

Vuk'uzenzele

**JOBS
INSIDE**

Produced by Management Communication & Information System (GCIS)

English/Siswati

Kholwane 2021 Lushicilelo 2



**Meet
COVID-19
heroine
Monica Adams**
Page 5



**STAY
SAFE**
VACCINATE TO SAVE SOUTH AFRICA
TOGETHER WE CAN BEAT THE CORONAVIRUS



**Men and boys
join the GBVF
conversation**
Page 8

Vaccine drive gathers pace



Image: Department of Health

■ The COVID-19 vaccination programme has expanded to include police officers and other security personnel, among other groups.

As South Africa battles a third wave of the Coronavirus Disease (COVID-19), the country's mass vaccination programme is expanding to include more categories of people.

South Africans between the ages of 50 and 59 are expected

to start receiving vaccines from 15 July.

"The [vaccination] programme has picked up significant momentum, with key milestones being achieved as we move forward," said President Cyril Ramaphosa.

The first phase of the vaccination programme focused on

healthcare workers, while the second phase targeted the age group of 60 and above.

The national vaccination programme is now continuing along defined streams.

The first stream is the general population according to age groups. On 1 July, registration for vaccination on the Elec-

tronic Vaccination Data System (EVDS) opened to 50 to 59 year olds.

The second stream commenced with those working in the basic education sector, which included teachers. They started receiving vaccines in June.

The third stream is focusing on police and other security personnel. Those who fall under this sector started receiving the vaccine at the beginning of July.

The fourth stream is through workplace programmes in key economic sectors, such as mining, manufacturing and the taxi industry.

Arrival of vaccines

The vaccination programme is expected to pick up pace with the arrival of more vaccines in the country.

Acting Health Minister Mmamoloko Kubayi-Ngubane said about 2.1 million doses of the Pfizer vaccine are expected to

arrive in July.

Pfizer delivered nearly 4.5 million doses in quarter two and has committed to just over 15.5 million doses in quarter three.

"Johnson and Johnson has so far delivered 500 000 early access doses used for Sisonke, 300 000 market doses two weeks ago and 1.2 million doses, [which] landed recently. These doses all need to be used by 11 August."

The country is also awaiting confirmation of a further of 500 000 doses, which expire on a later date than the other doses.

Red alert

While Gauteng remains the epicentre of the COVID-19 pandemic Minister Kubayi-Ngubane has warned that many provinces in the country are almost at red alert as infections continue to increase.

Cont. page 2



To read Vuk'uzenzele download the GOVAPP on:



Search for SA Government on Google playstore or appstore

CONTACT US



Vuk'uzenzele



@VukuzenzeleNews

Website: www.gcis.gov.za

Email: vukuzenzele@gcis.gov.za

www.vukuzenzele.gov.za

Tel: (+27) 12 473 0353

Tshedimosetso House:

1035 cnr Frances Baard and Festival streets, Hatfield, Pretoria, 0083

FREE COPY NOT FOR SALE



"Manje sesikhatsi sefu sonkhe sekutsi sisebentisane, sihloniphe Nelson Mandela, sakhe iNingizimu Afrika lensha, lencono yawonkhewonkhe."

MENGAMELI CYRIL RAMAPHOSA

#SendMe

SIKWAKHELA LIKUSASA LELINCONO
KUFUNDA KULO KOLOKOKO LOKWENTIWA NGUMADIBA



Ema-SOE kufuneka achubekisele embili kukhula kwemnotfo futsi aletse tingucuko

Sekuminyaka lemine- ngi nyalo, emabhi- zisini ahulumende (ema-SOE) waseNingizimu Afrika ummango uwahlo- banise kakhulu nekubanjwa kwahulumende ngabhongwane, kungaphatfwa kahle kwetimali nekungasebenti kahle.

Kwengeta kulokuhlala kunesidzingo sekutfo la lusito lwetimali kuHulumende, lamanye alamabizisini ahulumende lamakhulu kakhulu kulelive futsi lamcoka kakhulu bewabukene nebumatima bekulangabetana nemagunya awo.

Lama-SOE lawa kufuneka ahambe embili ekuletseni tigucuko tetemnotfo netenhlalo. Anemsebenti wekuphakela sakhiwonchanti netinsita umnotfo loncike kuto, noma kungaba kukhucita gezi, tigitjelwa temmango, kuphakelwa kwemanti, kutfutswa kwemphahla noma tekuchumana ngetincingo.

Indlela yetfu yekutsi abe ahulumende isuselwa kulesidzingo sekutsi kusebente kahle luchungechunge lwetimboni letimcoka, letifana netemandla kanye netematibuko, futsi nangesidzingo sekucinisekisa kutsi tidzingo letisisekelo tabo bonkhe bantfu baseNingizimu Afrika, kakhulu labo labaphuyile, tingaphumeleliswa.

Siyetsemba kakhulu kutsi lokutsi abe mabizisini ahulumende kumcoka kumikhakha lebuyi yetemnotfo nesekutseni lelive lidzinga ema-SOE lanemandla latawukhona kuchubekisela embili kukhula kwemnotfo nekuletsa tingucuko.

Loku kwenteka kakhulu uma kuphakelwa tinsita



temmango letifana nagezi nemanti, lapho khona ema-SOE anemandla ekuchubekisa ligunya lekutfufukisa kute kuzuze ummango kunekutsi kwentiwe inzuzo yetetimali.

Kungenca yaloko sikhetsa kutsi kube yintfo lecaliswa embili ngulohulumende kutsi agucule letinkapani kute kuliwe nenkohlakalo, kutfutukiswe kuphatfwa kwato futsi tentiwe kutsi tidlale indzima lekufuneka tiyidlale ekuchubekiseni kukhulisa umnotfo nekuvula ematfuba emsebenti.

Kute kube kunyalo, sicale kwenta tingucuko tekukhulisa lama-SOE kute akhone kukhucita imiphumela ledzingekalako nalelindzelekile kulelive.

Lenye yaletingucuko letimcoka kakhulu ikulomkhakha wetemandla. Sicalile ngeluhlelo lwekuhlela kabusha i-Eskom kutsi ibe ngema-SOE lahlukene lamatsafu, latawubukana nekukhucita, kuhanjiswa nekusabalaliswa kwagezi ngekwehlukahlukana kwawo. Loku kubangwa kutsi loluhlelo lwasekucaleni lwe-Eskom belungakafaneleki kahle kute lukhona kugucula lokwakheka kwalelive

kutemandla. Loluhlelo belungasebenti ngalokufanele, belubita kakhulu futsi belungakavuleleki kute lubonwe nguwo wonkhe umntfu.

Kusungulwa kwesikhungo sekuhanjiswa kwagezi kutawusho kutsi i-Eskom itawukhona kutsenga gezi kubaphakeli tinsita labahlukahlukene, kubo bobabili baphakeli bangasese nebahulumende. Loku kutawenta kutsi tintfo tenteke ngalokuvulekile, kutawukhulisa kuchudzelana futsi kutawugcutela kutsi kutsengwe gezi longabiti kakhulu.

Ngekusebentisa Luhlelo Lwebakhiciti Bagezi Lovuselelelako, kube nelutjalo-mali lolubalulekile kwangasese ekukhucitweni kwagezi. Ngalesiphakamiso sekutsi kukhulise lesidzingo sekungadzingeki kwelayisensi kute ukhona kukhucita gezi, - lapho khona tinkapani titikhucitela gezi wato futsi titsengisele labanye - kusuka ku-1MW kuya ku-100MW, silindzele kutsi lukhule lutjalo-mali kumabizisini angasese.

Loku kumcoka kulesikhatsi lapho live libukene ne-

kuswelakala kanye nekungasimami lokukhulu kwagezi futsi lapho khona i-Eskom kanye nahulumende bangakhoni kutjala timali kulamandla lamasha ekukhucita.

Lokubalulekile, letingucuko leti titawunika i-Eskom litfuba lekubukana netinsayeya tayo tetetimali netekusebenti.

Lenye ingucuko lemcoka ngilokusungulwa kweLuphiko Lwavelonkhe Lwematibuko lelitawuba inkapani letimele leligatja le-Transnet.

Lena yincenye lemcoka yendlelalisu lebanti ye-Transnet yekuvuselela sakhiwonchanti setekutfutswa kwemphahla. I-Transnet ihlele kwenta tjalo-mali lolungemabhiliyoni la-R100 kuleminyaka letako lesihlanu kute itfutukise sakhiwonchanti sayo kulo lonkhe luhlelo lwematibuko. Loku kutawenta ematibuko etfu asebente kahle futsi imphahla yetfu letfunyelwa emaveni angaphandle itawukhulisa kuchudzelana, bese kuzuza tonkhe tindhlelo temnotfo.

Kumtsengilotayelekile, loku kutawusho kutsi kutawuncipha emanani esikhatsini lesidze lesitako etintfweni letinengi. Kulabo labatsengisela emave angaphandle, kutawusho kutsi kutawuba nekuchudzelana lokukhulu etimakethe temhlaba.

Njengoba kutfumela kwetfu tintfo emaveni angesheya kukhula, umnotfo wetfu utawukhula bese wakha lamanye ematfuba emsebenti. Uma ematibuko lamane- ngi asebente kahle kutawenta kutsi tonkhe tindhlelo tetemnotfo tisebente kahle - futsi uma linani lematibuko

likhula, kutawuba nematfuba emisebenti kulawo matibuko ngekwawo.

Kusungulwa kweLuphiko Lwavelonkhe Lwematibuko lolutawuba ligatja le-Transnet lelinebhodi yalo, kulokunye, kutawuchaza kutsi imali letfolakele kulamatibuko ingasetjentiselwa kubuyisela imishini lemidzala nekutfutukisa kanye nekukhulisa ematibuko etfu, lekumsebenti lobambeleleke iminyaka lengetulu kwalelishumi.

Kulokunye, letingucuko leti titawugcutela emabizisini angasese kutsi atjale timali kakhulu kusakhiwonchanti setemnotfo walelive. Labanye bantfu bavakalise kukhatseka kwabo kutsi loku kutawucedza noma kutawunciphisa kubaluleka kwema-SOE. Ecinisweni, loku kutawukhulisa ema-SOE.

Letingucuko leti titawuncinisekisa kutsi nanoma indlelalisu yesakhiwonchanti itawuhlala isetandleni tahulumende, ema-SOE etfu atawusebente kahle kakhulu futsi netimboni latisekelako titawuba nekuchudzelana lokukhulu. Ngalokulinganako, letingucuko timcoka ekucinisekiseni kutsi ema-SOE asebentisa ligunya lawo lelibanti lekutfutukisa kute kusekelwe bonkhe bantfu nato tonkhe tindhlelo temnotfo.

Inchubomgomo yetfu isamile ekutsini ema-SOE kufuneka adlale inzima lemcoka ekukhuliseni umnotfo wetfu. Umsebenti wetfu kutsi siwabeke ezingeni lelikahle lekusebente, kute ekugcineni asebentele banikati bemasheya - lekubantfu baseNingizimu Afrika. **V**

Vikela Kuntjontjwa Kwematisi

KUVIMBELA KUTSI imininingwane yakho intjontjwe, kumcoka kutsi ubike masinyane uma idokhumenti yakho yamatisi noma yepasipoti yebiwe.

Kgaogelo Letsebe

Shenki Mabitsela (28) wati konkhe lokumayelana nekuntjontjwa kwematisi kanye nangemacala lamayelana naloko, njengoba ake waba muntfu lowahlukumeteka ngaloko.

Mabitsela, waseModimolle eLimpopo, wafaka sicelo sekuboleka imali ebhange ngeLweti lwemnyaka we-2020, kodvwa watjelwa kutsi sicelo sakhe angeke siphumelele ngoba unetikweleti letinengi.

"Ngaya kuyofaka sicelo sesikhatsi lesifishane sekubolekwa imali ngoba bengifuna kutiphilisa emva kwekutsi ngidzililiwe emsebenzini ngeNhlaba yemnyaka we-2020. Kwangimangalisa

uma ngitjelwa kutsi angikavumeleki.

"Ekucaleni bengicabanga kutsi kungenca yekungabi nemholo losimeme, kodvwa bekungasiko loko. Bengati kutsi nginasinye kuphela sikweleti setimpahla futsi bengingenaso lesinye sikweleti, ngenca yaloko ngabese ngicela kutsi bangikhiphele imininingwane yami yetikweleti."

Mabitsela watfola kutsi unetinkhontileka letimbili tabomakhalekhikhini, kunemali lebolekwe ebhange le-R65 000 netikweleti letinengi tasetitolo letivulwe ngeligama lakhe. Lesikweleti besicishe sifike ku-R100 000.

"Ngembi kwekutsi kube nekuvalwa kwelive kwesigaba se-5, ngalahlekelwa ngumatisi wami, bengicaba-



nga kutsi mhlawumbe use-ndzaweni letsite endlini futsi bengingakhatsateki kakhulu ngoba benginelikhadi lami lelisha lamatisi," usho njalo.

Emva kwekubona kutsi kukhona lowenta tikweleti ngeligama lami, Mabitsela wavula licala lekuntjontjelwa matisi kuTemisebenti Yetemaphoyisa AseNingizimu Afrika (i-SAPS).

Kwadzingeka kutsi abhale incwadzi lefungelwe achaze kutsi ulahlekelwe ngumatisi wakhe bese uyimikisa kulabo lababolekisa ngemali kuhambisane nenombolo yelicala lakhe lalivulile kute avikele kutsi ligama lakhe lifakwe kulabo labatehluleki tekukhokha tikweleti tabo.

Loku lokwenteka kuMabitsela akukehluki. Ngekuya kweTemisebenti Yekuvikela Kukhwabanisa TaseNingizimu Afrika (i-SAFPS) umbiko wekukhwabanisa wemnyaka we-2020, lomnyaka lowengcile kukhwabanisa kukhule ngema-161% eMphumalanga Kapa kwakhula ngema-120% eGauteng.

Manie van Schalkwyk, Umcondzisi Lomkhulu we-SAFPS utsi: "Intfo lekhasata kakhulu kutsi kukhwabanisa lokumayelana nekutenta muntfu longasuye yena – lekwatiwa futsi ngekutsi kuntjontjwa kwemininingwane kukhule ngelizinga lelisabekako lelima-337%."

Van Schalkwyk utsi bantfu kufuneka babike masinyane uma matisi noma ipasipoti yabo ilahlekile.

"Kubika ngekulahlekelwa noma ngekuntjontjelwa ku-SAFPS naku-SAPS kwenta kutsi sikhone kufaka imininingwane ngekwe-elektroniki nekwatisa emalunga etfu. Emva kwaloko atawubese ayachaphela kakhulu uma acinisekisa imininingwane yemuntfu." **U**

Uma matisi wakho noma ipasipoti yakho ilahlekile, shayela i-SAFPS kule-nombolo letsi: **011 867 2234** noma utfumele incwadzigezi ku: protection@safps.org.za. Kufuneka futsi ushaye i-SAPS kulenombolo letsi: **08600 10111** noma uvakashele sitheshi semaphoyisa lesisedvute nawe.

Bees make life sweeter at Moja Gabedi

Allison Cooper

A University of Pretoria (UP) community engagement project is training students and community members to become beekeepers in Hatfield, Gauteng.

Six people are being trained to care for beehives that were discovered at Moja Gabedi, a UP community engagement project which was an unofficial rubbish dump for about 100 years.

Moja Gabedi was an unsightly, empty lot in Festival Street, not far from the university's Hatfield Campus.

The university's Commu-

nity Engagement Unit transformed the dumpsite into a shelter for the homeless, with lush gardens, vegetables, trees and flowing canals.

"When we started clearing the site, we discovered bees deep underground in a corner of the plot. When the site was developed further, professional beekeepers were called in to relocate the bees into a hive," says Gernia van Niekerk, Moja Gabedi's Community Engagement Manager.

While there was initially only one hive, three more have been added since June 2020.

This presented an opportunity to train UP students and

community members to care for the hives, and Mike Lang from Urban Bees offered to conduct a beekeeping course.

Thanks to sponsors of protective gear and tools for beekeeping, the course was offered for free to two UP students, three community members and two urban farmers.

They all attended an introductory class and were taught about bees, how a bee colony works, how to work with beekeeping equipment and safety practices.

UP student Daddy Kgonothi says at first, he wasn't really interested in bees.

"When I learnt more, I understood that one should



make the garden user-friendly for bees. If you know how to approach bees correctly, you'll come to see that they are fascinating insects, he says.

Community member Reckson Tshehla, who also attended the course, is keen to expand his knowledge about bees.

"It was the first time I saw a queen bee. I never thought I would get the opportunity to learn about bees.

"Moja Gabedi changed me. I experienced many things for the first time. Everything is so well organised," he says.

Follow up training and practical classes will be conducted on colony management, managing diseases, honey production and processing, handling beeswax and pollen trapping. Those who complete the training will work with the site's bees and get practical experience with Urban Bees. **U**