



Vuk'uzenzele

Uyetfulelwa Tekuchumana Tahulumende Nekuniketa Lwati (GCIS)

Siswati/English

Inhlaba 2016 Lushicilelo 1



**Sibonelelo
sahulumende
setenhlalakahle
sintjintja timphilo**

Likhasi 5



**Emapulazi
aKwaZondi
atfola lusito**

Likhasi 10

**INETIKHANGISO
TEMISEBENTI**

Kucinisa luhlelo IwaseNingizimu Afrika Iwetemphilo



Indvuna yeTemphilo Dkt. Motsoaledi umemetele lisu lahulumende lekulwa neSandvulelangculazi kanye nengculazi.

Amukelani Chauke

Nengaloku lelive lichubeka ngekucala kusebentisa luhlelo lolukhulu lwemhlaba Iwekwelapha Sandvulelangculazi (i-HIV) Nengculazi (i-AIDS), Indvuna yeTemphilo Dkt. Aaron Motsoaledi umemetele emasu lamcoka lokuhloswe ngawo kukhulisa umkhankhaso wekulwa ne-HIV ne-AIDS.

Loluhlelo, lolucal ngekwetfulwa kwemkhankhaso lomkhulu wemhlaba wekwenya luhlolo nga-2010 – lubitwa ngekutsi Mkhankaso Wekuhlola Nekwelulekwange-HIV (i-HCT) – kubonakale bantu baseNingizimu Afrika labatigidzi leti-18 bahlolewa i-HIV ne-AIDS esikhatsini setinyanya leti-18.

Lamuhla, batigidzi leti-10 bantu baseNingizimu Afrika labahlola ngemnyaka.

Indvuna Motsoaledi umemetele kutsi kusukela ngenyanga yeNyoni lonyaka, tigulane letine-HIV titawutfolwa kweleshwa ngetidzambisingculazi (ema-ARV) nanome ngabe sibalo se-CD4 sabo sitsini.

"Ngenyanga yeNyoni lonyaka sitawususa sibalo se-CD4 njengesidzingosimo sekwelashwa ngema-ARV. Sitawuchubeka sihlole futsi selaphe ngekulandzela tinkhombandlela letinsha letikhishwe beNhlangano Yemhlaba Yetemphilo (i-WHO) ngeNgongoni kulomnyaka lophelile.

"Kwengeta kuloko, sitawunika labo labatsengisa ngemtimba i-Pre-Exposure Prophylaxis (i-PrEP) ngekusebentisa tinhlelo

leti-10 talabatsengisa ngemtimba kusukela ngeNhlaba kulomnyaka nekutsi sitawucala ngetifundo tekufundza kuleyo miklamo lesitawube siyikhombisa yekutsi singabanika kanjani ncono i-PrEP ngembikwekutsi sibanike lomutsi bonkhe labasikati labasebasha labanekuhlaseleka lula," kwasho yena ngesikhatsi etfula inkhulomo yemcombelelo welitiko lakhe ePhalamende esikhatsini lesisanda kwendlula.

Indvuna itsite kulenyanga hulumende utakwetfula umkhankhaso wemnyaka lemtsatsu lokuhloswe ngawo kunciphisa lufu kulabasikati labancane kanye nekwandzisa ematfuba etemnotfo kute sibavikele kubobabe labadzala labatsandzana nemantfombatana lamancane.

"Sitawukwetfula umkhankhaso wemnyaka lemtsatsu lotawugcila kumantfombatana lamancane kanye nakulabasikati labasha, labanemnyaka yebudzala le-15-24, kanye nakulawo madvodza labamitsisako nalabtselela ngetifo," kwasho yena. Lomkhankhaso utawugcila kuloku lokusihlanu lokumcoka:

- Kunciphisa lufu emantfombataneni kanye nakulabasikati labasha
- K u n c i p h i s a k u k u h l e l w a kumantfombatana lasasemancane
- Kunciphisa ludlame Iwetemacansi kanye nelwebulili.
- Kugcina emantfombatana asesikolweni ate acedze matekulejeni
- Kwanzisa ematfuba etemnotfo

alabasikati labasha kulinga kubalmula ekutsandzaneni nabobabe labadzala.

Utsite loku kuhambisana nenjongo yetilito yekuhlangabetana nenhoso yeLuhlelo Lwekfutufukisa Lavelonkhe (i-NDP) lekunciphisa umtfwalo lobangwa sifo, kutsi bantu baphile iminyaka lenge-70 nga-2030 kanye nekutsi kutsi kutsi nesituklwane lesite ingculazi lesinemnyaka yebudzala lengaphasi kwemnyaka lenge-20.

"Lomkhankhaso kufanele kutsi ube wahulumele wonkhe kanye newesive sonkhana futsi uholwe bantu labasha," kwasho yena.

Indvuna yatsi lomkhankhaso utawudla tindleko letitigidzigidzi leti-R3 letitawutfolakala ekusekelweni ngekwetimali baka-PEPFAR, Global Fund, be-German Development Agency (i-GIZ) kanye nematiko ahulumende.

Bantu labafa ngena ye-AIDS eNingizmu Afrika behle kusukela kubantu labange-320 000 nga-2010 kuya kulabange-140 000 nga-2014, kwatsi kutsatselana lokusuka kumake kuye kumntfwana kwe-HIV kwehle kusukela kubantu labange-70 000 nga-2004 kwaba ngephasi kwe-7 000 nga-2015.

"Njengaloku ubona, loku kusho imphumelelo lephatsekako. Kodwa utawucaphela kutsi lokuphumelela kweyame kakhulu ekwelapheni ngekusebentisa bodokodela nemitsi.

"Nakufikwa endzabeni yekutiphatsa ngekwenhlahlo, kuba yimphi lengumcansa – ikakhulu macondzana nemantfombatana lanemnyaka le-15-24 budzala kanye

nalabasikati labasha. Kulesigaba sabontsanga, kunelufu lolusha labatselelana ngalo lolu-5 000 ngeliviki emaveni la-14 baseNingizimu ye-Afrika kanye neMphumalanga ye-Afrika – kodwua sigamu saloko kwenteka eNingizimu Afrika kuphela," kwasho yona njalo Indvuna.

Indvuna iphindze futsi yatsi letinsha titawubita litiko sigidzigidzi R1 lesengetiwe kumcombelelo walonyaka, Temafa Avelonkhe lesetivele setiyibekile eceleni nanome simo setemnotfo sisisibi ngalendlela.

SIFO SESIFUBA SISASENGUMBULALI LOMKHULU

Kwanyalo, Indvuna itsite nanome i-HIV ne-AIDS kusaseyinkinga, sifo sesifuba (i-TB) sifo lesibulala bantu.

Utsite nanome kufa kwebantfu ngena ye-TB kwehlide kusukela kubantu laba-70 000 nga-2009 kuya kulabangephasi kwe-40 000 nga-2014, solomane sisasengumbulali lomkhulu wetifo letitsatselana lapha eveni letfu kanye nasemhlabeni nje wonkhe.

"Kusukela nje umkhankhaso wekuhlola wetfulwa ngeLusuku Lwemhlaba Lwe-TB mhla tinge-24 Indlovulenkhulu 2015 nguSekelamengameli Cyril Ramaphosa, ngiyajabula kumemetela kutsi sesihlole ngemphumelelo tinkhulgwane tebantfu emikhakheni lenekuhlaseleka lula etindzaweni lapho kulungiswa khona timilo, emimangweni yetimayini kanye nakuleyo mimango lesedvtane netimayini.

"Lonyaka sitawugcila etindzaweni tasemadolbeni lamakhulu letisiphohlongo ngenhoso yekuhlola bantu labatigidzi le-1.3," kwasho yena.

Indvuna itsite litiko litawutfola sibonelelo setigidzigidzi le-R4.2 letibuya ku-Global Fund kutekusekelewe kuhendvula kwahulumende macondzana ne-HIV ne-AIDS.

LUHLEOKWENTA LANGCONDVOMSHINI LELISHA LEKULANDZELELA KUSWELAKALA KWESITOKO SEMTSI

Indvuna itsite tinsayeya letinkhulu letibanga umtfwalo walesifo kulelive kuphela kwemitsi – sehlakalo lesibitwa ngekutsi kuphela kwesitoko semitsi.

Utsite litiko belisolomane lilwa nalenkinga sikhatsi lesidze.

Hulumende nyalo sewucale kusebentisa luhlelo lolukhombisa kuba khona kwesitoko lolubitwa ngekutsi yi-SVS lolusetjentiswa emitfolamphilo yekunakekela ngetemphilo lokusisekelo.

"Lolu luhlelokwenta lohamba nalo tingcweti letinakekela ngetemphilo letilusebentisako

> **Iyachubeka**

elikhasini le - 2

LOKUVAMILE

Government and citizens to interact more



Government has come up with creative ways to improve and ensure that there is constant communication with its citizens

Amukelani Chauke

South Africans will soon experience even better interaction with government.

The Government Communication and Information System (GCIS) will spend over R300 million on programmes that will improve communication between the state and citizens, said Communications Minister Faith Muthambi when she tabled the department's Budget Vote.

The National Development Plan emphasises the need to unite South Africans around a common goal – ensuring that citizens are active in their own development and build a capable and developmental state.

"This partnership is as a result of our community outreach programme in far flung areas of our country."

"To support these outcomes, the GCIS will continue to implement programmes aimed at facilitating two-way communication between government and its citizens," she said.

The Minister explained that the partnerships would enable citizens to access information about government policies, plans, programmes and activities to promote government accountability and ensure that citizens can actively participate

in government initiatives.

"In order to fulfil this responsibility, a budget of R382.1 million has been allocated to the GCIS," she added.

GOVERNMENT THROWS ITS WEIGHT BEHIND COMMUNITY RADIO

The Minister said supporting community radio was a priority for government and urged the private sector to do the same.

"The Community Radio Support Strategy has been finalised and is being implemented.

"I am pleased to inform the house that in the 2015/16 financial year the GCIS spent over R26 million on community radio advertising.

"During the 2016/17 financial year, five licensed community radio stations will be provided with broadcasting infrastructure," she said.

The Minister added that work was at an advanced stage as far as finalising the broadcasting policy review process was concerned.

She said some of the overarching and specific objectives of the review are to:

- Create a level playing field for emerging audio-visual media services.
- Protect and empower consumers (audiences), in particular to guarantee key societal values for the protection of minors and human dignity and

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promote the rights of visually and or hearing impaired persons.

• Promote South African content to support social cohesion and nation building and safeguard media diversity, pluralism, freedom of expression and information.

"The department's community radio programme is working! The Greater Giyani Municipality partnered with the Giyani Community Radio Station and provided them with premises and advertising support to ensure the sustainability of the station.

"We call upon other municipalities to emulate this gesture, without compromising the editorial independence of the stations," she said.

The Minister added that the department would also continue to publish and distribute the fortnightly *Vuk'uzenzele* newspaper.

She said in the 2016/17 financial year, the department has allocated R25.8 million to produce and distribute 18.7 million copies per year in all 11 official languages.

"We will continue to encourage government departments to place recruitment advertisements in *Vuk'uzenzele*.

"I would like to thank departments that are using this platform to advertise their vacancies and I also encourage others to do so too," she said.

> Ichubeka isukela

elikhasini le - 1

ekusikeneni emabhakhodi emitsi bese tiyasho kutsi asakuphi emazinga ema-ARV, kwelashwa kwe-TB kanye nemitsi yekugoma.

"Lolwatiso Iwangaleso sikhatsi futsi luyatfolakala nome ngabe ngukuyiphi indzawo kuleso sigodzi, ngekusebentisa i-inthanethi," kwasho yena.

Indvuna itsite tifundza letisitfupha setinayo i-SVS lebamba imitfolamphilo yalelive le-1 900 nome emaphesenti lange-60.

Utsite kusentiti emasu ekutsi yonkhe imitfolamphilo isebeitise i-SVS ibike ngekubakhona kwemutsi esikhungeni savelonkhe sekwelusa kubakhona kwemutsi etinyangeni letintsatfu letilandzelak.

Litiko liphindze futsi lacala kusebentisa indlela lensha lebitwa ngekutsi Luhlelo Lwekusabalalisa Umutsi Wekugula Lokutsatsa Sikhatsi Lesidze Kwelapheka (i-CCMDD).

"Loluhlelo lwenta kutsi tigulane letingaguli kakhulu tikhone kuyolandza imitsi yato endzaweni letsite dvutane nelikhaya nome nasemsebentini – kongiwe imali nesikhatsi.

"Luphindze futsi lunciphise tikhatsi tekulindza emitfolamphilo ngekutsi lunciphise umtsamo wetigulane lokufanele kutsi ngabe tiya emtfolamphilo," kwasho yena njalo.

Indvuna Motsoaledi utsite kwanyalo, tigulane letilinganiselwa cishe kule-400 000 setibhalisile kuloluhlelo setiyakhona kufinyelela kutfola imitsi yato etindzaweni tekutsatsa imitsi letingetulu kwe-1 000, lokufaka ekhatsi tindzawo letimisewe lowo msebenti, tindzawo tetemphilo, tindzawo tabodokotela jikelele kanye nabosokhemisi bangasese.

Utsite litiko belisahlela kufinyelela kutigulane letinge-800 000 ekupheleni kwalomnyakamabhu.

"Sidzinga futsi kuciniseka kutsi imitsi isetjentiswa ngendlela fefane. Ngaleyondo sinefinkhombandlela letifananako tekwelapha (ema-STG).

"Kulomnyaka lophelile setfule luhlelo Iwekusebenta Iwangcondvomshini lekusabalalisa letinkhombandlela, kucalisa ngema-STG ekunakekela ngemphilo lokusisekelo.

"Loluhlelokwenta lutfolakala mahala

kuto tonkhe titolo teluhlelokwenta Iwangcondvomshini kantsi futsi luyasebentiseka ngaphandle kwe-inthanethi kusita tingcweti tetemphilo etindzaweni tasemacwacwasini lapho kunekuchumana lokungekho kahle nome lapho kungekho khona vele sanhlobo," kwasho yena.

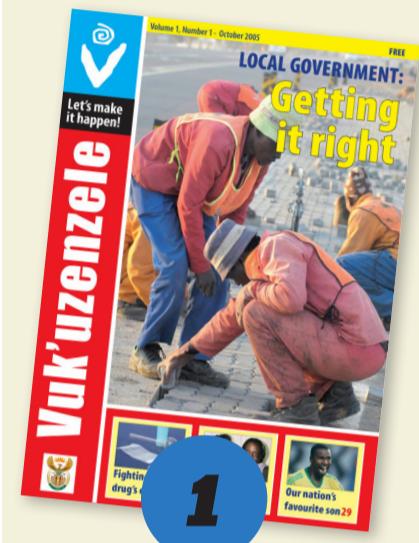
Utsite loluhlelokwenta Iwangcondvomshini lusita ekutsatseni sincumo endzaweni lapho kunakekelwa khona. Luphindze futsi lube nemsebenti wekubika nanome ngabe ngusiphi sitoko semitsi lomcoka lesingekho. Nome ngabe ngumuphi dokotela lokuyiphi indzawo yetekwelapha, nangabe ancuma nome ngabe ngumuphi umutsi lomcoka kepha atjelwe kutsi awukho, angacindzetela nje inkhinobho letawubika ngco ePitoli.

"Dokotela akukafaneli kutsi atihluphe ngetiphatsimandla tesibhedlela nome umtfolamphilo ngobe ngabe kubikiwe kutsi sitoko sesehlide nangabe bekukhona kulawula lokuhle kuleso sibhedlela nome mtfolamphilo.

"Loluhlelokwenta seluvele lusetjentiswa ngebanftu labange-15 000 lapha eNingizimu Afrika," kwasho yena njalo.

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JUNE EDITION TWO 2016



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Lidolobhakati lase-Ekurhulen i litfutfukisa timphilo

Nonkululeko Mathebula

Lidolobhakati lase-Ekurhulen i lente inchubekelbili lebalulekile futsi litigcinile tetsembiso talo lelitente kubantu. Loku kubonakale ngesikhatsi kwetfulwa Inkulumo Yebunjalo Belidolobhakati, lapho indzaba yemafuba emisembenti beyisetulu ku-ajenda

Sodoloba wase-Ekurhulen Mondli Gungubele uphawulile ngetinsayaya lababukene nato kanye nenchubekelbili lababenayo kute kubengunyalo, kanye nekusumbulula lenkinga yekuswelakala kwenmembenti kulelidolobhakati, wacinisekisa takhamuti kutsi hulumende uphishekile ulwa na lenkinga futsi udala emafuba emisembenti.

"Emitameni yetfu yekudala emafuba emisembenti kanye nekunciphisa buphuya, sesidale emafuba emisembenti langasingaphasi kwe-200 000 kuleminyaka lesihlanu leyengcile, kantsi ngekusebentisa imiklamo yahulumende, sesidale emafuba la-52 856 ngekusebentisa Luhlelo Lwemisebenti Yemmango Lolwengetiwe neLuhlelo Lwemisebenti Yemmango."

Utsite imikhakha lebanti yetemnotfo ikhone kudala imisembenti lengetiwe le-148 589 kuwo wonkhe umnotfo wesigodzi ngaso lesikhatsi.

"Ngetulu kwaloko, lelidolobhakati libe bantfu labasha laba-5 000 etinkampanini letahlukahlukene ngaphasi kwenkotileka yeminyaka lemibili, kungasiko kuphela kusumbulula lenkinga yekungabi nemsebenti kodwva futsi kuyindela yekubavisa kutsi kunjani lapho kusetjentwa khona kanye nekubenta kutsi bakhone kucasheka esikhatsini lesitako."

KUKHULISA UMNOTFO WASELOKISHINI

Ngekulandzela indlela yekudala emafuba emphumalanga yeJozi, Lidolobhakati lase-

Ekurhulen limatasatasa livusetela iminotofa yasemalokishini kucinisekisa kutsi temabhizinisi tyadlondlobala emalokishini.

Kufezekisa loku, tindzawo letinsha letishlanu temnotfo setisunguliwe lokufaka ekhatsu Etwatu, eVosloorus, eDuduza kanye naKwaThema, lokutawudlu tindleko tetigidzi letinge-R90 ngemnyaka.

Imiklamo lemuyenti ledla tigidzi temarandi iphindze futsi yanika bosonkontileka labasafufusa kulesigodzi, ngenhlosa yekudala emafuba emisembenti kubantu bendzawo.

Samba sesisonkhe lesi-128 sabosomabhizinisi labancane, labasemkhatsini kanye nabosomabhizinisi labancane kakhulu batfole imali yekubafukula letigidzi leti-R6 letabasita ekufukuleni emabhzinisi abo.

Lena ngulemyne nje yemiklamo leyentiwa ngulelidolobhakati futsi leyakha incenye yetigidzidzi le-R2.9 letibekelwe eceleni kutsi tisetjentiselwe i-Mintirho ya Vulavula Community Empowerment Programme.

TINDLU LETINESITFUNDI

Sodoloba Gungubele uphawule ngekubaluleka kwekucinisekisa kutsi bantfu banetindlu letinesitfundi.

"Ngekulandzela umgomo wekunika bonke bantfu bakitsi tindlu letinesitfundi, tindlu leti-112 781 tinikwe bantfu emkhatsini wemnyaka wa-1994 na-2006.

"Nome kunjalo, 14 781 taletindlu betakhiwe emkhatsini wemnyaka wa-2011 kanye na-2016 kantsi kulomnyakatimali losetulu kusekwa ngetimali kwentiwe nguHulumende weSifundza, sesivele sakhe tindlu letinge-471 kuleto tindlu letinge-526 letiloswi.



Sodoloba wase-Ekurhulen Mondli Gungubele ngesikhatsi avakashele emtfolamphilo lomusha i-Villa Liza losandza kwakhiwa lapha eBoksburg.

"Kwengeta kuloko, sesefule tinsita etitandini ciskeleti-124 758 ngaso lesi sikhatsi. Ematayitala laphele kanye nebunikati bemhlaba buniketwe bantfu laba-124 758 ngekusungula emalokishi la-112 kanye nemakhaya langetiwe la-32 544 atfole ematayitala," kwasho yena njalo Sodoloba Gungubele.

Uphindze futsi waneta ngekutsi lihhovisilakhe lisebenta ngekutikhandla kutsi kucedvwe imikhukhu kanye nemakamelo lasemuva kwetindlu ngekutsi kunikwe bantfu tindlu letanele.

KWANDZISA KUFINYELELA KUTFOLA GEZI

Sodoloba Gungubele uphawule watsi lelidolobhakati lifake gezi emakhaya latfola sibonelelo langetulu kwemakhaya lange-27 000.

Liphindze futsi lafaka emalambo assetataladini langetiwe la-6 972 kusukela ngemnyaka wa-2011.

Lesinye sigidzidzi le-R1.6 sitjalwe ekwenteni ncono kanye nasekuvuseteleni inethiwekhi yagezi yalelidolobhakati.

"Njengaloku igridi yemandla yalelive ichubeka isebentia kamatima, imitamo yetfu yekuphendvula kuloko ifaka ekhatsu kuhcita emamegawatsi lange-300 emandla lavusetelekako nga-2020.

"Kufezekisa loku, lelidolobhakati licale Luhlelo Lolutimele Lwekuhicitia Emandla lolutasitis kutsi sikwati kutsenga emandla emitfonjeni lehlukahlukene yemandla lavusetelekako," kwasho yena njalo Sodoloba Gungubele.

Emasu lamakhulu ekukhulisa masipala waseThekwini

Thandeka Ngobese

Bantfu baseNingizimu Afrika bavuna titselo telutjalo lolukhulu hulumende lalwente kutakhiwonchani ngekwakha tikolo letinsha, kufinyelela kutfola emanti, kufakelwa kwagezi kanye nemisembenti emkhatsini waletinye tintfo.

Kudaleka kwemsebenti, kutfutfukiswa kwemakhono, intfutfuko yetemnotfo wendzawo kanye netetindlu tisembili ku-ajenda yaMasipala waseThekwini," kwasho Sodoloba James Nxumalo ngesikhatsi etfula Inkulumo yakhe Yebunjalo Bedolobhakati esikhatsini lesisanda kwendlula.

Sodoloba Nxumalo utsite umcombelelo walelidolobhakati lotigidzidzi letinge-R41.6 yamnyakatimali ya-2016/17 utawubukana netinsayaya tesakhiwonchani, kubete kwemsebenti, kutfutfukisa emakhono kanye nekukhula kwemnotfo.

"Incenye lenkhulu yalomcombelelo itawusettiselwe kutfutfukisa umnotfo wendzawo. Sesibeke eceleni tigidzi letinge-R28 kute sitfutfukise llokishi laseHammarsdale kutsi libe yindzawo yetemnotfo," kwengeta yena.

Emalokishi lacalwe kutfutfukiswa ngulawa alandzelako:

- Isipingo - tigidzi letinge-R32
- Indzawo Yekuvakasha yase-Umgababa - tigidzi letinge-R32
- Kutfutfukisa kwe-Umlazi - Indzawo yakwa-V - tigidzi letinge-R20
- Isikhungo Setimboni Letisatfutfukako sase-Umlazi - tigidzi leti-R13
- Indzawo Yetitolo yaMasipala waseMagabheni - tigidzi leti-R10

"Ngalomcombelelo sifuna kwenta intfutfuko lebonakalako letawuba neligalelo ekudaleni umsebenti. Sifuna lidolobhakati lelisezingeni lemhlabu lelitawuheha bavakashi futsi libe yindzawo lenhle umuntu langahlala kuyo. Sifuna umnotfo lonemandla nalousimeme lotawuvula emafuba kutsi lasha lutfole imisembenti," kwasho yena.

KUDALEKA KWEMSEBENTI NEKUTFUTFUKISWA KWEMAKHONO

Lelidolobhakati linabosonkontileka bekuftaka emaphayiphi labange-943 labasebenta ngekuntjintjana kuniketa tinsita letiphatselene nemanti.

"Kwalyalo sibuke kucasha labasebenta ngekufuka emaphayiphi labangentiwe kute sente ncono sikhatsi

sekucedza umsebenti lowentiwako. Kunebantfu laba-1 250 labacashwe kutisetjentiswa tekugezela nekutifuma, kantsi kunalabanye futsi labange-50 labatawucashwa kulomnyaka njengaloku tisetjentiswa tekugezela nekutifuma tiphotfulwa.

"Sinabosonkontileka futsi labasemmangweni, labacashe bantfu labalinganisela kulaba-1 770 kutsi bakhuculule tibi. Luhlelo Lwe-Zibambele Poverty Alleviation seludale imisembenti lengetulu kwe-6 200," kwangeta yena njalo Sodoloba.

UMKLAMO WEKUTFUTFUKISA TINGCWETI TEMSEBENTI WETANDLA

Lelidolobhakati litawucecesha tingcweti temsebenti wetandla leti-10 000 esikhatsini seminyaka lemtsatu. Sodoloba Nxumalo utsite lomklamo utawusekwangemali letawubuya emalini leyongiwe kumcombelelo wekulungisa lokonakalako.

"Emanti, lokulahliwe lokusasigadla kanye nebunjiniyela sekuvele kubekelwe eceleni tigidzi leti-R11 kutsi tisetjentiselwe lolo luhlelo kulomnyakatimali lotako. Inhoso kutsi letingcweti letisebenta ngetandla tente ncono kulungiswa kwetintlo letonakele kulosasipala."

Sodoloba ugcugcutela onkhe emayunithi lanetinhlelo tekulungisa lapho konakele khona kutsi atimbandzakanye kulomklamo. Lomklamo utawuchutjwa ngetigaba sikhatsi seminyaka lemtsatu kantsi kusentjentiswa kwemali kutakwehukaniswa ngalendlele lelandzelako: Tigidzi letinge-R223 ngemnyaka wekucala, tigidzi letinge-R260 ngemnyaka wesibili kanye netigidzi letinge-R260 ngemnyaka wesitsatu.

INTFUTFUKO YASETINDZAWENI TASEMAPHANDLENI KANYE NEKUBAKHONA KWEKUDLA

Samba sesisonkhe semcombelelo wetekulima walelidolobhakati sitigidzi letinge-R27.8. Kunetivande temmango letinge-85 letisekelwa ngamanyolo, imvundza, ngafenisi, ticukatis tekulondvolota, tindlu tangasese kanye netakhiwonchani temanti.

"Tonke tivandze temmango tinikwa emathulusi.

Ngekusho kwabamaPaki Ekulima, tigidzi leti-R5

tibekelwe eceleni kutsi tisetjentiselwe kuhlela kantsi naletinye timali letingetiwe titawucelwa nasekuphotfulwe lucwaningo lwekuhla kutsi kutawufaneleka yini," kwangeta yena njalo Sodoloba.

"Kuletinye tikhatsi, itawusettiselwe ngco

kutfutfukisa emakhono layindlala. Ngaletinye tikhatsi itawusettiselwe tinhlelo tekutfutfukisa emakhono nje jikelele.

"Letichamukelo tifaka ekhatsu Sikhwama Sasodoloba waseThekwini Sekusita Bafundzi kanye nemifundzate, bafundzi labanesipilioni sasemsebentini, kufundza usebenta, tinhlelo tekutfutfukisa emakhono kanye neKuhlola Ngakubanti Emakhono eMmango, intfutfuko kutemsebenti kanye nekusekwa, labasanda kutfola tico labacechwako, bafundzi, kusekelwa ngekwmekhaka kanye naletinye nje tinhlelo."

"Kulindzeleke kutsi kuzuze abantu abasha

labalinganisela eti-2 968 kuletinhlelo.



Emakhulukhulu ebantfu ayazuza ngalelisobho lasekhishini laMasipala waseThekwini.



Umklamo weTindlu iCornubia unika takhamuti taKwaZulu-Natal tindlu letidzingeke kakhulu.