



Vuk'uzenzele

O e tlisetšwa ke Dikgokagano tša Mmušo (GCIS)

Sesotho sa Leboa / English

Hlakola 2016 Kgatišo 1



Sekolo se seswa sa bana ba ba nago le bogolofadi bja monagano

Letlakala 7



Thekgo ya baswa ba dinagamagae

Letlakala 8

E na le Dibaka tša Mešomo ka Gare

Mmogo a re tšwetšeng pele Afrika Borwa

Chris Bathembu le Amukelani Chauke

Mopresidente Jacob Zuma o kgonthišeditšhe maAfrika Borwa, ao a hlobaetšwago ke maemo a bjale ao a tekatekago a ekonomi, gore ba se ke ba felelwa ke tshepo, eupša naga e swanela go šomišana go fetola maemo.

Mo Polelong ya gagwe ya Maemo a Setšhaba kgwedi ya go feta, yeo e bego e bogetšwe ke dimilione tša batho, Mopresidente Zuma o laeditšhe gore maemo a thata a lefase le a ka mono nageng a swanetše go re “hlohleletša go menagantšha maiteko a rena gabedi, re šomišane bjalo ka makala ka moka”.

“Re bile le dikopano tsa go atlega le ba kgwebo, go akaretšwa kopano ya maemo a godimo le Bahlankedibagolophethiši (di-CEO)... re kwele dikakanyo go tšwa go borakgwebo ka ga ka fao re ka kgonago go fetola maemo gomme ra bušetša ekonomi go tsela kgolo,” go boletše Mopresidente Zuma.

O tsebišitše gore mmušo o be o beakanya protšeke ya *‘One Stop Shop/Invest SA* go šupetša gore Afrika Borwa ka nnete e bulegile go tša kgwebo. Mmušo o tla akgošiša phethagatšo ya tirelo ye, ka tšhomišano le lekala la praebete.

GO TEKATEKA GA EKONOMI YA LEFASE

Mopresidente Zuma o gopoditšhe maAfrika Borwa gore naga, go swana le dinaga tše dingwe tše ntsi tše di hlabologago, e amilwe ke go tekateka ga ekonomi ya lefase.

“Therešo ye re lebanego nayo gabjale ke gore kgolo ya lefase e sa ntše e homotše. Mebaraka ya matlotlo e thomile go šorofala. Ditšhelete tša dinaga tša mebaraka ye e gologo di thomile go hloka maatla gomme di fetoga ka bontši.

“Gobane ekonomi ya rena e tloga e le ye nnyane ebile e bulegile, e angwa ke ditiragalo tše ke moka. Ekonomi ya rena gape e angwa



Mopresidente Jacob Zuma o hlohleletšhe maAfrika Borwa go šomišana go thuša go tšwetšapele naga.

ke mabaka a ka gare ga naga bjalo ka mathata a mohlagase le dikamano tša intasteri tšeo ka dinako tše dingwe di tekatekago,” o boletše bjalo.

Ekonomi ya Afrika Borwa gape e amilwe ke mabaka a ka gare ga naga bjalo ka mathata a mohlagase le dikamano tša intasteri tšeo ka dinako tše dingwe di tekatekago.

Mokgatlo wa Sekhwama sa Ditšhelete sa Boditšhabatšhaba (IMF) le Panka ya Lafese di bonelapele gore ekonomi ya Afrika Borwa e tla gola ka 1% ngwaga wo. Dipolelo tša fase tša kgolo ya ekonomi le ya maemo di akanya gore kgoboketšo ya letseno e tla ba fase go feta ka mo go kilego gwa letelwa peleng.

Mopresidente gape o amogetše gore Afrika Borwa e bonala e le kotsing ya go lahlegelwa ke maemo a yona a peeletšo go tšwa go dietšentshi tša dikelo.

“Ge seo se direga, go tla tura go kgopela

tšhelete ka moše wa mawatle go thekga ka ditšhelete mananeo a rena a go agela bohle bophelo bjo bo kaone, kudu bahloki.”

O hlohleletšhe maAfrika Borwa go šomiša sebaka sa kelo ya neeletšano le diphetogo tša bjale tša melawana ya lengwalo la boeti (visa), go oketša baeti ba ba tsenago ka gare ga naga.

Boeti bja Afrika Borwa bo tla beeletša R100 milione ka ngwaga go godiša boeti bja ka mono nageng, go hlohleletša maAfrika Borwa go tšea maeto ka gare ga naga ya bona, o boletše bjalo.

KGATELOPELE E A DIRWA

Go swayela godimo ga kgatelopele yeo e dirilwego mo mengwageng ye mmalwa ya go feta, Mopresidente Zuma o boletše gore khamphani ya dithoto ye lego ka fase ga taolo ya mmušo Transnet e agile lenaneokgoparara la diporo leo le kgontšhitšego meepo ya naga

go rwalela morwalo wo mogolo wa dithoto ka maemakepe go ya mebarakeng ya lefase.

Etšentshi ya Afrika Borwa ya Ditsela (Sanral) e agile tše dingwe tša ditsela tše kaone go la Gauteng le dikarolong tše ntsi tša naga.

Lekala la Thenele ya go Kgabaganya Caledon le agile matamo a bogolo bja go fapana, go kgontšha maAfrika Borwa go fihlelela meetse a go nwa ao a bolokegilego.

“Eskom, le ge e na le ditlhohlo, e sa kgona go dira gore ekonomi e tšwele pele, le ge go le boima. Diinstitšhušene tša rena tša matlotlo a tlhabollo bjalo ka Koporasethlabollo ya Diintasteri (IDC), Pankatlabollo ya Borwa bja Afrika (DBSA) le tše dingwe di abile thušo

“Eskom, le ge e na le ditlhohlo, e sa kgona go dira gore ekonomi e tšwele pele, le ge go le boima. Diinstitšhušene tša rena tša matlotlo a tlhabollo bjalo ka Koporasethlabollo ya Diintasteri (IDC), Pankatlabollo ya Borwa bja Afrika (DBSA) le tše dingwe di abile thušo ya mašeleng a kago ya mananeokgoparara, a diintasteri tša mehuthuta le a dikgwebo tša temo ka katlego, le ka morago ga mathata a ditšhelete a lefaseng ka bophara.”

ya mašeleng a kago ya mananeokgoparara, a diintasteri tša mehuthuta le a dikgwebo tša temo ka katlego, le ka morago ga mathata a ditšhelete a lefaseng ka bophara.” o laeditšhe bjalo.

> E tšwela pele letlakaleng la 2

SA urged to register to vote

South Africans have been encouraged to register to vote in the upcoming local government elections.

The first registration weekend will be on 5 and 6 March. President Jacob Zuma announced during the State of the Nation Address, in Parliament, that the local government elections will be held within three



months after 18 May, the date of the last local government elections.

“We urge the youth, in particular those who are turning 18 this year, to register in their numbers for this first ever opportunity to cast their votes,” said President Zuma.

FINDING YOUR CORRECT VOTING STATION

All eligible voters (South African citizens aged 18 or older) should ensure they are registered in the correct

voting district where they ordinarily live. Voters who are already registered can SMS their ID number to 32810 (cost R1) to receive confirmation of their voter registration details including the name of their voting station.

Voters need to take with them their green barcoded ID book, smart ID card or a valid temporary ID certificate to the voting station. No other forms of ID are accepted for voter registration.

It's important for voters to vote where they live.

Register to vote in the 2016 Municipal Elections on 5 and 6 March 2016. All voting stations will open from 8am to 5pm over the weekend of Saturday 5 March and Sunday 6 March.

There are a number of ways voters can find their correct voting station:

- Call the Electoral Commission Contact Centre on 0800 11 8000 between 7am and 9pm weekdays.
- Use the voting station finder app on the IEC website at www.elections.org.za
- Dial *120*IEC# (*120*432#)



Protšeke ya Fleurhof ke ye nngwe ya madulo a batho ao a kopantšwego a magolo go la Gauteng.

ditaba tše di hlobaetšago kudu tše di lebanego batho di swanelwa go hwetšwa ka metsesetoropong le go etwa pele ke baetapele ba mmušo. Ditoropo tše dingwe di tšwelapele go lebelela borwa, go ditropego tše bjalo ka Johannesburg, go hwetša tlhohleletšo le mpshafatšo.

Se ke karolo yeo Johannesburg bjalo ka toropo ye e lwelago go ba ya maemo a godimo ya Afrika.

di kgonago le go taonelouta go fihla go 1GB ka kgwedi mahala.

Makgobapuku a mangwe a 35 go la Johannesburg a kgokagantšwe le neteweke ya neteweke ya megala ya kgokagano gomme tše dingwe tše 52 di tla latela mo bogare bja 2016. Megala ya kgokagano ya go Phakisa, ya mahala e tla fa badudi ba Joburg phihlelelo ye kgolo ya diyunibesithi tša setšhaba tša go aba dithuto ka inthanete fao ba ka kgonago ithuta gomme ba amogela mangwalo a thuto go tšwa diinstitšhušeng tše di lego molaong tša boditšhabatšhaba.

GO NTŠHETŠAMAHLELE PEPEENENG

Ka #Hack.Jozi Challenge toropo e gokeditše badudi ba tikologo ba borakgwebo le bao ba tlilego ka dikgopolo tše kgolo tša ditšweletšwa tša titšithale tše di tlogo thuša go rarolla mathata ka ditšhabeng tša bona tše di fapanego. Tšhelete ya go lekana R5 milione e beetšwe thoko go thekga dikgwebo tša thakgolo tša titšithale ka gare ga Toropo ya Dikgokagano.

Ge go lebelelwa khudugo ya lebelo ya batho go ya ditropong, go na le temogo ye e golago ya gore ditharollo tša ka moso tša

DIPROTŠEKE TŠE KGOLO TŠA DINTLO

Toropo e tšwela pele ka maatla go fihlelela thakete ya go ditlo tše 95 000 pele go fela 2019.

Diprotšeke tše ntši tše kgolo tša dintlo tše di tlogo ba le khuetšo godimo ga kgolo ka gare ga toropo di gare di tšwela pele go ba di kगतong ya dipeakanyo. Tšhelete ya go balelwa go R657 milione e beetšwe thoko bakeng sa diprotšeke tša dintlo mo ngwageng wa ditšhelete wa 2015/16 – kabo ya go nyaka go lekana gabedi le ya lebaka le le fetilego. Tšhelete ye e tla oketšwa go ya go R932 milione mo ngwageng wa matlotlo wo o latelago.

Diprotšeke tše tše di kgolo di tla aba dibaka tša kgoboketšo, tšhomišo ye e kopantšwego, tlhabollo ye e sekametšego go dinamelwa, go kopanya dibaka tša ekonomi le mafelo a madulo.

Diprotšeke di hlophilwe ka mafelo a šupa, di phatlaleletše go kgabaganya toropo go tšwa go kgopolo ya sekgoba le go beakanywa go ya ka lenaneo la Gauteng la Phetogo, Mpshafatšo le Tsošološo ya Intasteri.

Mafelo a šupa ke:

- Lefelo la 1 le tsebja bjalo ka Toropo ya Lanseria e ka thoko ya leboa la Toro-

pokgolo. Go tla le diprotšeke tše kgolo tikologong ya Lion Park, go la Bohlabela bja Diepsloot le Riverside View, Ext 28.

- Ye e tla tšweletša dintlo tše 46 500 le go kopanya bogare bja Johannesburg, Tshwane le Masepala wa Selete wa Ranteng Bodikela.
- Lefelo la 2 le ka Leboa-Bodikela bja Johannesburg. Diprotšeke tše di tšwelago pele di akaretša Cosmo City le tlhabollo ya Malibongwe Ridge, yeo e abetšwego R88.8 milione ye nngwe ka gare ga tekanyetšo ya bjale. Tlhabollo ya Zandspruit go la Honeydew e tla tšwela pele ge mapheko a tikologo ya megobe a sena go rarollwa.
- Lefelo la 3 le ka borwa bja Johannesburg e tla ba le diprotšeke tša go tšwetšapele mananeo a toropo a kgoboketšo. Diprotšeke tša ka South Hills le Kliptown-Nancefield di šetše di tšwela pele gomme Southern Farms le Ennerdale Ext 19 di tla latela go se go ye kae. Mmogo diprotšeke di tla tšweletša dintlo tša go feta tše 68 000.
- Lefelo la 4 le lebantše go Dikhorido tša Tokologo le tsošološo ya Bogare bja

Toropo ya Johannesburg. Ka se sebaka se le mo kगतong ya pele ga peakanyo eupša mafelelong le tla aba magae a 50 000.

- Lefelo la 5 le tsebja bjalo ka New City 2 gomme le akaretša Alexandra le Modderfontein, le kopanya Bohlabela bja toropo le Ekurhuleni. Diprotšeke go la Rabie Ridge, Marlboro le dintlo tše mmalwa tše di thekgwago ka dikadimo dikगतong tša go beakanywa.
- Lefelo la 6 le kopanya Johannesburg le Sedibeng le Ranteng Bodikela go hloma New City 3. Palomoka ya dintlo tše 24 000 di agwa go la Lufhereng gomme protšeke ye e lebeleletšwego ke profense ya Gauteng go la Syferfontein e tla tšweletša magae a mangwe a 60 000. Ditaba tša go amana le tereinetše ya dolomeiti le esiti ya moepo di a rarollwa ka se sebaka.
- Lefelo la 7 le lebantše Fleurhof. Dikगतo tša 1 le 2 bobedi di šetše di tšwela pele gomme di tla tšweletša magae a mangwe a 18 200 mola dipeakanyo tša ka moso tša Goudrand Ext 4 di le gare di nyakišišwa.

Mothopo: City of Joburg.



Meyaraphethiši Parks Tau o tsenetše Khonferense ya Klaemete ya COP 21 go la Paris fao a abelanego sefala le baetapele ba lefase ba bjalo ka Meyara wa peleng wa Toropokgolo ya New York, David Bloomberg le Meyara wa Paris, Anne Hidalgo.

Kaonafatšo ya tsela Lephallale

Protšeke ya dimilione ya kaonafatšo ya tsela e letetšwe gore e hole dikete tša badudi ba Lephallale go la Limpopo.

Protšeke, yeo e thakgotšwego ke Meyara Jack Maeko ka Manthole ngwaga wa go feta, e tla kaonafatša phihlelelo ya dinamelwa le ditsela tše di lego maemong a mabotse tša metse ye 13, go dumelela badudi go sepela ka tokologo le polokego ka tikologong.

Exxaro Grootegeeluk Coal le Etšentshi ya Limpopo ya Ditsela (RAL) di abetšwe mošomo wa go thala ditsela tša Ga-Seleka go ya Aurecon South Africa (Pty) Ltd.

Maloko a setšhaba a a dulago ka tikologong ya Sefitlhogo, Morwe, Botshabelo, Moong, Segale, Botsalanang, Kopanong, Kgobagodimo le Letlora a tla holwa ke kaonafatšo ya Tsela ya Rietfontein (D3102 le D3114). Kaonafatšo ya Tsela D3109 e tla hola badudi ba Kiti, Motswedding, Dipompong le Mokuruanyane.

Ge a e fa polelo moletlong, Meyara Maeko o lebogile Etšentshi ya Limpopo ya Ditsela le Exxaro ka seabe sa bona go tlhabollo ya mananeokgoparara.

“Mmušo o nyaka lekala la poraebete go tšea kgato go ya ka dikgahlego tša setšhaba. Tšohle di a kgonega ge fela re šomišana.

“Protšeke ye ya tsela e tla hlola dibaka tše ntši tša mešomo le go fediša bohloki,” go boletše Meyara Maeko.

O hlohleletše bakhanselara le baetapele ba setšhaba go botša bakgethi ba bona ka kगतelopele. Molaodikakaretšo wa Tlhabollo ya Setšhaba wa Exxaro, Ramesh Chhagan o rile Exxaro e ikgafetše go dikgonagalo tša matlafatšo.

“Tsela e tla dumelela batho go sepela ka tokologo le go iša go dibaka tša go fapana tša ekonomi. Ka mehla re dula re ikgafetše



Meyara wa Masepala wa Lephallale Jack Maeko (wa mathomo ka letsogong la go ja) a boledišana le maloko a setšhaba go senthara ye mpsha ya tshedimošo go la Marapong.

go ba seabe se bohlokwa go setšhaba sa Lephallale go kgonthišiša gore re tlogela lefelo le le seemong se se kaone go feta ka mo ba le hweditšego ka gona,” go boletše Chhagan.

Mohlankedimogolphethiši wa RAL Petros Matji o lebogile sehlopha sa protšeke ge se akgošitše tšhepedišo go kgonthišiša gore go ba le kगतelopele ya go bonala ka ga protšeke.

“Go kgonthišiša phetišetšo ya bokgoni le matlafatšo ya Dikgwebopotlana (SMME) tša selegae, Aurecon e tla šomišana gagolo le Exxaro, Etšentshi ya Limpopo ya Ditsela le Masepala wa Selegae wa Lephallale nakong ya kgato ya tlhamo,” go boletše Matji.

Go tlaletša, mekgwa ye e nyakago go šoma kudu e tla šomišwa nakong ya ka go gomme se se tla hola palo ye kgolo ya maloko a setšhaba a se nago mošomo, kudu baswa ba go tšwa metseng ya tikologo.

GO BOELA MORAGO GO TŠA MOTHEO

Bjalo ka karolo ya lesolo la Poelomorago go tša Motheo, Meyara Maeko o butše semmušo senthara ya tshedimošo go la Marapong malobanyana. Ditebogo go senthara, maloko a setšhaba ga a sa swanela go sepela leeto le letelele go romela mangwalo a bona a kgopelo ya

mošomo (di-CV) go dathabeisi ya ga masepala.

“Masepala o tšeere maikarabelo a go kgonthišiša gore ka diprotšekeng ka moka tša ekonomi tša tikologo, ditšhaba tša selegae di fiwa šedi ya pele ge go thwalwa,” go boletše Meyara Maeko.

Bakgokaganyi ba babedi ba setšhaba ba thwetšwe go thuša go laola senthara ya tshedimošo.

Lenaneo la Poelomorago go tša Motheo, le le thakgotšwego ke Mopresidente Jacob Zuma ka Lewedi 2014, le ikemišetša go kgonthišiša gore mebasepala e šomela ditšhaba bokaone ka go di abela phihlelelo ye botse ya ditirelo tša motheo.

MMUŠO WA SELEGAE

Joburg – toropo ye e gatelago pele



Go na le diprotšeke tše ntši tše kgolo tša dintlo tšeo di tšwelago pele goba di le kगतong ya peakanyo go la Johannesburg.

Johannesburge tšwela pele go eta pele bjalo ka toropokgolo ye e gatelago pele ka Afrika Borwa. Le ge go na le ditlhohlo tša ekonomi, dikelo tša tswala tše di golelago godimo le diphetogo tša lebelo tša ditšhelete tša dinaga, Toropokgolo ya Johannesburg eme gabotse bjalo ka mohlala wa tielelo le bolaodi bja matlotlo bjo bo nago le tlhokomelo.

GO GOKETŠA DIPEELETŠO

Seemo se se botse sa toropo bjalo ka lefelo le le botse la go goketša peeletšo se matlafaditšwe ke sephetho sa bjale sa etšentshi ya lefase ka bophara, Fitch Ratings, go kaonafatša le go tiišetša dikelo tša maemo tša toropokgolo tša lebaka le letelele.

Etšentshi e retile toropo ka “mošomo wa tekanyetšo ye e matlafetšego” ge e elwa go ya ka ditekanetšo tša boditšhabatšhaba.

E laeditše ntlha ya gore Joburg ke toropo ye e kgolo, ye e humilego ka gare ga naga ebile ke legae la diinstitšhušene tše kgolo tša matlotlo le metsemešate ya kgwebo. Pego e hlaola bokgoni bja toropo go kgoboketša letseno le go fa balefeladitirelo boleng bjo bo botse bja difelo le metšhelo ye ba e lefago.

Fitch e laeditše gore, ntle le go se šome botse ka ekonoming ya bosetšhaba, peeletšo ya toropo ya R10 bilione go mananeokgoparara mo lebakeng la mengwaga ye 10 e tla thekga mošomo wo mobotse wo o tšwelago pele wa ekonomi ya yona. Se se tla dira gore go be le kgolo ya magareng go Palomoka ya Boleng bja Ditšweletšwa tša Naga Mo Ngwageng (GDP) ya 2% - 3% mo pakeng ya magareng ye e feleletšago ka beise ya motšhelo ye e oketšegago ge e kopantšhwa le batho ba ba oketšegago ka go nanya.

GDP ke boleng bja tšhelete ya dithoto le ditirelo tše di tšweleditšwego ka gare ga mellwane ya naga mo lebakeng la nako ye itšeng. Go babeletši ba lefase ka bophara, go laetša gore Toropokgolo ya Johannesburg ke lefelo le le bolokegilego le la peeletšo ye e nago le bokgoni bja poelo. Go badudi ba toropo, balefeladitirelo le lekala la kgwebo, e romela melaetša ye mebotse ya gore diphohli tše di šomišwago ke toropo di nepagetše le gore boetapele bo ka tshepagala gore bo tšwele pele ka mokgwa wa bjona wa bjale.

Se se swanela go tliša peeletšo ye ntši, ye e tlišago kgolo ya ekonomi, tlhohlo ya mešomo le menyetla ye mengwe go kaonafatša mana-

neokgoparara le boleng bja kabo ya ditirelo ka gare ga toropo.

Malobanyana, toropo e thopile Sefoka sa Ditoropokgolo sa C40 sa 2015 sa Protšeke ya yona ya Mpshafatšo ya Meago ye e Senyegilego go la Paris. Mpshafatšo ya Meago ye e Senyegilego, yeo e tsenetšwego go fetiša, e šetše e kgobokeditše R1.458 bilione mo ngwageng wa ditšhelete wa go feta gomme e beeleditšwe ka diprotšekeng tša go balega ka maiteko a go phepafatša toropo.

LENANEOKGOPARARA LA GO HLABOLLA DIKHORIDO TŠA TOKOLOGO

Ka 2012/13, Meyaraphethiši wa Johannesburg Parks Tau o tsebišetše gore toropo e



Joburg e bile Toropo ya mathomo ya go thakgola lenaneo la Dinamelwa la Dipese tša Lebelo. Lenaneo la ReaVaya le kaonafaditše ka fao batho ba šomišago dinamelwa.

tla beeletša ka godimo ga R100 bilione mo lebakeng la mengwaga ye 10 go diprotšeke tša mananeokgoparara a magolo ao gagolo a amanago le Dikhorido tša Tokologo. Dikhorido tša Tokologo ke diprotšeke tše di sekametšego go tša dinamelwa tšeo di tloga dira gore Johannesburg e tlogele mekgwa ya peakanyo ya toropo ya mehleng ya kgethollo ka go tliša dikolo, ditirelo, dibaka tša mešomo le dikholego tše dingwe kgauswi le magae a batho, kudu bao ba dulago metseng ye e lego ka ntle ga toropo.

Maikemišetšo a magolo a go aga Dikhorido tša Tokologo ke go fetola peakanyo ya mafelo ya mehleng ya kgethollo, go aga toropo ye e kopantšwego le go kaonafatša phihlelelo ya ditšhaba ya ekonomi le dibaka tša mešomo.

Go šetše go dirilwe tše ntši go hlabolla Lefelo la Rotunda go la Turfontein, Khorido ya Empire-Perth, Mmila wo mogolo wa Louis Botha le Khorido ya Soweto go dikologa Mmila wa Mooki, go akaretšwa kaonafatšo ya Setiši sa Nancefield.

Diprotšeke tše ka moka di diretšwe go kaonafatša ditšhaba, go kaonafatša mosepelo le go kopanya ditšhaba. Karolo ye bohlokwa ya Dikhorido tša Tokologo e bile

go agwa ga lenaneo la Dinamelwa la Dipese tša Lebelo leo le retilwego lefaseng ka bophara.

GO MATLAFATŠA BASWA

Johannesburg gape e gatela pele maitekong a yona a go tšena baswa ka gare ga setlwaedi sa mediyo ya ekonomi ka mananeo a tšweletšo bjalo ka Jozi@Work le Vulindlel' eJozi.

Toropo e šetše e tšentshe tirišong lenaneo la hlabollo la R3 bilione, Jozi@Work, leo e lego mmotlolo wa tšweletšommo go o diretšwego mmasepala gore o šomišane le ditšhaba go kaonafatša kabo ya ditirelo tša mmasepala ka gare ga ditšhaba.

Protšeke ye e retilwe ka gare ga pego ya bjale ya dinyakišišo tša boditšhabatšhaba ka katlego ya yona go laola maatla a baswa go hloheletša kgolo ya ekonomi ye e swarelelago.

Dikutullo di ka gare ga pego ye e bitšwago “Accelerating Pathways: Youth Economic Strategy Index 2015”. Kgatišo ye e hlompšago ya kgwebo: The Economist e kgopetšwe ke Citi Foundation go dira nyakišišo ka ditorepong tše 35 go dikologa lefase go akaretšwa Sydney, London, Madrid, Moscow, Mexico City, Hong Kong le Miami.

Meyara Parks Tau o hlaloša tlhompho ya toropo bjalo ka “kgodišo ye e amogelwago”.

“Johannesburg e lemoga gabotse nyakego ya diphetogo tše kgolo ka go thuto, kgwebo, tlhabollo ya bokgoni le tlhahlo go matlafatša baswa mo klaemeteng ya bjale ya ekonomi,” a tlaleletša.

Pego e re “phohli ga e nyake gore e akaretše ditshenyegelo tše kgolo.” E šupa Jozi@Work bjalo ka “protšeke ya maemo a godimo ya kgateloapele” yeo ka yona Johannesburg “e lekago go lokiša mathata a mmalwa a toropo ka nako e tee”.

Gape e reta Johannesburg gobane e dirile tlhabollo ya baswa ye nngwe ya ditlha tša yona tše kgolo ka lebaka la ekonomi ye e hlakilego le go nyaka setšhaba go gatela pele, go fetolela se

se bitšwago ‘mathata a magolo a moloko’ go sebaka sa katlego.

Ka Vulindlel' eJozi toropo e ikgafile go hlolela baswa mešomo ye meswa ye 200 000 gomme šomišana le lekala la poraebete go le fa diputseletšo tša matlotlo ge ba thwala baswa.

Johannesburg gape e hlomile neteweke ya ‘baeletši ba baswa’ mo maemong a setšhaba go fihlelela baswa, go theeletša dipelaelo tša bona le go thoma go šogana le dinyakwa ka makaleng a bjalo ka a thuto, tlhahlo ya mošomo le thwalomošomong.

Meyara Tau o re Joburg ke toropo “fao baswa ba etago pele pitšo ya phetogo, ba nyakago sebaka sa go šoma, go kaonafatša maphelo a bona le go ba ba kaone go seo ba ratago go ba sona”.

TOROPO YA DIKGOKAGANO E BULA MAFASE A MASWA

Theknolotši ya Kgokagano e tšwela pele go fetola maphelo a badudi ba Joburg gethakgolo ya lenaneo la toropo la Theknolotši ya Kgokagano le Tshedimošo la toropo le tia maatl.

Mo dikgweding tše tshela tše di latelago



Boradifatanaga ba bantši bjale ba emiša difatanaga tša bona ditišing tša ReaVaya gomme ba itahlela ka gare ga dipese gore ba sepele go kgabaganya Joburg.

toropo e tla tšwela pele go oketša kgokagano ya Wi-Fi le go tsebiša theknolotši ye mpsha yeo e kaonafatšago kopano le badudi le go oketša boleng bja kabo ya ditirelo.

Kgopolo ya “Toropo ya Dikgokagano” ye e laeditšwego ke Meyara Tau ka Polelo ya gagwe le Setšhaba sa Toropo e thoma go bonala. “Phihlelelo ya titšithale e ba kudu taba ya tekano ka gare ga setšhaba sa rena go swana le phihlelelo ya meetse le mohlaga,” go bolela Meyara Tau.

Lenaneo la Ketapele le šetše le fihleletše dikatlego tša go balega gomme le tla tšwela pele go thakgolwa mo seripeng sa mafelelo sa ngwaga wa ditšhelete.

Go fihlelelwa ga Wi-Fi ya mahala go phatlalala le toropo. Meago ye e lego ka fase ga toropo ye 100 e šetše e kgokagantšwe gomme mafelo a 370 a Wi-Fi a šetše a thomile go šoma. Neteweke ye e sego ya megala e šetše e tsebagaditšwe go la Braamfontein, e kgontšha batho go tšena go Wi-Fi ya mahala ka dilephthop, theipoete le diselefounu tše



Toropokgolo ya Joburg e ikgafetše go hlolela baswa mešomo ye meswa ye 200 000 ka lenaneo la Vulindlel' eJozi

DITABA TŠE DI AKARETŠAGO

Govt sets aside billions for new port facilities



Government is investing billions to new port facilities. In 2014 Operation Phakisa was launched and implemented in the ocean economy, health, education and mining sectors.

Janine Arcangeli

President Jacob Zuma said R7 billion has been committed to new port facilities.

This follows the adoption of a public-private partnership model for port infrastructure development by Transnet National Ports Authority.

Delivering his State of the Nation Address in Parliament last month, President Zuma said government was concerned that South Africa did not own vessels while the country is surrounded by about 3 000 kilometres of

coastline.

"Through the oceans economy segment of Operation Phakisa, we are trying to solve this challenge.

"I am pleased that two bulk carrier vessels have been registered in Port Elizabeth, and a third tanker in Cape Town under the South African flag," he said.

The Operation Phakisa Big Fast results methodology was launched in 2014 and implemented in the ocean economy, health, education and mining sectors.

Through Operation Phakisa, government aims to implement its policies and pro-

grammes better, faster and more effectively.

Another positive Operation Phakisa development has been the launch of a fuel storage facility in Cape Town, bringing an investment of R660 million.

"Aquaculture appears to be an important growth area within the oceans economy segment of Operation Phakisa. Close to R350 000 private sector investment has thus far been committed in the aquaculture sector.

"Nine aquaculture farms are already in production. These farms are located within the Eastern Cape, KwaZulu-Natal, Western Cape and Northern Cape," said the President.

Operation Phakisa is an adaptation of the Big Fast Results methodology that was first applied by the Malaysian Government, successfully, in the delivery of its economic transformation programme.

The operation addressed their national key priority areas such as, poverty, crime and unemployment.

It involves setting up clear targets and follows up with on-going monitoring processes which makes the results public.

Through this initiative, the Malaysian government was able to register impressive results within a short period.

> E tšwela pele go tšwa letlakaleng la 1

LENANEO LA DINTLHA TŠE SENYANE

Mopresidente Zuma gape o swaetše godimo ga dikgatelopele tše di amanago le Lenaneo la Dintlha tše Senyane tše a di tsebišitšego ngwaga wa go feta, ka go re, magareng a tše dingwe, kgatelopele e dirilwe go dira gore kabo ya mohlagase e e se tekateke.

Maikemišetšo a lenaneo ke go oketša kgolo ya ekonomi le go hlola mešomo ye e nyakwago kudu. E na le, magareng a tše dingwe, tsošološo ya tšhaene ya boleng bja temo le ditšweletša tša ka meetseng; go godiša kholego, go šogana le bokgoni bja dikgwebopotlana le tlhohlo ya enetši.

Mopresidente Zuma o rile mmušo o beeleditše R83 bilione ka Eskom, yeo e e kgontšhitšego go tšwela pele go beeletša ka Medupi le Kusile, mola e tšwela pele ka lenaneo la tlhokomelo le le feletšego.

Diyuniti tša tlaleletšo go tšwa setišing sa mohlagase sa Ingula se tla thoma go šoma ka 2017, le ge e le gore tše dingwe tša tšona di tla thoma go beakanyetšwa go šoma ngwaga wo.

Mabaka a ditšhišinyo a mantši a Lenaneo la Motšweletši wa Mohlagase wa go Ikemela wo o Tsošološegago a gokeditšego peeletšo ya R194 bilione.

"Protšeke ye ke mohlala wa go tia wa ka fao mmušo o ka šomišanago le lekala la praebete go fa ditharollo tše di

diragatšegago go tlhohlo ya kgauswi yeo e lebanego le naga ya rena."

Mopresidente o boletše gore ngwaga wo mmušo o tla kgetha bakgopedi ba maleba ba motšweletši wa mohlagase wo o sa dirišego malahla.

AFRIKA BORWA E DIRILE KGATELOPELE YE NTŠI

Ge a bolela kopanong ya kgwebo ya The New Age, go la Motse Kapa, letšatši morago ga ge a file Polelo ya Maemo a Setšhaba, Mopresidente Jacob Zuma o boletše gore ntle le gore temokrasi ke ye mpsha, Afrika Borwa e dirile kgatelopele ye ntši kagong ya ekonomi ye e tieletšego yeo e akaretšago. O tlaleleditše go re mola tše ntši di sa nyaka go dirwa, o kgotsofetše ka kgatelopele ye e dirilwego ke naga.

"Ke dumela gore bjalo ka naga, ka mengwaga ya rena le ditlhohlo, re dirile kgatelo pele ye botse."

"Re šogane le ditaba tša leago tšeo di amago naga ya rena gape re hlotše mešomo eupša bothata bjo botee ke gore mola re hlola mešomo, re lahlegelwa ke mešomo ka nako e tee," go boletše Mopresidente.

GO KAONAFATŠA DIPEELETŠO

Mmušo, ka Kgoro ya Kgwebišano le Intasteri, o tsebišitše diputseletšo tša go balega mo mengwageng ye mmalwa ya go feta go oketša dipeeletšo ka makaleng a botšweletši, kudu makala a mašela, matlalo le a makoloi.

Mopresidente e boletše gore diputseletšo tšeo di tsebagaditšwego tša lekala la makoloi di gokeditšego dipeeletšo tša ka godimo ga



Baswa ba maAfrika Borwa ba be ba thabetše go kwa seo Mopresidente Zuma a bego a swanela go se botša setšhaba.

R25 bilione mo mengwageng ye mehlano ya go feta.

Kago ye e thomile ka bonnyane Diphaka tša Temo tše hlano, tšeo di akaretšago Ranteng Bodikela go la Gauteng, Springbokpan go la Leboa Bodikela, Witzenberg go la Kapa Bodikela, Ncora go la Kapa Bohlabela le Enkangala go la Mpumalanga.

Mopresidente o boletše gore mmušo o dirile dipheto tše boima gantši gomme o beeleditše ka makaleng a mmalwa go kaonafatša boleng bja maphelo a badudi ka moka.

"Re be re ntše re šoma ka thata go beeletša.

Mohlala, mananeokgoparara ke a mangwe a makala a bonalago a kgatelopele yeo re e dirilego ka gare ga naga. Re aga ditiši tše di kgolo tša mohlagase go kgotsofatša dinyakwa tša ekonomi le dinyakwa tša batho".

"Re beakantše lenaneo la bosetšhaba leo le amogetšwego ke maAfrika Borwa ka moka... Re dirile thuto ntlha ya mathomo ye bohlokwa gomme re arotše lekala la thuto Kgoro ya Thuto ya Motheo le Thuto ya Godingwana go dira gore bontši bja maAfrika Borwa bao ba bego ba sa akaretšwe peleng, ba be karolo ya ekonomi," o boletše.