

Social Security Agency (Sassa), his dreams would not have come true.

“My mother is unemployed so from a young age I have been getting the disability grant from Sassa, which had such a huge impact on my family,” he said.

“The grant helped my mother care for me by buying me food and all the things I required for school.”

The 18-year-old from

Tsakane in Gauteng completed his matric at the Muriel Brand School in Brakpan which is an educational facility for learners with special education needs. He was also the school’s deputy head boy for 2017.

This was also the school that prepared the confident young man for leadership in the future.

“I have an interest in pol

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Electricity thieves left powerless

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Vuk'uzenzele

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STATE OF THE NATION ADDRESS

by President Jacob Zuma

Thursday, 8 February 2018, from 19:00

Catch it live on television, radio and social media

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Together we move South Africa forward

“Word on the street”

As President Jacob Zuma prepares to address the nation on government's plans to take the country forward, Vuk'uzenzele took to the streets to hear what South Africans expect the president to say:

Boy Thwala (62)

“My expectation from the president is that he will address how government is going to stop crime and corruption. Citizens feel unsafe to walk down a street because of crime. The government must provide employment in order to drop crime statistics because most people get involved in crime because they are unemployed. We also need to know how he is going to deal with corrupt leaders and officials.”



Ndumiso Thabethe (32)

“I am expecting the president to talk more on education and employment opportunities. In rural areas like Maphumulo, where I am from, there is no proper school infrastructure. Learners study in tents or under the trees. The president needs to come up with a good strategy to address the shortage of classes in rural schools.”



Sicelo Sithole (27)

“I would like the president to address the issue of nepotism because it affects a number of qualified people. No matter how many degrees you have,



you are not guaranteed employment. It is so easy to be employed when your relative works at the government. We need to have clear and legal processes when it comes to employment so that the right candidate will get what they deserve.”

Nozipho Sibiyi (34)

“I would like the president to talk about abortion. The country should have strict rules for girls and boys on issues like the use of contraceptives. People should know that once you get pregnant, there's no going back.”



Nastajia Govender

“I want to address the



issue of land reform. Fairness and distribution – is there capacity and the capability to train new farmers? Are there plans or techniques or the structures of successful farming yield? What are government's plans for 2018 going forward with land reform?”

Njabulo Dladla (38)

“I want to hear about how government will strengthen the security of our borders so that we can manage the number of people coming into our country. Secondly, I want to hear what President Zuma has to say about the working class who do not qualify for RDP houses and cannot afford to pay bonds.”



Popo Mbuli (26)

“The president needs to ad-

dress issue of employment among youth. People are educated but they are sitting at home with their qualifications. If he can come up with more internship programmes for graduates to get experience and also consider giving youngsters increased access to funding to start their own businesses.”



Candice Meiring (35)

“I want the president to talk more about our economy. How is the government going to grow our economy? What plans are there to ensure that food and petrol prices are controlled and that we attract foreign investors who will bring stability to the country.”



Amasana asanda ukubelethwa ngiwo ase-ngozi ekulu yokubanjwa yi-Listeriosis

ABANTU BESEWULA AFRIKA kufanele batjhejisise khulu ekulandeleni imigomo yehlanzeko yokugoma ekusisekelo esingunobangela wokubhebhethaka kwe-Listeriosis.

UmNyango wezama-Philo ugade ngelihlo elibukhali ukubhebhethaka kobulwele be-Listeriosis, ngonobangela wemibiko eli-119 eseyibikiwe ukusukela mhlanga ama-5 kuNobayeni. Ngokupheleleko, sekubikwe izehlakalo ezima-727 zokuqubuka kobulwelo nezinqinisekiswa malabhorathri emnyakeni wee-2017.

IZiko lokuLawulwa nokuKhandelwa kwamaGulo lihlathulula i-Listeriosis njengeyangozi khulu kodwana ikugula okwelaphakako nokukhandelekako okubangelwa mumulwana we-Listeria monocytogenes. Utholakala ehlabathini, emanzini nemirorhweni. Imikhiziqizo yefuyo – enjengenyama nebisibisi elisengwako, imikhiziqizo yelwandle nemirorho emitjha efana neentholo nomrorho kungasuleleka ngomulwana lo osuka emanzini namkha ehlabathini.

Nanyana irhubhululo lithi omunye nomunye umuntu angathola i-Listeriosis, kodwana abasengozini ekulu

yokuhlaselwa kugulokhu masana asanda ukubelethwa, babantu esele baluphele, bomma abasebantwini, nabantu abanamasotjha womzimba abuthakathaka ngonobangela weNgogwana yeNtumbantonga (i-HIV), ubulwele betjhukela, ikankere, ukugula kwesibindi namkha kweziso.

Iinqhema zabantu ezithinteka khulu masana asanda ukubelethwa – lawo anamalanga wokuthoma angabama-28 wokuphila, kunye nabantu abaneminyaka ephakathi kweli-15 ukuya kema-49. Iinqhema embilezi zenza ama-70% wezehlakalo zobulwelo esele zibikiwe. UmNyango ukhombela abomma abasebantwini bona bazitlolise ku-MomConnect ukwenzela bona bathole ilwazi elitjha malungana ne-Listeriosis njengoba amasana asanda ukubelethwa angaphasi kwamalanga ama-28 ubudala kungiwathihinteka khulu.

“Nasiqala iimbalobalo zabantu abathinteka khulu, sithola bona kizo zoke iinqhemezi ezibuthakathaka, amasana asanda ukubelethwa ngiwo athinteka khulu.

Nasihlaziya ngokuya kweminyaka yeenqhema ukusukela ekubelethweni ukuya eminyakeni ema-93, amasana asanda ukubelethwa wona wodwa alinganiselwa ema-40% wezehlakalo ezibikiweko,” kutjho uNgqongqotjhe wezamaPhilo uDorh Aaron Motsoaledi.

UNgqongqotjhe ukhombele abasebenzi bezamaphilo bona basebenze ngokutjhe-

jisisa nabanyanga abomma abasebantwini.

“Isibawo esiqakatheke khulu esiya kubasebenzi bezamaphilo nomphakathi wokana kukobana ninikele itjhejo elingeneleleko kiboboke abomma abasebantwini. Nitjhejisise khulu nanisebenza ngabomma abasebantwini namkha amasana asanda ukubelethwa,” ubeke watjho. **U**

Uzitlolisa njani ku-MomConnect:

- Qinisekisa ukuba sebantwini kwakho emtholapilo.
- Gandelela u: *134*550# ngomaledinini wakho bona uzitlolise.
- Phendula imibuzo elula eemalwa malungana nokuba sebantwini kwakho.
- Ngemva kwalokho uzakutloliswa.
- Ukuba sebantwini kwakho kutloliswa ebuthelweni leminingwana.
- Abasebenzisi behlelwele bafumana imilayezo nge-SMS qobe ngeveke ngomnqopho wokubazisa ngelwazi lokuba sebantwini kwabo begodu nangepilo yesana (bekube kula umntwana sekanomnyaka munye ubudala).

Nakafuna ilwazi elidephileko, amalunga womphakathi angadosela iziko lobuJamo obuRhabekeleko le-National Institute for Communicable Diseases (i-NICD) ngeenkxhathi zomsebenzi kinasini inomboro: 011 386 2000.

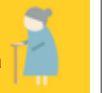
Abasebenzi bezamaPhilo bangadosela eMrhaleli wezeSizo we-NICD ukwenzela bona bathole iSizo eliRhabekeleko lezokwElapha ngemva kweenkxhathi zokusebenza ku: 082 883 9920.

I-Listeriosis

Mumulwana obanga itjhefu yokudla.



I-Listeriosis ithinta khulu abomma abasebantwini, namasana asandukubelethwa, abantu abalupheleko abanamasotjha womzimba abuthakathaka.



Amatshwayo

- umgomani
- ubuhlungu bemisipha
- ukubenduka namkha ukusilileka
- ukuthulula
- ukuphatha yihloko intamo eqinileko
- ukuhlanglangana
- ukuphelelwa mamandla nokutsirimezeka



Ukukhanda Ubulwelo

1. Hlamba izandla zakho ngaphambi nangemva kokuphatha ukugoma.
2. Pheka ukugoma okuphuma efrijini, namkha inyama ephuma ngefrijini, nyama yefuyo yekhaya, amaqada, ifesi nokugoma okulungele ukugonywa isikhathi esingaba ma-iri amabili.
3. Ungagomi ukugoma okungakaphekwa begodu utjheje ubungozi bokungatjhefeleka ngokugoma esele kunobulwelo okungafumaneka efesini ehlaza (ekufaka phakathi i-sushi), ama-clams nama-oyster.
4. Balekela ukusela ibisi "elihlaza" elingakahluzwa begodu netjhazi ethambileko njengefetha, itjhazi yembuzi ne-brie.
5. Nawungabazako, kulahle – ukufuthumeza ukudla okusulelekileko angeze kukwenze bona kube ngobuphephileko!

I-Listeriosis eSewula Afrika



Sekubikwe ukutheleleka nge-Listeriosis okungaphezulu kwama-750 begodu sekuhlongakele nabantu abama-67. Isifunda se-Gauteng sinezehlakalo ezinengi, silandelwe yiTjingalanga Kapa kuze iKwaZulu-Natala bese kuphethe ngePumalanga Kapa.



Isithunzi Esinikelwa Abongazimbi Abaphuluke Ekusahlelweni Ngokomseme

IZWELO NESEKELO elinikelwa abongazimbi bokuthoriswa emazikweni wetjhejo akhethekileko.

Noluthando Motswai

UmNyango wezama-Philo we-Gauteng uthethe igadango malungana nesidingo sokusiza abongazimbi bokuthoriswa ngokomseme nebomguruguru oqothele ubulili ngokuthi bahlome iSinakekelwe Thuthuzela Care Centre esiBhedlela se-Thelle Mogoerane esise-Volsloorus.

Iziko lifuna ukwehlisa izinga lokuhlalela evalweni kwabongazimbi bokuthoriswa ngokomseme nokwehlisa ikghonakalo yokuraga kokuhlukunyezwa kwabongazimbi esele baphuluke ekuthorishweni ngokubanikela isizo lokubelapha ngemithjoga, ngokomkhumbulo, nokuthi bafinyelele esizweni labaphe-nyini nabatjhtjhis abafaneleko, koke endaweni yinye.

UmKhulumeli womNyango wezama-Philo we-Gauteng, u-Lesemang Matuka uthethe abongazimbi esikhathini esidlulileko begade bakhamba amabanga amade bona ba-

finyelele isizweli. Ukuhlo-nywa ngobutjha kwezikweli kuzokusiza abantu be-Katlehong, Thokoza, Vosloorus nebeendawo eziseduze.

“Simnyango, sisebenza ngamandla bona senze amaphilo wabantu boke abengcono ngokuthi sibandule besithuthukise ilwazi labasebenzi bomkhakha wezama-Philo ngokubanikela amakghono akhethekileko ukwenzela bona bakwazi ukusebenzisana nabongazimbi bobulelesi.

Eminyakeni emithathu edluleko, abasebenzi bezama-Philo abali-106 baqede isi-Fundo se-Sexual Assault Care Practitioners.” Uthe umnyango ngwakhe uzoragela phambili usebenzisane neeNhlango ezizizako zomBuso (ama-NGO) nezinye iinhlango ezizizako ukunikela ngesekele lomkhumbulo ngokombono wokhandela izehlakalo ezinjalo kunokutjheja esele batlhorisiwe. Ama-Thuthuzela Care Centres asungulwa ngomnqopho wokobana enze ngcono ikambiso yokubika amacala wokugadhlhela na-



many amacala wezomseme.

Njenganje, abongazimbi sebathola isizo ngendlela ehloniphekileko nesebujameni obunetjhejo elihle. Amaziko la asetjenziswa bekalawulwa liBandla lezokuTjhtjhisaleliZwelo (i-NPA), ngokusebenzisana nomnyango wezama-Philo, wokuThuthukiswa komPhakathi newezobuLungiswa nokuThuthukiswa komThethosisekelo, kunye nemiSebenzi yeButho lamaPholisa weSewula Afrika (i-SAPS).

IZiko lokuthoma lavulwa esi-Bhedlela i-Chris Hani Baragwanath ngomnyaka we-2000.

UDorhEfadzwa Tipoy, omphathi omkhulu kezokwelapha nomdosiphambili weSinakekelwe Thuthuzela Care Centre, uyelelise amalunga womphakathi bona nakwenzekako bona babe bongazimbi bokuthoriswa ngokomseme, kuqakathekile bona babike izehlakalo emazikweni msinyana ngendlela ekungakghonakala ngayo.

Amaziko la anikela ngesizo lokwelapha ngomnqopho wokuvikela amagulo athathelana ngokomseme afaka phakathi i-Hepatitis B neNgogwana yeNtumbantonga (i-HIV).

Amapilisi aziinkhandeli zokuba sebantwini aphiwa abongazimbi bokuthoriswa ngokomseme namkha abakatiweko. Ungahlambi; iza nezembatho obegade uze mbethe nawuzokubika ezikweni, uziphuthele ngephepha elinzotho; ungaziphuthele ngetjhegasi” kutjho uDorh Tipoy. Ungezelele ngokuthi solo kwavulwa izikweli, sekunomehluko omkhulu esizweni ebanikelana ngalo begodu nesithunzi sabantu sesibuyisiwe begodu njenganje sebangahlamba khona nabaqeda ukuhlolwa. Omunye umraro umtholapilo ohlangabezana nawo ngewokobana abantu kanengi beza ngemva kwesikhathi – kuqakathekile bona ubufakazi bubuthelelwe, nemithjoga bayinikelwe kungakadluli ama-iri ama-72 ngemva kokusahlelwa. ■



A shot in the arm for the North West



■ From left Bapo Ba Mogale Representative Rangwane Radikobonyana Mogale, CEO of Lonmin Ben Magara and North West MEC of Health Honourable Magome Masike at the handover ceremony of ambulances.

Photo Credit: Jerri Mokgofe

More Matshediso

A partnership between the North West Department of Health, the private sector and communities is saving lives, says Health MEC Magome Masike. MEC Masike says the department has over the years

formed partnerships with various stakeholders to improve the delivery of health services.

“We officially opened a new chemotherapy unit within the Radiation Oncology Unit at Tshepong Hospital Complex in Klerksdorp in 2017. The construction of the unit came as a result of a donation by

the Muslim community,” MEC Masike says.

Previously, patients had to be transported to Gauteng to get treated for cancer.

“We are trying by all means to ensure that our people do not have to leave the province to get services,” he explains.

Another success story is a

maternity ward worth R6 million that was donated by Anglo Gold Ashanti. It was opened in May 2016 in the Botshabelo Community Health Centre in Stilfontein’s Khuma Township.

According to the MEC, about 446 healthy babies have been delivered in the centre since then.

One of the challenges that the department had was a shortage of ambulances but Lonmin came to the rescue with an R11 million donation of 17 ambulances, a patient transporter and two mobile school health units.

Four of the vehicles will be permanently stationed at the Bapong Community Health Centre, while the remainder will service the Bojanala Platinum District Municipality, which includes Kgetlengrivi-er, Madibeng, Moses Kotane, Moretele and Rustenburg.

Matlou Mokgotho of Mor-

uleng in the Moses Kotane Local Municipality says that although she personally has never had to call an ambulance, she has witnessed how fellow community members struggled to get emergency services because of the unavailability of ambulances.

Lonmin’s executive vice president of stakeholder engagement and regulatory affairs, Thandeka Ncube, says it has committed to assisting the department by providing it with the resources that it does not have or cannot afford. She explains that the end goal is to ensure that all residents have access to adequate primary healthcare within their vicinities.

Future Lonmin projects include a forensic mortuary, a community healthcare centre for the Marikana community, and a multipurpose community centre for Majakaneng residents. ■