

Vuk'uzenzele



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UVelabahlizwe 2021 umGadangiso 2



Meet COVID-19 heroine Monica Adams
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STAY SAFE
VACCINATE TO SAVE SOUTH AFRICA
TOGETHER WE CAN BEAT THE CORONAVIRUS



Men and boys join the GBVF conversation
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Vaccine drive gathers pace



Image: Department of Health

The COVID-19 vaccination programme has expanded to include police officers and other security personnel, among other groups.

As South Africa battles a third wave of the Coronavirus Disease (COVID-19), the country's mass vaccination programme is expanding to include more categories of people.

South Africans between the ages of 50 and 59 are expected

to start receiving vaccines from 15 July.

"The [vaccination] programme has picked up significant momentum, with key milestones being achieved as we move forward," said President Cyril Ramaphosa.

The first phase of the vaccination programme focused on

healthcare workers, while the second phase targeted the age group of 60 and above.

The national vaccination programme is now continuing along defined streams.

The first stream is the general population according to age groups. On 1 July, registration for vaccination on the Elec-

tronic Vaccination Data System (EVDS) opened to 50 to 59 year olds.

The second stream commenced with those working in the basic education sector, which included teachers. They started receiving vaccines in June.

The third stream is focusing on police and other security personnel. Those who fall under this sector started receiving the vaccine at the beginning of July.

The fourth stream is through workplace programmes in key economic sectors, such as mining, manufacturing and the taxi industry.

Arrival of vaccines

The vaccination programme is expected to pick up pace with the arrival of more vaccines in the country.

Acting Health Minister Mmamoloko Kubayi-Ngubane said about 2.1 million doses of the Pfizer vaccine are expected to

arrive in July.

Pfizer delivered nearly 4.5 million doses in quarter two and has committed to just over 15.5 million doses in quarter three.

"Johnson and Johnson has so far delivered 500 000 early access doses used for Sisonke, 300 000 market doses two weeks ago and 1.2 million doses, [which] landed recently. These doses all need to be used by 11 August."

The country is also awaiting confirmation of a further of 500 000 doses, which expire on a later date than the other doses.

Red alert

While Gauteng remains the epicentre of the COVID-19 pandemic Minister Kubayi-Ngubane has warned that many provinces in the country are almost at red alert as infections continue to increase.

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AmaBhizinisi womBuso (ama-SOE) Kumele Asebenzele Ukukhulisa Umnotho Netjhuguluko

Sekuminyaka kwanjansi, ukuphathwa kumbi kwamaBhizinisi womBuso (ama-SOE) weSewula Afrika ayindabamlonyeni emphakathini nekomitjhaneni yokugolwa kwelawulo lombuso okufaka hlangana nobukhohlakali kezeemali.

Ngaphezulu kwalokho, ukunganikelwa isekelomali elijayelekileko elivela kurhulumente, amanye ama-SOE amakhulu naqakatheke khulu bekatekateka bekahluleka ukwenza imisebenzayo.

Ama-SOE la kufanele adose phambili ekutjhugululeni umnotho begodu nomphakathi. Banesibopho sokunikela ngomthangalasisekelo nezenzelwa eku ngikho lapha umnotho uthembele khona, nanomngabe kukhiqizwa kwegezi, iinthuthi zabakhweli, ukusatjalaliswa kwamanzi, ukuthuthwa kwepahla nofana zokuthintana ngokomrhala.

Umnqopho wethu woku phathwa mbuso kuvezwa sidingo sokusebenza kuhle kwamabubulo wethintanoliquha aqakathekileko, okufana namandla weembaseli anjengegezi namadoyelo wemikhunji, nangesidingo sokuqinisekisa bona iindingo ezisisekelo zabantu beSewula Afrika, khulukhulu abatlhogako, zingafezwa.

Sikholelwa ngokuqinileko bona ukulawula komphakathi kuyatlhogeka kiyo imikhakha ebuthakathaka yomnotho begodu nokuthi inarha itlhoga ama-SOE asimeleleko akghona ukusebenzela ukukhulisa umnotho netjhuguluko.

Lokhu kunjalo ikakhulukazi ekusatjalalisweni kweze-



nzalwa zomphakathi ezifana negezi namanzi, lapha ama-SOE akghona ukulandela igunya lokuthuthuka ekarekweni yomphakathi ngokungafani naleyo eqothele ukwenza imali kwaphela.

Kungenca yalokho kuliqalontanzi ukobana urhulumente atjhugulule uku-sebenza kwamakhampeni ngehloso yokuqeda ubukhohlakali, ukuthuthukisa ukubusa kwawo begodu anikelwe amandla wokulima indima ekufanele ayilime ekurageni umsebenzi woku khulisa umnotho begodu nekuvulweni kwamathuba wemisebenzi.

Kuze kube nje, siqale amatjhuguluko ambalwa wokunzinzisa ama-SOE la ukuze akghone ukukhiqiza imiphumela edingwa begodu elindelwe lilizwe lekhethu.

Yinye yamatjhuguluko aqakathekileko atholakala emkhakheni wezemandla. Sesithomile ngekambiso yokuhlela kabutjha i-Eskom bona ibe yi-SOE ngokwamaphiko amathathu ahlu-

kahlukeneko, aqalene nesizukulwana, ukudluliswa nokwabelana, ngokulandela. Lokhu kungebanga lokobana isakhiwo se-Eskom besingakalungeli ukutjhuguluka kwendawo yamandla. Beyingasebenzi kuhle begodu ibiza khulu begodu beyingasisepepeneneni ngokwaneleko.

Ukusungulwa kwebhizinisi yokusabalalisa igezi kuzokutjho bona i-Eskom izokukghona ukuthenga igezi kubathengisi abahlu kahlukeneko, bamabubulo wangeqadi nofana bombuso. Lokhu kuzokuthuthukisa ukuba sepepeneneni, kwan disise ukuphalisana begodu kuzokwandisa izinga lokuthengwa kwegezi ngamanani apha khulu.

Ngokusebenzisa iHlelo labaKhiqizi abaziJameleko beGezi eVuselelwako (i-Renewable Energy Independent Power Producers), kube nesismali langeqadi eliphawulekako ekukhiqizweni kwegezi. Ngesiphakamiso sokwandisa ukukhutjhw

kwamalaysensi wokukhiqiza igezi – lapha amakhampani azikhiqizela igezi begodu neyabanye abasebenzi bezamarhwebo – ukusuka ku-1MW ukuya ku-100MW, singalindela ukwanda kwe-sismali yangeqadi.

Lokhu kuqakathekile ngesikhathi lapha inarha itlhagiswa kuragela phambili kokuthayela kwegezi begodu lapha i-Eskom nofana umbuso ungeze wakghona ukutjala imali ezakuzuzisa isizukulwana esizako.

Okuqakathekileko, kukobana amatjhuguluko la azokunikela i-Eskom ithuba lokuqalana neentjhihilo zee-mali nezokusebenza.

Enye yamatjhuguluko aqakathekileko kusungulwa kwe-National Ports Authority njengephiko elizijameleko le-Transnet.

Le yingcenywe yehleloqhinga le-Transnet lokuvuselela umthangalasisekelo wezepahla. I-Transnet ihlela ukutjala imali engangekhulu lamabhiliyoni wamaranda eminyakeni engaphezu kemihlanu ezako ngehloso yokuthuthukisa umthangalasisekelo ngaphezu kwehlelo lekhumulo lemikhunji. Lokhu kuzokwenza bona amakhumulo wemikhunji welizwe lekhethu asebenze kuhle khulu begodu nepahla yethu ethunyelwa ngaphandle ibe nokuphalisana begodu ngalokho kuzuze amahlangothi woke ngomnotho.

Kumthengi ojayelekileko, kuzokutjho ukuthi amanani wepahla yethu ngobunengi azokwehliswa esikhathini eside. Kubathengisi bepahla ethunyelwa emazweni wangaphandle, kuzokutjho bona kuzokuba nokuphalisana

okukhulu kumamakethe wephasi loke zombebele.

Njengombana ipahla ethunyelwa emazweni wanga-phandle isanda nje, umnotho welizwe lekhethu uzokuhluma begodu ukghonakalise ukuvulwa kwemisebenzi eminengi. Amakhumulo wemikhunji amanengi asebenza kuhle azokwenza bona umnotho woke usebenze ngcono – begodu njengoba ubukhulu bamakhumulo wemikhunji busanda nje - kuzokuvuleka amathuba wemisebenzi kilekoro yekhumulo lemikhunji.

Ukusungulwa kwe-National Ports Authority njengephiko le-Transnet ngebhodi yayo, hlangana nezinye izinto, kutjho ukuthi ingenisomali eyenziwa makhumulo wemikhunji izakusetjenziswa esikhathini sepahla yokusebenza edala nokuthuthukisa begodu nokwandisa amakhumulo wemikhunji welizwe lekhethu, okungiwo umsebenzi ebewudosela emuva ukuhluma komnotho eminyakeni edlula kelitjhumu.

Hlangana nezinye izinto, amatjhuguluko la azokukhuthaza isismali yangeqadi ekulu kumthangalasisekelo wezomnotho welizwe lekhethu. Abanye abantu baveza amazizo wabo bona lokhu kuzokwehlisa ukuqakatheka nofana kunciphise ukuqakatheka kwama-SOE. Eqinisweni, lokhu kuzowadzimelelisa ama-SOE.

Amatjhuguluko la azokuqinisekisa bona ngesikhathi amahleloqhinga womthangalasisekelo ahlala aqinile ezandleni zombuso, ama-SOE wethu azokusebenza kuhle khulu begodu amabubulo asekelwako azokuba nekghono lokuphalisana. Ngokulingana, amatjhuguluko la aqakathekile ukuqinisekisa bona ama-SOE athoma ngomsebenzi wabo wetuthuko ukusekela boke abahlali begodu nomnotho.

Ihloso yethu ihlala iveza bona ama-SOE kufanele alime indima eqakathekileko yokuthuthukisa neyokusekela ukukhula komnotho welizwe lekhethu. Umsebenzethu kukobana siwabeke esigabeni esihle, ukuze akhgone ukuzuza abasisimali abaqakathekileko abathenge amatjhere kiwo – ekubabantu beSewula Afrika. **U**

Zivikele Ekwetjelweni Imininingwana Yakho

UKUZE UBALEKELE ukuba ngungazimbi wokwetjelwa imininingwana, kuqakathekile bona ubike msinyazana ukulahleka nofana ukwetjiwa kukaMazisi nofana iPhasodi ngokurhabileko.

Kgaogelo Letsebe

U-Shenki Mabitsela (28) wazi koke okuphathelene nokwetjiwa kwemininingwana yomuntu begodu nobugebengu obuphathelene nalokho, njengombana khewaba ngungazimbi wokwetjelwa imininingwana esikhathini esadlulako.

U-Mabitsela, ovela e-Modimolle enge-Limpopo, wafaka isibawo sokuboleka imali ebhanga ngoSinyikhaba 2020, kodwana watjelwabona unee-nkolodo ezinengi khulu begodu isibawo sakhe akhenge siphumelele.

"Ngakhamba ngayokufaka isibawo sokuboleka imali kwesikhathini esifitjhani njengobana bengilinga ukuziphilisa ngemva kokujanyiswa emsebenzini ngenyanga kaMgwengweni 2020. Okwangimangazako kukobana ngatjelwa bona angikalungeli ukuthola imali yokubolekiswa"

"Ekuthomeni bengicabanga bona bekungebanga lomrholo wami ongakaninzi, kodwana bekungasikho lokho. Bengazi bona bengine-akhawunti yinye yezembatho begodu benginganaso esinye isikolodo, yekeke ngabawa iphepha lephrofayili yami," kutjho

u-Mabitsela.

U-Mabitsela wabona bona amakontraka amabili wabomaliledinini, imbolekomali yebhanga engange-R65 000 begodu nama-akhawunti ambalwa weentolo besele avulwe ngebizo lakhe. Isikolodweni bekungesemali engafika ku-R100 000.

Ngaphambi kokumenyenzelwa kwesiGaba sesiHlanu sokuQinteliswa kwamaKhambo nemiSebenzi eThileko elizweni lekhethu, ngalahlekelwa nguMazisi. Bengicabanga bona ukhona ngen-dlini begodu bengingakatshwenyeki kangako ngombana benginalo iKaradamazisi," kutjho u-Mabitsela.

Ngemva kokulemuka bona kunomuntu obekenza iinkolodo ngebizo lakhe, u-Mabitsela wavula icala lokwetjelwa imininingwana emaPholiseni weliZwe leSewula Afrika (kwa-SAPS).

Kwafuneka bona atlole i-afidavithi etjhoko bona ulahlekelwe nguMazisi bese ayithathe ayise kubolekisi


bemali ikhambisana nenomboro yakhe yokuvulwa kwecala ukubalekela ukuthi ibizo lakhe lifakwe erhwe-lweni labantu abangakavunyelwa ukukolodisa (*Black-list*).

Isehlakalo sika-Mabitsela akusiyinto etja, kuyinto evamileko. Ngokuya kombiko ngezokukhwebanisa ovela kwa-South African Fraud Prevention Service (SAFPS) wango-2020, ngomnyaka odlulileko izehlakalo zokukhwebanisa zikhuphuke nge-161% ePumalanga Kapa kwathi e-Gauteng zaba li-120%.

U-Manie van Schalkwyk, omNqophisi oLawulako kwa-SAFPS, uthi: "Into etshwenya khulu kubo-bana ubulelesi bokuzenza umuntu ongasuye okwaziwa ngokuthi kukwetjiwa kwemininingwana bande ngendlela ethusako kwafika ema-337%.

U-Van Schalkwyk uthi kufanele abantu babike msinyana ukulahleka nofana

ukwetjiwa kwaboMazisi nofana amaPhasodi.

Ubeke wathi: "Ukubika ukulahlekelwa nofana ukwetjelwa uMazisi kwa-SAFPS begodu nakwa-SAPS kuqinisekisa bona sikhona ukufaka imininingwanakho kubulungolwazi begodu sazise namalunga wethu ngeshlakalo sakho. Bangakghona ukuthatha amanye amagadango wokuthlogomela lokha nabaqinisekisa imininingwana yomuntu." 

Nangabe uMazisi wakho ulahlekele nofana wetjiwe, dosela bakwa-SAFPS umtato ku-**011 867 2234** nofana ubathumele i-imeyili ku-protection@safps.org.za. Kufanele udosele bakwa-SAPS umtato ku-**08600 10111** nofana uvakatjhele isitetjhi samapholisa esiseduze.

Bees make life sweeter at Moja Gabedi

Allison Cooper

A University of Pretoria (UP) community engagement project is training students and community members to become beekeepers in Hatfield, Gauteng.

Six people are being trained to care for beehives that were discovered at Moja Gabedi, a UP community engagement project which was an unofficial rubbish dump for about 100 years.

Moja Gabedi was an unsightly, empty lot in Festival Street, not far from the university's Hatfield Campus.

The university's Commu-

nity Engagement Unit transformed the dumpsite into a shelter for the homeless, with lush gardens, vegetables, trees and flowing canals.

"When we started clearing the site, we discovered bees deep underground in a corner of the plot. When the site was developed further, professional beekeepers were called in to relocate the bees into a hive," says Gernia van Niekerk, Moja Gabedi's Community Engagement Manager.

While there was initially only one hive, three more have been added since June 2020.

This presented an opportunity to train UP students and

community members to care for the hives, and Mike Lang from Urban Bees offered to conduct a beekeeping course.

Thanks to sponsors of protective gear and tools for beekeeping, the course was offered for free to two UP students, three community members and two urban farmers.

They all attended an introductory class and were taught about bees, how a bee colony works, how to work with beekeeping equipment and safety practices.

UP student Daddy Kgonothi says at first, he wasn't really interested in bees.

"When I learnt more, I understood that one should



make the garden user-friendly for bees. If you know how to approach bees correctly, you'll come to see that they are fascinating insects, he says.

Community member Reckson Tshehla, who also attended the course, is keen to expand his knowledge about bees.

"It was the first time I saw a queen bee. I never thought I would get the opportunity to learn about bees.

"Moja Gabedi changed me. I experienced many things for the first time. Everything is so well organised," he says.

Follow up training and practical classes will be conducted on colony management, managing diseases, honey production and processing, handling beeswax and pollen trapping. Those who complete the training will work with the site's bees and get practical experience with Urban Bees. 