

Vuk'uzenzele

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Help prevent suicide

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Ofentse Rabaji is a waste whizz

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How to apply for the R350 grant



More Matshediso

If you do not have an income and are between the ages of 18 and 60, you can apply for the Special Coronavirus Disease (COVID-19) Social Relief of Distress (SRD) Grant.

Government has reintroduced the SRD Grant of R350 per month to help qualifying applicants who have no financial support, to survive the continued hardships brought about by the COVID-19 pandemic.

The initial SRD Grant, which was discontinued on 30 April, had a positive impact on successful applicants' lives, says Social Development Minister Lindiwe Zulu.

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GOVERNMENT REINTRODUCES THE SRD GRANT to assist citizens who are struggling financially during the COVID-19 pandemic.



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Go aga setšhaba sa go hloka go Thopša ga Mmušo

Di theeletšo tše di bego di beakanyeditše tsha Komišene ya Boahlodi ya Dinyakišo yeo e bego e nyakiša go Thopša ga Mmušo di sa tšwa go fela moragonyana, matšatši a go feta 1 000 mola bohlatse bja hlatse ya mathomo bo kwewago.

Le ge modulasetulo wa komišene, Motlatša Moahlodi Gomang ka Nna Raymond Zondo a rile go ka nna gwa hlokega gore dihlatsi tše mmalwa tsha tlaleletšo di fe bohlatse, mošomo wa komišene bjale o řaletšwe ke kgato ye tee pele o ka phethwa.

Ye ke phihlelelo ye bohlokwa ya go re bamatša kahlolong mabapi le ye nngwe ya ditiragalo tše di hlotšego tshenyo ye kgolo historing ya temokrasi ya rena.

Le pele Moahlodi Zondo a iša dikhwetšo le ditigelo tsha gagwe go Mopresidente, ka moka re ka dumela gore mošomo wa komišene o bille wo bohlokwa kudu.

Nakong ya mengwaga ye meraro, re kwele bohlatse bja go hlaloša ditiro tsha bomenemene bja go tsenelela. Re kwele ka ga ditiro tše di hlotšego bohodu bja dibilione tsha diranta tsha tšelete ya setšhaba. Re kwele ka mo dihlongwa tše ntši tsha setšhaba le dikhamphani tsha mmušo di ilego tsha dirwa ka boomo gore di fokole.

Pontšho ya mohuta, bogolo le botebo bja go thopša ga mmušo ga se ya dirwa

ka morago ga mabati ao a tswaletšwego, eupša e dirilwe ka kgašo ya naga ka bophara.

Go dumelala Maafrika Borwa ka moka go latela ditshepetšo tsha khomišene, go thušitše gore setšhaba se be le tshepo go temokrasi ya rena ka tsela yeo e hlohleletšago go direla dilo pepeneneng le go se khutiše selo.

Naga e kolota bohole bao ba kgathilego tema mošomong wa komišene ditebogo; go tloga go bao ba dirilego diphuruphutšo, ba nyakiša gomme ba kgoboketša tshedimošo ye ntši; go fihla go dihlatsi tše ntši tše di ilego tsha paka le go fa bohlatse; go fihla go boraditaba bao ba begilego ditshepetšo ka botshepegi; go fihla le go boramolao bao ba thušitšego go hlagiša bohlatse.

Re kolota sekoloto sa ditebogo le go batho ba bangwe ba bantši, ba bangwe ba bona re sa dutše re sa ba tsebe le lehono, bao ditiro tsha bona di hueditšego tlhamo ya komišene le mathomong. Ba ke batho bao ba utolotšego ditiro tše di gononelwago tsha bosenyi, bao ba ilego ba ema ba tiile, bao ilego ba bula melomo, le bao ba ilego ba hlama masolo – mmogo a pele ga setšhaba le a ka morago mo batho ba sa ba bonego – go emiša go thopša ga mmušo. Malebo go bona ka gore bjale re bolela ka go thopša ga mmušo bjalo ka tiragalo ye e fetilego.

Go thopša ga mmušo ga se

gwa iphediša. Go fedisitše ke ditiro tsha go kopanywa tsha Maafrika Borwa a go fapafapano ka ditsela tše ntši, bao ba šomago mafelong a go fapafapano go bušetša seriti sa molaotheo wa rena wa temokrasi. Go tla tšwa go rena ka moka go netefatša gore ditiro tsha mohuta wo ga di dumelwelwe go ipušeletša.

Mengwageng ye meraro ye e fetilego, re tšere dikgato tše mmalwa tše bohlokwa go lwantšha bomenemene le go thopša ga mmušo. Re be re aga lefsa ka tlhokomelo ye kgolo ditheo tsha go swana le Bolaodi bja Bosetšhaba bja Botshotšihi (NPA), Tirelo ya Sephodisa ya Afrika Borwa (SAPS), Tirelo ya Metšhelo ya Afrika Borwa (SARS) le tše dingwe.

Re beakantše dikarolo tše mpšha ditheong, bjalo ka go hloma Kantoro ya Bolaodi bja Dinyakišo ka setheong sa NPA go tshotšiha melato ya maemo a godimo a bomenemene, le Kantoro ya Melato ya go Ikgetha ya setheong sa Yuniti ya Dinyakišo tsha go Ikgetha (SIU) go gata mohlala le go buša matlotlo a mmušo ao a utswitšwego.

Re fetotše boetapele bja dikgwebo tše mmalwa tsha mmušo (di-SOE) tše bohlokwa, gomme ra thoma tshepetšo ya go bušetša ditšelete le tshepetšo ya tšona sekeng. Re gare re šomana le mmotlolo wo mofsa wa di-SOE wo o tloga hlohleletša go direla dilo pepeneneng, go tše mai-karabelo le go di tšwetša pele.

Bogolo bja mošomo wo bo tšwela pele. Go na le mafelo moo tšwelopele e sepetšego ka go nanya kudu go feta ka mo re bego re holofetše, gomme bjale mafelo ao a hwetša ředi ya tlaleletšo.

Dikhwetšo le ditigelo tsha komišene ntle le pelaelo di tla maatlafatša maitapišo a.

Re letetše gore komišene e hlathe a mangwe a mafokodi a ditshepetšo, a go kgontša go thopša ga mmušo. Se se tla re maatlafatša go tšwela pele go tše dikgato tsha phošollo. Mola re ka re nako ya go thopša ga mmušo e fedile, ga se ra fenya bomenemene.

Boradia le bomenemene

di sa ikepetše gomme di tsheneletše lekaleng la mmušo le la praebete.

Le ge e ka no se be maemong a go lekana le a go thopša ga mmušo, ditiro tše bjalo tsha bosenyi di ama naga ya rena ga mpe, di dira gore dihlongwa tsha rena di fokole le go palediša Maafrika Borwa go fihlelela ditirelo tše ntši tsha motheo.

Bomenemene e tla no dula e le maitshwaro a mabe ka dinako tšohle, eupša bo sehlogo le go feta ge bo dirwa le ka gare ga leuba la go tla le masetlapelo a go ama maphebo a batho. Motho o bolela fa ka ditiragalo tsha go leša dihlong tsha bomenemene

tše re di bonego ngwaga wo o fetilego mabapi le theko ya dithoto le ditirelo tše di bego di nyakega ntweng ya rena kgahlanong le leuba la COVID-19.

Re šomile ka potlako go emiša bomenemene bja

mohuta wo, go hwetša batho bao ba amegago, le go tše magato kgahlanong le bona.

Se ke bohlatse bja boikgafo bja rena go tumula bomene-mene.

Re matlafaditše melao ya Matlotlo a mmušo, le go hlama senthara ya ditheo tše di ikemego tsha phethagatšo ya molao gomme ra katoša le mošomo wa Yuniti ya Dinyakišo tsha go Ikgetha (SIU) gore e nyakiše dikgononelo ka moka tsha bomenemene bja go amana le COVID-19.

Se sengwe seo e lego mathomo se direga ka nageng ke gore re phatlaladitše dintlha tsha dikonteraka tsha ditheko ka moka tsha go amana le COVID-19 mo inthaneteng, go ralala le dihlongwa ka moka tsha mmušo.

Tshenyo yeo go thopša ga mmušo go e hlotšego na-geng ya rena ke ye e tseneletšego. Ditlamorago tsha yona di tla phela le rena mengwaga ye mentši ye e tlago.

Eupša re thomile go řoma mmogo go lokiša dilo. Re thomile go aga lefsa le go bušetša dilo sekeng.

Re ka letela gore dipolo tsha Komišene ya Zondo di maatlafatše ka mo go tseneletšego maitapišo a. Di tla re fa monyetla wa go ikhutša matšatši a go thopša ga mmušo nako ye telele.

Mošomo wo montši o sa le pele, gomme re sa tlo lebana le ditlhloholo tše ntši. Eupša re tseleng ya go aga setšhaba sa go hloka bošula bja go thopša ga mmušo le bomenemene.

Thuša gore batho ba se ipolaye

Allison Cooper

Ke batho ba bantshi ba go hloko-fala ka lebaka la go ipolaya go feta ba go hlokofala ka lebaka la HIV, malaria, kankere ya matswele, dikgaruru le ba go bolawa ke batho ba bangwe e se ka maikemišetšo.

Se ke go ya ka dipalopalo tša moragorago tša Setheo sa Lefase sa Maphelo (WHO), tše di laetšago gore batho ba go feta 700 000 ba a ipolaya ngwaga ka ngwaga – seo se rago gore motho o tee go tšwa mahung a 100 ke wo a ipolailego, gomme ye ke kelo ye e hlalošago gore e ka ba motho o tee yo a hlokofalago mo metsotswaneng ye mengwe le ye mengwe ye 40.

"Re ka se hlokomologe – gape ga se ra swanela go hlokomologa – batho ge ba ipolaya," go re'alo Ngaka

Tedros Adhanom Ghebreyesus, Molaodipharephare wa WHO.

"Tiragalo ye nngwe le ye nngwe ke masetlapelo. Nopo yarena thibelong ya boipolai ebohlokwa le go feta ga bjale, kudukudu morago ga dikgwedi tše ntši re phela le Leuba la Bolwetši bja CoronaviruS, leo le tlišitšego dikgonagalo tše ntši tša boipolai – tša go lahlegelwa ke mošomo, tša kgatelelo ya monagano ya go sepelelana le ditšelete, le maemo a bjale moo motho a sa swanelago go batamelana le batho ba bangwe – ao re sa ikhwetšago ka gare ga ona le gona bjale," a tlaleletša ka go re'alo.

Letšatši la Lefase la Thibelo ya go Ipolaya

Letšatši la Lefase la Thibelo ya go Ipolaya le thakgotšwe ke Mokgatlo wa Boditšhabatšhaba wa Thibelo ya go Ipolaya (IASP) ka la 10 Lewedi 2003.

Le nepile go thibela go ipolaya ga batho le maitshwaro a go laetša maikemišetšo a go ipolaya, go fokotša ditlamarago tša go ipolaya, le go llama kopano ya dirutegi, baprofešenale ba tša maphele a monagano, bašomi ba thušo le go thoba matswalo, baithaopi le batho bao ba fetilego ditiragalang tša go ipolaya.

Go ya ka Sehlopha sa Afrika Borwa sa go Šomana le Matshwenyego le Kgatelelo ya Monagan (SADAG), tšatši ka tšatši go rekotwa ditiragalang tše 23 tša go ipolaya, le tše dingwe tše 230 tša maitekelo a go ipolaya ka Afrika Borwa.

"Go boledišana ka ditiragalang tša go ipolaya e sa le seila se segolo setšabeng sa rena – ga go na yo a ratago go bolela ka tšona; ga go na yo a tsebago gore a thome kae ge a nyaka go bolela ka tšona, gomme batswadi ga ba nyake go boledišana

le bana ka tšona, ka ge ba tšhoga gore ba ka ba fa 'dikgopoloo'. Le ge go le bjalo, ke bothata bjo bogolo, gomme re bona bona se ka megala yeo e oketsegago tšatši ka tšatši yeo re e amogelago," go re'alo Cassey Chambers, Molaodi wa Ditshepetšo wa SADAG.

"Ge batho ba bantši ba ka tseba ka go ipolaya, gomme ba tseba gore ba ka hweletša bjang motho yo mongwe thušo nako e sa dumela, seo se ka thuša go fokotša kelo ya bao ba ipolayago," a re'alo.

Dika tše di ka laetšago gore motho o nyaka go ipolaya:

- Go bolela ka go fediša bo-phelo bja gagwe, go hwa goba go ipolaya.
- Takatšo ye kgolo ya go hwa goba go dula a bolela ka lehu le go hwa.
- Go fana ka dithoto tša gagwe tša go bitša.
- Dika tša kgatelelo ya

monagano, bjalo ka go fetogafetoga ga maikutlo, go felelwa ke kholofelo, go ba bodutwana, go hloka takatšo ya dijo, go se robale botse, le go lahlegelwa ke kgahlego ditirong tša gagwe tša setlwadi.

- Ge motho a enwa goba a šomiša diokobatši tše ntši kudu.
- Go fa taetšo ye e sego ya thwii ya gore a ka se be gona ka moso, goba go laela ka tsela ye e sego ya thwii.
- Go fetoga ga maitshwaro ka tsela ye e belaetšago.
- Ge a dira dipeakanyo go feleletša dilo tše a bego a se a di fetša. ①

Ge e ba wena goba motho yo mongwe yo o mo tsebago o hloka thušo, leletša mogala wa thušo le go thoba matswalo mabapi le boipolai wa SADAG wo o šomago bošego le mosegare go 0800 567 567.

Anyone 35 years and older can register for their FREE COVID-19 vaccination

Registering to get vaccinated is easy!



Send the word **REGISTER** to
060 012 3456 on Whatsapp
Internet access or data required

OR



Dial *134*832*IDNumber#
No ID Number? Just dial *134*832#
FREE on all South African Mobile Networks

OR



Search EVDS South Africa online or go to: <https://vaccine.enroll.health.gov.za>
Any device with Internet Access

OR



Register by calling 0800 029 999
Monday - Friday: 7am to 8pm
Saturday, Sunday and public holidays: 8am to 6pm
Toll free on all South African Mobile Networks

You will need the following information when registering:

- Your identification number (Passport, Asylum seeker number, RSA ID or refugee number)
- The location where you want to be vaccinated (home or work)
- If you are a member of a medical aid you will need your medical aid provider name and your medical aid number

You will receive an SMS with the details of your vaccination date and site after registering



Don't delay. Register today!

