

Vuk'uzenzele

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Mom with comorbidity beats COVID-19

Page 5

Men must stop abuse



President Cyril Ramaphosa has read the riot act to abusive South African men, who harm women and children, saying the brutal attacks must come to an end.

Gender-based violence (GBV) has increased in the country amid the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic, which is affecting large parts of the world. This, the President said, means the country is waging a war on two pandemics.

Addressing South Africans recently, President Ramaphosa expressed deep-felt regret at the recent wave of fatal attacks on women of all ages.

"As a man, as a husband and as a father, I am appalled at what is no less than a war being waged against the women and children of our country. At a time when the pandemic has left us all feeling vulnerable and uncertain, violence is being unleashed on women and children with a brutality that defies comprehension.

"These rapists and killers walk among us. They are in our communities."

The perpetrators, the President said, are fathers, brothers, sons and friends. "[These are] violent men with utterly no regard for the sanctity of human life."

21 women and children murdered

Over the past few weeks, 21 women and children have been murdered.

"Their killers thought they could silence them but we will not forget them, and we will speak for them where they cannot," the President said, calling the victims by name.

They include Tshegofatso Pule, Naledi Phangindawo, Nompumelelo Tshaka, Nomfazi Gabada, Nwabisa Mgwandela, Altecia Kortjie and Lindelwa Peni - all young women who were killed by men.

"We will speak for the 89-year-old grandmother, who was

• Cont page 2



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Bafsa ba Afrika Borwa ke mothopo wa tlhohleletšo le kholofelo

Mantšu a Frantz Fanon a gore 'molokoo mongwe le o mongwe o swanetše go utolla nepo ya ona' a tla ka monaganong wa ka nako ye nngwe le ye nngwe ge ke hwetša sebaka sa go boledišana le bafsa ba ma-Afrika Borwa.

Go sa kgathale gore ba dula kae ebile go sa kgathale gore ba dira eng, yo mongwe le yo mongwe o na le phišegelo ye kgolo ya go fetoša lefase.

Le ge e le gore ka nnete ba nyaka go kaonafatša maphelo a bona, gape ba nyaka go fihlelela setšhaba se sekaone le lefase le lekaone. Ba ipona bjalo ka bahlankedi ba phetogo ya motheo.

Ka historing ka moka bafsa ba bile ketapele go phetogo.

Mo mengwagasomeng ye mmalwa ye e fetilego, bafsa ba hlomile twantšho kgahlanong le tlhokego ya toka, go thoma ka dikgarurung tša baithuti tša 1968 ka Paris, go fihla go lesolo la twantšho ya dintwa ka United States ka mengwageng ya bo 1960, go fihla go twantšho ya bokoloniale ka dinageng tše ntši tša Afrika le tša Ešia, go fihla go ntwaga kgahlanong le kgethologanyo, go fihla go Megwanto kgahlanong le Mebušo ya maArapo.

Mo nakong ye e sa tšwago go feta, bafsa ba bile ketapele ya lesolo la #BlackLivesMatter leo le hweditšego thekgo ya lefase ka bophara ka morago ga polao ya George Floyd ka United States.

Mo dibekeng tše mmalwa tše di fetilego, balweladitokelo tša bathobaso lefaseng ka bophara ba be ba nyaka go tlošwa ga maswao ao a retago bošoro le dikgaruru tša bao ba bego ba gweba ka makgoba le bokoloniale.

Ka ditšhupetšong tšeo di bego



di dirwa ka Yunibesithing ya Oxford monakong ye e sa tšwago go feta modiraditšhupetšo o be a swere polakata yeo e bego e ngwadilwe mantšu a 'Rhodes must Fall', e lego seo se bego se thekga seo se bego se dirwa ke baithuti ka nageng ya rena mo mengwageng ye mehlano ye e fetilego.

Bafsa go ralala le lefase ba hweditše seo ba ka se lwelago mmogo. Ba thuba dihlwadieme le maswao a semorafe, ba nyaka gore go tlošwe bokoloniale ka gare ga mananeothuto, ebile ba ipiletša go dihlolongwa gore di fediše semorafe le go fediša go se akaretše ba bangwe setšhabeng.

Gomme ka fao, re ketekile segopotšo sa moloko wa 1976 ka la 16 Phupu 2020, re reta gape bafsa ba Afrika Borwa ya ka morago ga kgethologanyo, e lego ba phethagatši ba bohlokwa ba bohwa bjo bohlokwa bjo.

Nepo ya moloko wa 1976 e be e le go fediša seo se bego se bitšwa thuto ya bathobaso; ya bafsa ba lehono ke go iša pele protšeke ya poelanyo le phetošo ya bosetšhaba.

Mo nakong ye e tlogo go tla be go bolelwa ka ngwaga wo, gore ngwaga wa 2020 o bile

mathomo a lebakanako le leswa la histori ya batho.

Coronavirus ga se ya ba fela le seabe se segolo go maphelo le go iphedišeng ga batho, e fetošitše gape le toka ya setšhaba lefaseng ka bophara.

Ka fao leuba le le hlasetšego batho ka gona e bile segopotšo sa kamagano ya batho le ya go se lekalekane kudu ga batho fao go lego gona gareng ga dinaga le ka gare ga dinaga.

Leuba le le emetše sebaka sa go 'beakanya leswa' lefase leo le nago le bojato, go ikhola le go itirela e sego fela ga batho eupša ga ditšhaba ka moka.

Bafsa ba re botša gore maitshwaro a bohlokwa a seriti, a go naganela ba bangwe le a kwelobohloko a swanetše go ba metho ya setšhaba se seswa seo se tlogo tšwelela, le gore ba ikemišeditše go ba dinkgwete tša lefase le le leswa le lekaone.

Ka dipoledišanong tšeo ke bilego le tšona le bafsa ke boletše gore re se tsoge re nyaditše maatla a kgopolo ye itšego, ka gobane dikgopolo di kgona go fetoša lefase ebile di le fetošitše.

Dikgopolo di hlohleleditše kgatelopele ya batho gomme ke tšona di re kgontšhago go hloma tsela ye mpsha ka nakong ya ka morago ga coronavirus.

Bafsa ba ba fetošitše dikgopolo tša bona go ba kgato ye ba e tšeago. Ga se ba dumelela tlhokego ya methopo go ba šitiša. Ba ithometše sebaka ka Makaleng a mmalwa go thoma ka go la tirišo ya theknolotši ya maemo a godimo go fihla ka go tšwetše peleng go ya go ile ga tikologo.

Bjale go feta le peleng re tla lebelela moya wa boitlhamelo le wa tšwetšopele ka mafolofolo wa bafsa ba rena gore ba tle ka ditharollo tšeo di ba holago, di holago ditšhaba le setšhaba go mathata a tlhokego ya mešomo.

Re sa le gona fao, ke hlohla bafsa ba rena go hloma le go hlama mananeo ao a tlogo re kgontšha go fihlelela dinepo tša rena tša tšwetšopele.

Ka 1961, naga ya Cuba ye e lwelago ditokelo tša batho e rometše baithuti ba baithaopi ba bafsa dithabeng le metseng go ya go aga dikolo, go ruta go kgona go bala le go ngwala le go hlahla barutiši ba bafsa. Lesolo le le sa bonwa bjalo ka lesolo la go ruta batho go bala le go ngwala leo le ilego la atlega kudu ka historing ya lehono.

Bafsa ba rena ba swanetše go ba le masolo a go hlabolla setšhaba gomme ba swanetše go a eta pele.

Go swana le ge ba lwetše tekatekano ka go thuto ya godingwana, mafolofolo a magolo a bafsa ba rena a swanetše go šomišwa go lwantšha phihlelelo ye e lekalekanago ya tlhokomelo ya maphelo, go phetošo ya go ba beng ba naga le, se bohlokwa kudu, go lwela toka go tša bong.

Go swana le maAfrika Borwa ka moka, ke tshwentšwe kudu ke tlhatlogo ya dipolao tša makgarebe ka diatleng tša banna.

Tše ke ditiro tša bophoofolo tše di tšhošago tšeo go se nago le fao re di beilego gona ka setšhabeng sa rena.

Lesolo la baagi leo le etilwego pele ke bafsa, go tliša temošo le keletšo ya sethaka ke ditlabele tše bohlokwa ka masolong a rena a go fediša dikgaruru tša bong setšhabeng (GBV).

Go sa le bjale, re swanetše go maatlafatša tshepedišo ya rena ya toka, re netefatše gore badirabosenyi ba a golegwa, le gore maemo a peila le a parola ya bona a a maatlafatšwa le gore bao ba rometšwego kgolegong bophelo ka moka ba tšea bophelo bja bona ka moka ba le ka kgolegong.

Le ge e le gore se se hloka kgato ye e tšewago ke setšhaba ka bophara, ke ipiletša kudukudu go masogana go lwantšha GBV.

Ka ntle le ge re ka fediša ntwaga ye e lebišitšwego go basadi ba Afrika Borwa, toro ya go ba le setšhaba se seswa e tla dula e le boima go fihlelelwa.

Bao ba rena re bego re le karolo ya masolo a baithuti ka nakong ya kgethologanyo re fela re botšišwa gore re nagana eng ka ga bafsa ba lehono. Go na le kgoketšo ya go boela morago kgale 'nakong ya matšatšing a mafolofolo' a dipolotiki tša baithuti le go lwela tokologo ga bafsa, yeo e ka se tsogego e bušeditšwe.

Eupša go swana le bafsa ba mengwaga ye e fetilego ba be ba hlaloša nepo ya bona, bafsa ba lehono le bona ba hlalošitše nepo ya bona.

Bafsa ba Afrika Borwa ba ngwaga wa 2020 ba fihlelela kudu maemo a godimo ao a beilwego ke bafsa ba mengwaga ye e fetilego. Ba na le kholofelo, ga ba tekateke ebile ba na le kgotlelelo, gantši le ge go na le maemo a boima kudu.

Ke mothopo wa tlhohleletšo le kholofelo. Ka ditiro tša bona, ba aga lefase leo le nago le toka kudu, leo le lekalekanyago batho, leo le tšwelago pele go ya go ile la go ba le khutšo. **V**

Mma yo a nago le bolwetše bja COVID-19

INSAAF MOHAMMED o re go bohlokwa kudu go maAfrika Borwa, kudukudu bao ba nago le malwetši ao a iphihlilego, go rwala maikarabelo go maphelo a bona.

Silusapho Nyanda

Batho bao ba nago le malwetši ao a iphihlilego – a go swana le asema, bolwetši bja madi a magolo, bolwetši bja dipshio bja go se fole le bolwetši bja swikiri – ba ka itemogela go fetelela ga maswao a bolwetši bja *coronavirus* (COVID-19), gomme ba ka hlokofoala ka lebaka la kgatelelo yeo bolwetši bjo bo e tlišago mebeleng ya bona.

Ka mahlatse, ge setsebi sa malwetši a mešomong sa ka Cape Town le mma wa bana ba bararo Insaaf Mohammed (40) diteko di laetša gore o na le baerase ya COVID-19 ge a babja a na le asema, o ile a kgona go laola malwetši a ka bobedi gomme ga se a babja kudu.

Mohammed o fetetšwe ke COVID-19 go tšwa go monna wa gagwe, yo a šomago ka laporathoring ya Sepetleleng sa Groote Schuur. Morwa wa Mohammed yo a nago le mengwaga ye šupa le yena diteko di laeditše gore o na le baerase ye.

Ka morago ga gore diteko di laetše gore o na le baerase ye, boraro bja bona ka moka ba ile ba ipeela thoko ka gae gore ba se kopane le batho ba bangwe. “Re ile ra ipeela thoko ka phapošing ya rena ya go robalela, mola e le gore matswale yena – yo a nago le bolwetši bja swikiri le bolwetši bja madi a magolo ka mahlatse a se a fetelwa ke baerase ye – a ile a hlokomela bana ba rena ba babedi,” gwa bolela Mohammed.



Go ya ka Kgoro ya Maphelo ya Kapa Bodikela, batho bao ba nago le bolwetši bja madi a magolo, ba bolwetši bja swikiri le ba bolwetši bja dipshio bja go se fole ke bao ka tllwaelo ba tshenywago ke COVID-19.

Go thoma ka la 25 Mopitlo, batho bao ba nago le malwetši ao a latelago a go iphihla ba laeditše maswao a kotsi:

- Bolwetši bja madi a magolo, 58%
- Bolwetši bja swikiri, 56%
- Bolwetši bja dipshio bja go se fole, 17%
- HIV, 16%
- Asema goba bolwetši bja go hema bja go se fole, 15%
- Bolwetši bja pelo, 11%
- Mmele o mogolo, 13%
- TB, 13%

- Kankere, 2%
- Malwetši a mangwe a go se fole, 16%.

Mohammed o bolela gore letšhogo la gagwe le legolo e bile ge a hlakahlakana a palelwa ke go hema ka lebaka la COVID-19.

“Ke ile ka itemogela go lapa, go gohlola le go ngangega ga maswao, fao go ilego gwa rarollwa ke pompi ya ka ya asema. Maswao a ka ga se a mpefala go swana le a monna wa ka, yo a ilego a ba le dihlabi mmeleng, a sellega, a ba le maswao a go ngangega, go felelwa ke moya, disaenase tše di thibanego, sehuba se sekoto mafahleng a gagwe le go fiša ga mmele. Morwa wa ka o bile le go fiša ga mmele matšatši a mararo, eupša o ile a fola ka pela kudu ge a se na go fenya maswao a gagwe,” a realo.

Ba lapa la bo Mohammed ba ile ba obamela ditshepedišo ka moka tša pabalelo ya maphelo ka mošomong le ka gae, go efoga gore ba se ke ba fetelwa ke baerase. “Ba lapa la ka ba be ba kwešiša, ba kgathala ebile ba na le thekgo, gomme ba re tlišetša dijo tša mantšiboa bošegong bjo bongwe le bjo bongwe, eupša ka dinako tše dingwe setšhaba sa geno se ka no

se kgathale ka wena gomme tshenyo ye e bakwago ke kgašo ya setšhaba e a tšhoša,” gwa bolela Mohammed.

Kgoro ya Maphelo ya Kapa Bodikela e bolela gore go dula o nwele meetse le go hlokomela tlelukkose ya gago ya ka mading le thempheretšha ya mmeleng go bohlokwa go laola COVID-19, kudukudu go balwetši bao ba nago le malwetši a go iphihla.

Godimo ga fao, kgoro ye e eletša batho bao ba nago le malwetši a go iphihla:

- Go nwa dihlare ka maleba, go ya ka fao ba laetšwego ke mošomi wa tlhokomelo ya maphelo.
- Go hlapa diatla tša bona ka sesepa le meetse bonyane metsotswana ye 20, pele ga ge o ka kgoma dihlare.
- Go se emiši go nwa dihlare ka ntle le ge mošomi wa tlhokomelo ya maphelo a go botša gore o emiše go di nwa ebile o se fane ka dihlare tše o le motho yo mongwe.
- Go leka go itšhidulla metsotso ye 30 ka letšatši.

Kgoro e bolela gore batho bao ba nago le bolwetši bja swikiri ba na le sebaka se segolo sa go itemogela go hlakahlakana ga bolwetši ka lebaka la COVID-19, eupša kotsi ya go babja kudu e fasana ge e le gore bolwetši bja swikiri bja motho bo laolega gabotse.

“Ka kakaretšo, batho bao ba nago le bolwetši bja swikiri go na le kgonagalo ye kgolo ya go itemogela maswao ao a mpefetšego kudu le go hlakahlakana ga bolwetši ge ba ka fetelwa ke baerase ye. Ka ge batho bao ba nago le bolwetši bja swikiri ba le kotsing ye kgolo ya gore COVID-19 e ka mpefala, go tšwela pele go tlogela sekgoba gareng ga batho go a šišinywa ge go kgonagala.

Go ba le mmele o mogolo le gona go kotsi gore COVID-19 e ka mpefala. Go sesefala

mmeleng, ge go kgonagala, ka fao go a šišinywa.”

Go phela gabotse mmeleng

Ka morago ga go dula a nnoši mo matšatšing a 14, Mohammed o ile a boela mošomong. O bolela gore go fola go baerase ye go ile gwa fetoša ka fao a naganago ka gona le ka fao a bonago bophelo ka gona.

“O bona bohlokwa bja ba lapa la gago le dilo tše nnyane bophelong. Ke nyaka batho ka seemong sefe goba sefe sa mošomo go rwala maikarabelo go maphelo a bona le go ruta ba malapa a bona le bana ba bona, kudukudu ka gore mo lebakeng le bana ba boetše sekolong.

“Thuša ngwana wa gago go hwetša ditsela tša boithomelo tša go laetša lerato go bagwera ba gagwe, ka ntle le go batamela le go kgoma batho ba bangwe. Botša ba lapa la gago gore ba tloše ditwatši go bona pele ga ge ba tsena ka gae, tlogela dieta tša gago ka karatšheng ge o ka kgona, apola diaparao tša gago ka moka gomme o hlape mmele pele ga ge o dumediša ba lapa la gago gomme o hlocomele tša maphelo kudu gore o ba šireletše,” a realo.

Kgoro e eletša batho bao ba nago le malwetši a go iphihla go ja dijo tša phepo, ba itšhidulle kgafetšakgafetša, ba laole kgatelelo ya bona ya monagano, ba obamele leano la bona la kalafo ya maphelo le go latela magato ka moka a thibelo ya malwetši. **V**

*Ge e le gore o na le maswao afe goba afe a bolwetši, a go swana le go fiša ga mmele, go gohlola, goba go felelwa ke moya, ikgekaganye le mogala wa go se lefelwe wa COVID-19 mo go 0800 029 999 goba romela lentšu le ‘Hi’ go 0600 123 456

Insaaf Mohammed,
yo a nago le
asema, o kgonne
go fenya COVID-19



TSHEDIMOŠO YA COVID-19

Mmušo o itokišetša go hlatloga kudu ga diphetetšo tša COVID-19

DITOKIŠETŠO TŠA KGONAGALO go oketšega ga batho bao ba fetetšwego ke COVID-19 di gare fao e lego gore mmušo le lekala la phraebete ba aga dipetlele tšeo di direlwago bolwetši bjo, ba reka ditlabele tša boitšhireletšo bolwetšing le go netefatša gore Afrika Borwa e dira metšhene ya go thuša go hema.

Allison Cooper

Diphetetšo tša bolwetši bja coronavirus (COVID-19) ka Afrika Borwa go emetšwe gore di tlo hlatloga mo dibekeng tše di tla-go gomme mmušo o šoma kudu go netefatša gore lefapha la tša maphelo le itokišetše.

“Re rekile ditlabele tša boitšhireletšo bolwetšing (PPE) go ralala le lefase ebile re thekga dikhamphani tša ka mo nageng gore di di tšweletše mo,” gwa tlišetša Mopresidente Cyril Ramaphosa.

“Re kaonafaditše mananeokgoparara ka dipetlele, ra hloma dipetlele tša lebakanyana le go hweletša balwetši ba COVID-19 mepete ye mentši,” a tlaleletša ka go realo.

Mathomong a Phupu, mepete ya dipetlele tša mmušo ye e fetago ye 27 000 e ile ya beelwa thoko go tla go thuša balwetši ba COVID-19.

Ge di šetše di phethilwe, dipetlele tša go hlomelwa bolwetši bjo di tla ba le mepete ye 13 000.



Mafelo a go beela balwetši thoko le dipetlele tša go hlomelwa bolwetši bjo

Tona ya Mešomo ya Setšhaba le Mananeokgoparara Patricia de Lille o rile:

- Mafelo a 1 751 a kgethilwe bjalo ka mafelo ao a šišintšwego a go beela balwetši thoko, gomme ona a na le mepete ye e fetago ye 129 600 nageng ka bophara, ka dileteng ka moka tše 44 le ka mebasepaleng ya ditoropokgolo ye seswai.
- Mafelo a 358 a kgethilwe ka Kapa Bodikela, gomme ona a na le mepete ye e fetago ye 27 500.

- Mafelo a 395 a sekasekilwe ke Kgoro ya Mpahelo gomme ona a na le mepete ye 35 759.
- Dipetlele tše 32 ka Kapa Bohlabele, tše 19 ka KwaZulu-Natal le tše 10 ka Mpumalanga di kgethilwe g ore di mpshafatšwe le go lokišwa gore di tle di šomišwe bjalo ka dipetlele tše di tlogo thuša ka bolwetšing bjo.
- Cape Town International Convention Centre (CTICC), yeo e šomišetšwego nakwana bjalo ka sepetelele se segolo go di feta ka moka seo se hlometšwego bolwetši bjo ka mo nageng, e na le mepete ye 862. Se tho-

mile go amogela balwetši bja sona ba mathomo ba 10 ka la 8 Phupu 2020.

Ka Leboa Bodikela, dihlopha di godiša dipetlele ka go aga mafelo a tlaleletšo.

Maemo a boitokišetšo ka Gauteng

Tonakgolo ya Gauteng David Makhura o boletše gore profense e:

- na le mepete ya dipetlele ye 8 301 ye e hwetšagalago,
- e hlwekišitše dipetlele tše di lego gona gomme ya di fetoša go ba mafelo a COVID-19, gomme ya dira gore mepete ya tlwae-

lo ye 555 le mepete ye 308 ya go hlokomela balwetši bao ba bakwago le badimo, e dirile diwate tša sa ruri ka sepeteleleng sa Kopanong, sa Jubilee, sa Chris Hani Baragwanath le sa George Mukhari, gomme ya tlaleletša ka mepete ye 800, gomme ya netefaditša gore lefelo la ka Nasrec le na le mepete ye meswa ye 500. Ka Mopitlo, Tonakgolo Makhura o amogetše dikabo tša mašelang go tšwa go BMW le go Nissan go thuša go aga sepetelele seo se tla hlomelwago bolwetši bjo ka Rosslyn, Tshwane.

Dipetlele tša go hlomelwa bolwetši bjo tša Kapa Bohlabele

Ka Kapa Bohlabele, sepetelele sa go hlomelwa bolwetši bjo seo se nago le mepete ye 1 000 se hlomilwe ka Lepatlelong la Nelson Mandela Bay. Mapatlelo a mangwe le ona a šomišwa bjalo ka mafelo a go beela balwetši thoko le bjalo ka dipetlele tše di hlometšwego bolwetši bjo, go akaretšwa Lepatlelo la Cape Town le Lepatlelo la FNB.

Mmušo wa Jeremane le Volkswagen di fane ka R107 milione ya go aga sepetelele seo se tla hlomelwago bolwetši bjo ka Port Elizabeth. Ge sepetelele se se lokile go amogela balwetši, se tla kgona go ba le mepete ye 4 000.

Metšhene ya go thuša go hema

Afrika Borwa, ka thušo go tšwa go mebušo ye e fapafapanego, dikhamphani le ditheo, e kgonne go kgoboketša di-PPE tše ntši, dikabo tše dingwe tša kalafo le metšhene ya go thuša go hema.

Motšhene wa go thuša go hema ke motšhene wo o thušago maswafo go šoma. O šomišwa go balwetši bao ba nago le bothata bja go hema. Balwetši bao ba nago le bolwetši bja coronavirus (COVID-19) ba swara bothata go hema. Mmušo o tsebaga ditše semmušo Protšeke ya Bosetšhaba ya Metšhene ya go thuša go hema ka Moranang, ka nepo ya go dira metšhene ya go thuša go hema ka

mo nageng ka ge e hlokega lefaseng ka bophara.

Go holofelwa gore tšweletšo e tla thoma ka Phupu ebile mmušo o holofela gore metšhene ya go thuša go hema ye 20 000 e tla tšweletšwa mo dikgweding tše di tlogo.

Sekhwama sa Kwelobohloko se beetše thoko ditšhelete tša go reka metšhene ya go thuša go hema ye 200, yeo e tlogo abelwa dipetlele go eya ka go hlokagala ga yona fao dipetlele.

United States e abetše Afrika Borwa metšhene ya go thuša go hema ye 1 000, gomme ye 20 e amogetšwe ke Tona ya Maphelo Zweli Mkhize ka Phupu. E ile ya tsenywa ka Chris Hani Baragwanath Academic Hospital ka Soweto. Kabo ye e latelago e tla thuša ka mafelong a ka Kapa Bodikela.

Ditlabele tša boitšhireletšo bolwetšing go bašomi ba tlhokomelo ya maphelo

Ye nngwe ya dilo tše di tlogo pele Sekhwameng sa Kwelobohloko ke go abela bašomi ba kalafo ba go swana le dingaka le baoki di-PPE.

“Re kaonafaditše mananeokgoparara ka dipetlele, ra hloma dipetlele tša lebakanyana le go hweletša balwetši ba COVID-19 mepete ye mentši.”



Sekhwama se, seo se kgonnogo go hwetša tšhelete ye e ka bago

R2.61 pilione go fihla mo lebakeng le, se thušitše go reka di-PPE go tla go šomišwa ka lenaneong la maphelo a setšhaba ke

bašomi ba maphelo bao ba etelago ditšhabeng mo dikgweding tše pedi.

Le ge go le bjale, go sa na le tlhalelo ya di-PPE nageng ka bophara, go akaretšwa le ka Afrika Borwa.

Dikhamphani tše di abilego di-PPE di akaretša Business for South

Africa, Naspers, First National Bank, United Pharmaceutical Distributors, People's Republic of China, Mokgatlo wa Maphelo wa Lefase (WHO), Ford Motor Company le Sekhwama sa Kwelobohloko.

Re ipiletša go bašomi ba tlhokomelo ya maphelo ka moka

Bašomi ba bantši ba tlhokomelo ya maphelo ba tlo hlokega ge diphetetšo tša COVID-19 di oketšega gomme mmušo o ipileletše go bašomi ba tlhokomelo ya maphelo bao ba sa šomego le dingaka go ikgokaganya le diprofense tša bona.

“Re lebiša boipileletšo go bašomi ba maphelo ba diprofešenale ka moka, le bao ba rotšego modiro, go itšweletša gore ba tle ba hwetše mošomo – le ge e ka ba lebaka le lekopana,” gwa bolela Tona Mkhize.

Mmušo o rometše gape dingaka tše di tšwago Cuba tše 217 go ralala le naga.

