

Vuk'uzenzele

Produced by: Government Communication & Information System (GCIS)

English/isiNdebele

September 2021 Edition 1



How to apply for the R350 grant



More Matshediso

If you do not have an income and are between the ages of 18 and 60, you can apply for the Special Coronavirus Disease (COVID-19) Social Relief of Distress (SRD) Grant.

Government has reintroduced the SRD Grant of R350 per month to help qualifying applicants who have no financial support, to survive the continued hardships brought about by the COVID-19 pandemic.

The initial SRD Grant, which was discontinued on 30 April, had a positive impact on successful applicants' lives, says Social Development Minister Lindiwe Zulu.

GOVERNMENT REINTRODUCES THE SRD GRANT to assist citizens who are struggling financially during the COVID-19 pandemic.

Cont. page 2



To read Vuk'uzenzele download the GOVAPP on:



Search for SA Government on Google playstore or appstore

CONTACT US



Vuk'uzenzele



@VukuzenzeleNews

Website: www.gcis.gov.za

Email: vukuzenzele@gcis.gov.za

www.vukuzenzele.gov.za

Tel: (+27) 12 473 0353

Tshedimosetso House:

1035 cnr Frances Baard and Festival streets, Hatfield, Pretoria, 0083

FREE COPY NOT FOR SALE



Ukwakha Umphakathi Onganakuthunjwa Kwelawulo Lombuso

Ukulalelwa kobufakazi malungana nokuthunjwa kwelawulo lombuso ku-Komitjhana ePhenya ngokuThunjwa kweLawulo lombuso kuphethwe mhlaphanje, ngemva kwamalanga angaphezulu kwe-1000 ufakazi wokuthoma ethula ubufakazi bakhe.

USihlalo weKomitjhana, iSekela leJaji eliKhulu u-Raymond Zondo uthe kungabayinto eqakathekileko bona kube nabofakazi abanye abazokwethula ubufakazi, njengombana umsebenzi wekomitjhana sewuseduze nokuphela.

Le yiqophamlando esibekela tihatjhalazi izehlakalo ezaletha umonakalo elawulweni lombuso wentando yenengi.

Ngaphambi kobana iJaji uZondo ethule ubufakazi obutholakeleko neemphakamiso zakhe ezihlahla indlela eya phambili kuMengameli, singavumelana soke bona umsebenzi wekomitjhana ube lisizo eliligugu.

Esikhathini esingabaminyaka emithathu, sizwe ubufakazi obuhlathulula iinsolo zekohlakalo ezenziwe ema-ofisini amakhulu. Sizwile ngezenzo zokwetjiwa kweengidigidi zamaranda wemali yombuso. Sezwa nokuthi angangani amaziko karhulumende, amabizininisi wombuso namakhamphani enganyelwe ngurhulumende adlelezelwe iimalikazi.

Ukuvezwa tihatjhalazi kokungenelela kwezenzo zokuthunjwa kwelawulo lombuso akukenzeki

emsitheleni, kodwana kwagadangiswa bekwarhatjwa ilizwe loke. Ukuvumela amaSewula Afrika bona alandele ikambiso yekomitjhana, kusizile ekuvuseleleni ukuzithemba komphakathi ekambisweni yentando yenengi ngendlela thuthukiswa ukwenziwa kwezinto tihatjhalazi.

Ilizwe kumele lithokoze boke abalime indima emsebenzini wekomitjhana; abaphenyi, abarhubhululi belwazi eliqakathekileko; obofakazi abethule ubufakazi; ababikiindaba ababike koke ngokuzikhandla; amagcwetha asize ngokwethula ubufakazi.

Kumele sithokoze khulu nabantu abenengi ngamunye ngamunye, abanye babo abangakagagulwa, kodwana izenzo zabo zenza bona kusungulwe ikomitjhana le. Laba babantu abavumbulula lezizenzo zobugebengu, bajamelana nazo, bakhuluma bebathatha amagadango wokusungula amajima azokulwisana nekohlakalo le – emphakathini nange msitheleni – ngomnqopho wokuqeda nya ukuthunjwa kwelawulo lombuso. Kuyinto ethokozi sako ukwazi bona kungenca yomsebenzabo omuhle ukuthi ukusukela nje sizokwazi ukukhuluma ngokuthunjwa kwelawulo lombuso njengento yesikhathi esadlulako.

Ukuthunjwa kwelawulo lombuso akukazipheleli. Kuqedwe msebenzi omuhle ohlanganyelweko wamaSewula Afrika asemakorweni ahlukahlukileko, asebenza

eendaweni ezahlukahlukeneko ngomnqopho wokubuyisa igugu lentando yenengi esekelwe ngokomThethosisekelo. Begodu kukithi ukuqinisekisa bona izenzo ezinjengalezi azivunyelwa bona zenzeke godu.

Eminyakeni emithathu edluleko, sithethe amagadango ambalwa aqakathekileko wokulwisana nokukhwabanisa nokuthunjwa kwelawulo lombuso. Sakhe ngobutjha iinjamo ezifana neBandla lezokuTjhutjhisela leliZwelo (i-NPA), iButho lamaPholisa weSewula Afrika (i-SAPS), iPhiko lezokuButhelwa komThelo leSewula Afrika (i-SARS) nezinye. Kunesidingo sokobana sihlele ezinye iinjamo ezinjengePhiko lezokuPhenya lakwa-NPA elizokutjhutjhisela izelelesi zemilandu yokukhwabanisa neSikhungo esiKhethekileko sokuPhenya sakwa-SIU ngomnqopho wokubuyiswa kwemali yombuso eyetjiweko. Senze ngcono izinga lokulwisana nobugebengu ngokusungula i-Fusion Centre, eletha ama-ofisi wezomthetho ahlukahlukeneko ukwabelana imininingwana nokusebenzisana ekuphenyeni imilandu yobugebengu.

Sitjintje abaphathi bamabizininisi wombuso amanengi, besathoma ikambiso yokwabuyisela ebumeni obuhle bokusebenza nebeemali. Sisebenzela ukufika endleleni etja yokusebenza kwama-SOE ekhuthaza ukwenzela izinto etjha-

tjhalazini, ukunziza nokuziphendulela.

Omnengi umsebenzi omayelana nalokhu uragela phambili. Kuneendawo lapho iragelophambili belikhamba kancani kunangendlela ebesilindele ngayo begodu leziindawo sezifumana itjhejo elifaneleko.

Imiphumela etholakeleko neemphakamiso zekomitjhana zizokuqinisa imizamo yethu. Silindele bona ikomitjhana iveze ukutekateka kwehlelo lokusebenza ekungikho okukghonakalise ukuthunjwa kwelawulo lombuso. Lokhu kuzosiqinisa bona sithathe amagadango wokulungisa afaneleko kobana isenzwesi singasabuyelela.

Ije singatjho bona isikhathi sokuthunjwa kwelawulo lombuso siphelile, kodwana asikabehluli ubukhwabanisi nekohlakalo njengombana zizinto ezisadlangileko ekorweni yangeqadi nembusweni.

Nanyana zingafiki ezingeni lokuthunjwa kwelawulo lombuso, izenzo zobugebengu zithunaza khulu ilizwe lekhethu, zehlisa izinga lokusebenza kweenkhungo bezidima amaSewula Afrika izenzelwa ezinengi.

Ikohlakalo kusisenzo sokuziphatha kumbi khulu, kodwana iba yimbi ngokudluleleko nayenziwa ngesikhathi sehlekelele. Lapha sikhuluma ngezenzo zekohlakalo ezimbi khulu ezenziwe ngomnyaka ogadungileko nakuthengwa ipahla yokuzivikela ebeyidingeka eku-

lwisaneni nomabhubhisa oyi-COVID-19.

Siphendula ngokurhabako ukukhandela ubukhohlakalobu, sathola abenze ubugebengu bathathelwa amagadango. Lokhu kubufakazi bokuzimisela kwethu ukuyisiphula ngomrabhu ikohlakalo.

Siqinise imithethokambiso yeZiko lezeeMali, sasungula i-Fusion Centre begodu sanikela iPhiko eliKhethekileko lezokuPhenya igunya lokuphenya yoke izwangobatjho emayelana nobukhohlakali obenziwe nakudlange i-COVID-19. Kokuthoma elizweni, sisabalalise ngeinthanethi iimvumelwano zokuthenga kwepahla yokuzivikela ku-COVID-19 khona umphakathi uzazifundela.

Mkhulu umonakalo owenziwe kuthunjwa kwelawulo lombuso elizweni lethu. Umthelela walokhu usazokulimaza nabanengi eminyakeni ezako. Kodwana ngokusebenzisana, sesithomile ukulungisa izinto. Sesithomile ukwakha ngobutjha nokubuyisela ubujamo endimeni.

Silindele bona imiphumela yeKomitjhana kaZondo iqinise imizamo le ngokunge neleleko. Lokhu kuzosinikela ithuba lokuthatha iinqunto zokuqeda nya ukuthunjwa kwelawulo lombuso.

Mnengi umsebenzi osezako, zinengi iintjhijilo ekufuze siqalane nazo. Kodwana sisindleleni yokwakha umphakathi onganabu khohlakali nokuthunjwa kwelawulo lombuso. **V**

Siza Ekukhandeleni Ukuzibulala Kwabantu

Allison Cooper

Abantu abanengi bayahlongakala ngonobangela wokuzibulala ukudlula inani lalabo ababulawa yintumbantonga, ngumalalahlengezela (i-malaria), ikankere yamabele, ipi nokubulala umuntu ngengozi.

Ngokweemalobalo zamvanje zeHlangano yezePilo yePhasiloke (i-WHO) ezitjengisa inani labantu abangaphezulu kwama-700 000 ukuya phezulu ngokuzibulala qobe mnyaka – muntu munye ebantwini abali-100 ohlongakalako godu pheze abe munye qobe mizuzwana ema-40.

“Angezesakghona–begodu akukafaneli – sikuthathele phasi ukuzibulala” kutjho uDorh. Tedros Adhanom Ghebreyesus, omNqophisi Zombebele we-WHO.

“Ukufa okhunye nokhunye

kuyibangamatluwo. Ukusiza kwethu emzameni wokukhandela ukuzibulala kwabantu sekuqakatheke khulu kwanje, ngemva kweenyanga siphila ebhodulukweni elinengogwana engumabhuhisa i-Corona, unobangela wobungozi bokufuna ukuzibulala – ukulahlekelwa msebenzi, ukugandeleleka ngokomkhumbulo ngenca yokuthayela kweemali nokuzikhethele ngeqadi/ukuhlukaniswa nabantu kusesekhona,” ungezelele watjho.

Ilanga Lokuyelelisa Ngokukhandela Ukuzibulala lePhasiloke

Ilanga lokuYelelisa ngokuKhandela ukuziBulala lePhasiloke lasungulwa mhlana ali-10 kuK h u k h u l a m u n g u wee-2003, yiHlangano yePhasiyokuKhandela ukuziBulala (i-IASP).

Ihlose ukukhandela ukuzibulala nokuba nomukghwa wokufuna ukuzibulala, ukunciphisa imithelela nokutlama iforamu esekela imikhulumiswano yeemfundiswa, abasebenza ngezomkhumbulo, abasebenzi bezehlekelele, abazinikelako nabasindileko engozini yokuzibulala.

Ngokuya ngesiQhema sokuGandeleleka ngokomKhumbulo nokweThukwa eSewula Afrika (i-SADAG), kunezehlakalo ezima-23 zokuzibulala nezima-230 zokulinga ukuzibulala ezibikwa eSewula Afrika qobe lilanga.

“Ukuzibulala kusese yindaba abantu abangafuni ukukhuluma ngayo emphakathini wekhetu – akunamuntu onendlela ehle yokukhuluma ngayo begodu nababelethi abafuni ukukhuluma nabentwana ngayo ngombana besaba bona ‘bangabafakela ummoya


wokudlumbana ngokuzibulala’. Nanyana kunjalo, kusesemraro odlange khulu begodu ubona ngenani elikhuphukako lemitato engenako qobe lilanga,” kutjho u-Cassey Chambers, omPhathi wemiSebenzi ye-SADAG.

“Abantu abanengi nabangalemuka ubungozi bokufuna ukuzibulala begodu bazi nokufumanela isizo labo abanomcabango wokuzibulala ngaphambi kobana kube ngemva kwesikhathi, singaphungula izinga lokuzibulala kwabantu,” ubeke watjho.

Amatshwayo Wokufuna Ukuzibulala Afaka Hlangana:

- Ukukhuluma ngokuzibulala nangokufa.
- Isifiso esingeneleleko sokufa, ukucabanga khulu ngokufa.
- Ukunikela ngezinto eziqakathekileko nezibizako.
- Amatshwayo wokuga-

ndeleleka ngokomkhumbulo, njengokutjhuguluka kwemizwa, ukulahla ithemba, ukuzihlukanisa nabantu, ukungathandi ukudla, ukungalali, nokungabineka-reko ezintweni ezinengi.

- Ukusela utjwala khulu namkha ukusebenzisa iindakamizwa.
- Ukukhuluma njengomuntu ongazukubakhona esikhathini esizako namkha ukulayelisa.
- Ukuphekghuphekghuka kwendlela yokuziphatha.
- Ukwenza amalungiselelo wokuthi ngubani ozakuqedelele izinto ebegade usazenza. 

Nangabe ukhona omaziko otlhoga isizo, dosela bakwa-SADAG ku-0800 567 567.

Anyone **35 years and older** can register for their **FREE COVID-19 vaccination**

Registering to get vaccinated is easy!



Send the word **REGISTER** to 060 012 3456 on Whatsapp
Internet access or data required

OR



Dial *134*832*IDNumber#
No ID Number? Just dial *134*832#
FREE on all South African Mobile Networks

OR



Search EVDS South Africa online or go to: <https://vaccine.enroll.health.gov.za>
Any device with Internet Access

OR



Register by calling 0800 029 999
Monday - Friday: 7am to 8pm
Saturday, Sunday and public holidays: 8am to 6pm
Toll free on all South African Mobile Networks

You will need the following information when registering:

- Your identification number (Passport, Asylum seeker number, RSA ID or refugee number)
- The location where you want to be vaccinated (home or work)
- If you are a member of a medical aid you will need your medical aid provider name and your medical aid number

You will receive an SMS with the details of your vaccination date and site after registering

Don't delay. Register today!

