

Vuk'uzenzele



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Investment inspires confidence

THE R6.1 BILLION investment by Toyota, one of the country's largest car manufacturers, will grow the local economy and create jobs.



President Jacob Zuma at the Toyota plant during the launch of the new Hilux and Fortuner models in Durban, KwaZulu-Natal.

Thandeka Ngobese

Car manufacturer Toyota has invested over R6 billion into South Africa by opening a plant to produce the new Hilux and Fortuner models in Durban, KwaZulu-Natal.

The production of the new models supports more than

4 000 jobs while total employment in the plant exceeds 8 000 jobs.

Speaking at the launch of the locally-produced Toyota models, President Jacob Zuma said the investment demonstrates confidence in South Africa's economy.

"This is a significant contribution towards dealing

with the serious challenge of unemployment in our country. This investment clearly demonstrates the confidence that global automotive producers continue to have in South Africa as an investment destination and the supportive policy environment which we offer."

The President said

government has taken a conscious decision to support the country's automotive sector.

"The support provided by government through the Department of Trade and Industry (dti) has attracted investments of over R25



**Electricity
to benefit
thousands**

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**Skills centre
for the youth**

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Motlakase o tla ungwela diketekete tsa batho

Thandeka Ngobese

Jaaka karolo ya Lenaane la Tlhabololo ya Metseselagae ka Kakaretso (CRDP), Lefapha la KwaZulu-Natal la Pusotshwaraganelo le Merero ya Setso (COGTA) le tla tlamel magae a metseselegae a le 1 200 ka motlakase.

Batho ba ka nna 10 000 ba tla ungwelwa mo maitekong ano a dimilionemilione tsa diranta a go tlamela makgotlatoropo a magae ka ditirelo tsa motheo.

Baagi bangwe ba ba tla ungwelwang ke ba teropo ya Ndwedwe. Puso ya KwaZulu-Natal e diragatsa porojeke ya motlakase ya R19 milione mo karolong eo.

CRDP e samagana le merero e tshwana le tlhaelo ya tlhabololo, go nna teng ga dijo, botlhokatiro, lehuma mmogo le mathata a mangwe a loago, a a tlwaelegileng mo mafelong a a kwa magaeng. □

Motlakase o fetola matshelo a batho

Zibuyisile Ngcobo (65)

wa kwa Sonkombo kwa toropong ya Ndwedwe, KwaZulu-Natal, o ne a ithaya a re a ka seke a bo a ipona ka le lengwe la matsatsi a na le motlakase.

"Ke ne ke tshwenyega gore gongwe ke tla tlhokafala ke ise ke ipone ke na le motlakase mo legaeng la me, fela puso e nthusitse nna le balelapa la me mme jaanong re ikutlwisa manobonobo a botshelo jwa sešweng.

"Matsatsi a go sasanka kwa nageng re rwalela dikgong ke dilo tsa maloba mme bana ba rona jaanong ba kgona go ithuta ba balesegile ka mabone a motlakase," o ne a rialo.

Moamogelatshiamelo yo mongwe, Nontshisekelo Bhengu (45) a re ba ne ba tlwaetse go bogela the-

lebišene fela fa ba ne ba etetse bamasaki kwa metsesetoropong.

"Jaanong re kgona go bogela thelebišene mo magaeng a rona. Re ne re dirisa R42 mo dipalangweng fela go ya go tlatsa difounu kwa Verulam. Go nna le motlakase ruri go re namoletse. Re leboga puso

**"Matsatsi a go
sasanka kwa nageng
re rwalela dikgong ke
dilo tsa maloba."**

go re tswa thuso," o ne a rialo.

Faabua lebaagi, Mokhuduthamaga (MEC) Nomusa Dube-Ncube o ikuetse mo baaging go bega bogodu jo bo belaelwang jwa motlakase jo bo amang bokgo-



Nontshisekelo Bhengu o ne a tlatsa mitara wa gagwe o o duelelwang kwa pele mmogo le Mokhuduthamaga wa KwaZulu-Natal wa Pusotshwaraganelo le Merero ya Setso Nomusa Dube-Ncube.

ni jwa puso jwa go tlamela baagi ba bangwe ka motlakase.

"Jaaka baagi jaanong le na le maikarabelo a go netefatsa gore le dirisa motlakase ka botlhale le gore ga go nne le ope yo o gokaganyang e se ka fa molaong gongwe yo

o lekang go nota dimitara gonee madi a le a duelang a tla dirisediwa go netefatsa gore Eskom e tswelela go tlhagisa motlakase," go ne ga rialo MEC Dube-Ncube.

Tokololo ya Kgolapeomolao ya Porofense, Sihle Zikalala, yo o tswang kwa

Ndwedwe, o ne a leboga boeteledipele jwa selegae ka go netefatsa gore lefelo leo le nna le motlakase mme a gakolola baagi ka kotsi ya dikgokaganyo tsa motlakase tse di seng mo molaong. □

Tshwane gets tough on drugs

Nonkululeko Mathebula

The City of Tshwane is spending millions of rands fighting drug abuse after a continued influx of Mandrax, Nyope and other drugs.

"We are aware that Tshwane has been labelled the drug capital of South Africa and this led to us allocating R50 million to tackle the problem in the 2015/16 financial year," said Tshwane Executive Mayor Kgosiensuo Ramokgopa.

With the financial year drawing to a close, the R15 million not yet spent will be added onto other, yet-to-be-allocated funds to supplement the city's existing



initiatives to combat substance abuse. A percentage will go to

rehabilitation centres and social welfare organisations.

Ramokgopa said that despite the underspending, he is happy with what the city was able to achieve, adding that more funds will be injected into fighting drugs in the next financial year.

He said the money will assist in empowering ward-based drug action committees, which address drug problems and offer counselling and support for addicts.

So far, the city has established 48 local drug action committees in areas such as Soshanguve, Mabopane, Winterveldt, Ga-Rankuwa, Hammanskraal, Atteridgeville, Olievenhoutbosch, Cullinan and Mamelodi.

While the city has pledged to establish the equivalent of a narcotics unit within the Tshwane

Metro Police, efforts to clamp down on the manufacturing and distribution of drugs are ongoing.

"We have committed ourselves to conducting sporadic raids in drug distribution hotspots."

The Executive Mayor also announced plans for an awareness campaign aimed at the youth called 'Tswa Daar', which means 'stop it'.

According to Ramokgopa, the ultimate goal is not only to win the fight against drugs but to also have drug users completely rehabilitated.

"Although we are not catching the big fish, we are making arrests and are slowly making progress in this regard," said Ramokgopa. □

Tikwatikwe ya bokgoni ya bašwa

TIKWATIKWE E E SA TSWANG GO BULWA e e nang le tsotlhe e tla maatlatfatsa bašwa ba Bogare jwa Karoo, pele ga e atolosiwa go nna mo maemong a bosetšhaba.



Amukelani Chauke

Moporesidente Jacob Zuma o ne fa gautshwane a bula tikwatikwe ya ditirontsi ya mofuta wa yone o le nosi kwa Bogareng jwa Karoo kwa Kapa Bophirima.

Bašwa ba selegae ba nnile le seabe mo go ageng Tikwatikwe ya Bašwa ya Beaufort West e e konoseditsweng ka Moranang 2015. Bokgoni jo ba bo ithutileng bo ka se ke jwa nyelela ka ntsha ya fa jaanong go tla tlhamiwa koporasi e e tla dirang tiro ya go tlhokome-la tikwatikwe ya bašwa.

Fa a ne a bua kwa moletlong wa go e neela, Moporesidente o tlhalositse gore, "Ke neela tikwatikwe eno mo leineng labagale ba bantsintsi ba ba senang palo ba ba tsereng matsapa a magolo le go intsha setlhabelo go netefatsa gore tshika ya gompieno le ditshika tse di tlang di itumelela kgo-lesego le temokerasi."

Puo eo ya ditebogo e nnile



Moporesidente Jacob Zuma o ne fa gautshwane a bula tikwatikwe ya ditirontsi e e tla thusang go godisa bokgoni jwa bašwa ba Bogare jwa Karoo kwa Kapabophirima

botlhokwa thata bogolo se-golo ka ntsha ya fa monongwaga e le segopotso sa bo 40 sa dikhuduego tsa bašwa tsa 1976.

Kago ya tikwatikwe e simolotswe ka 2012 mme molello wa go ribolola lekwete o diragetse ka Letsatsi la Mandela mo ngwageng oo. Ka nako eo, Tona ya Tlhabololo ya Metseselegae le Ntšhwaf-

tso ya Naga Gugile Nkwinti o ne a re tlhabololo eo e tla nna porojeke ya tekeletso mme e tla feleletsa e atoloseditswe kwa diporofenseng tse dingwe.

"... jaaka puso, dikgwetlhlo tse di amang bašwa, go tshwana le botlhokatiro, di re tshwenya go gaisa.

"Le fa seemo sa bašwa se tokafala mo nageng, pegelo ya

Porofaele ya Loago ya Bašwa e supa gore bašwa ba bantsho ba santse ba lebagane le dikgwetlhlo tse dintsi malebana le go tsenngwa mo ditirong, fa ba tshwantshanngwa le balekanenabo ba basweu," Moporesidente Zuma o ne a rialo.

Ditlamelo tsa kwa tikwatikwe eno di akaretsha tikwatikwe e e nang le ditlamelo tsotlhe e e tsamaisiwang ke Kholetšhe ya Kapa Borwa go tlamela ka katiso ya tsa-maiso ya kgwebo, tiriso ya dikhomphiutara mmogo le Tlhabololo ya Thuto ya Bana ba Bannye (ECD) mo go banningleseabebale 200 kangwaga ba Mophato wa Bosetšhaba wa Ditirelo tsa Bašwa ba Metselegae (NARYSEC).

Gape go na le amphitheatre le ntlolehahala ya baagi e e ntšhwafaditsweng e e tla bulelwang baagi botlhe.

Moporesidente Zuma o rile tikwatikwe ya thekenoloji ya ditlhaeletsano tsa tshedimosetso (ICT) kwa setheong e

ta thusa baagi go fithelela inthanete ya mahala e e bonako le thekenoloji ya tshedimosetso e e tla thusang go ba golaganya le baagi ba lefatshe la tshedimosetso.

Gape tikwatikwe e na le ditlamelo tsa maemo a a kwa godimo tsa metshameko le boitapoloso tse di tla nayang batho tšhono ya go iteka mo metshamekong e e farologaneng le go thusa go fetola metshameko e e farologaneng mo Aforika Borwa.

Letangwana la go thuma le le bogolojwa bontlhabongwe jwa bogolo jwa matangwana a diolimpiki le tla amogela ditlhophpha tsa go thuma le dikgaisano tsa go thuma, fa jiminasiomo e na le didiriswa tse di ka tshwantshanngwang le tsa dijimi tsa poraefete, ka thuso ya Virgin Active Group.

"Jimi eno e bontsha se se ka dirwang fa puso le lephata la poraefete ba dira selekane go tlhabolola ditshaba tse di humanegileng," Moporesidente Zuma o ne a rialo. □

Operation Phakisa training benefits KZN artisans

Thandeka Ngobese

Transnet has announced that it will spend R7.7 billion on training as it drives to meet capacity requirements in line with its Market Demand Strategy (MDS). As part of this initiative, the Transnet National Ports Authority (TNPA) has selected 18 candidates from the South Durban Basin for Operation Phakisa technical training.

The training forms part of Transnet's MDS to train artisans for the shipbuilding and repair industry and is in line with Operation Phakisa, which aims to unlock the potential of the oceans economy.

TNPA's Port of Durban has adopted 15 schools in the South Durban Basin and has various programmes in place aimed at developing mission critical skills within its communities from the ground up.

The Operation Phakisa technical training programme consists of two, three-year courses – Millwright and Coded Weld-

ing – run by the Transnet School of Engineering and a course on spray painting that will take place later during the year.

Being a part of TNPA's Operation Phakisa technical training course for Vuyani Chiya (23) is more than an opportunity to further his education, it is the means through which he hopes to change both his life and that of his mother.

Chiya who has been living in the South Durban Basin while he studies towards his N4 and N5 certificate at Umlazi Computech, is now working towards qualifying as a millwright.

"To be selected for this course, is a dream come true. I will study hard to fulfil my dream. We thank Transnet for those of us who come from disadvantage backgrounds," he said.

Capacity-building Manager for the KZN region at the Transnet School of Engineering Thandukwazi Magcaba said the skills training programme was a great opportunity, not only for the students but also



Students participating in the three-year Millwright course being run by the Transnet School of Engineering as part of Transnet National Ports Authority's Operation Phakisa technical training.

for the country.

"Programmes such as these are incredibly important. I would say any country without properly trained artisans is lagging behind because, in some sectors, we do not have our own artisans and these individuals are imported. However, with programmes such as this in place, we can cut down on the amount of imports, har-

ness job creation and move our unique projects forward."

Each course is made up of three phases. In the first, the apprentices are taught basic tooling; in the second, they familiarise themselves with the equipment they will be working with/on; and in the final phase, the students work practically and are tested accordingly.

The success of the training programmes offered by the school, said Magcaba, is indicated by the increase in entrant numbers each year.

"When I first started here five years ago, we had 290 students. Now we have 539 – nearly double that number. It is very rewarding to know that we are helping to bring about positive change." □

Bašwa ba Aforika Borwa ba tlhoka 'go thusiwa gore ba tle ba itsose'



Khatu Ramukumba, Motlhankedikhuduthamagamogolo (CEO) wa Setheo sa Bosetšhaba sa Tlhabololo ya Bašwa (NYDA) o buisana le bašwa mo nakong ya letsholo la go ikopanya le bašwa la NYDA.

Khatu Ramukumba

Ka la bo 16 Seetebosi-go re tla keteka se-gopotso sa bo 40 sa dikhuduego tsa bašwa tsa 1976 mmogo le go intsha setlhabelo go go dirilweng ke batho ba mphato oo go aga naga ya temokerasi.

Go nnile le diphitlhelelo di le dintsi fa e sa le ka 1994, fela bašwa ba Aforika Borwa ba sa ntse ba amiwa ke dintlha tse dintsi tse di tshwenyang di tshwana le lehuma, go tlhoka tekatekano le botlhoka tiro.

Go sa ntse go le gontsi go go tlhokang go dirwa go tsweletsa seriti le tlhabololo mo bašweng.

Setheo sa Bosetšhaba sa Tlhabololo ya Bašwa

Setheo sa Bosetšhaba sa Tlhabololo ya Bašwa (NYDA) se tlhamilwe jaaka popegotheo e le nngwe e e samaganang le merero ya tlhabololo ya bašwa kwa magatong a bosetšhaba,

porofense le a selegae.

NYDA e na le seabe sa boetele-dipele mo go netefatseng gore baamegi ba bagolo ba tshwana le puso, lephata la porafete le baa-

"Maikaelelo ke go dira gore ikonomi e tsibogele ditlhokego tsa tiro tsa bašwa le gore go bo go tlhametswe bašwa ditiro di le dimilione di le tlhano ka 2020."

gi, ba baya tlhabololo ya bašwa jaaka setlapele mme ba tshwaela mo go supeng le go diragatseng ditharabololo tsa leruri tsa dikgweltho tsa tlhabololo ya bašwa.

Ka Moranang 2013, kgwebo, puso, mekgatlho ya badiri, ya baagi le ditheo tseo e seng tsa puso ba saenile Tumelano ya go Thapiwa ga Bašwa go tokafatsa

go maatlaufadiwa le go tsenngwa ga bašwa mo ditirong.

Maitlhomo a Tumelano ya go Thapiwa ga Bašwa a lepalepana le maiteko a a farologaneng a puso a go tshegetsa diphetogo mo ikonoming. Maikaelelo ke go dira gore ikonomi e tsibogele ditlhokego tsa tiro tsa bašwa le gore go bo go tlhametswe bašwa ditiro di le dimilione di le tlhano ka 2020.

Tshegetso ya puso mo go NYDA e tswelela pele. Setlhophatiro Sa Bašwa sa ga Moporesitente, se se eteletsweng pele ke Motlatsatona mo Kantorong ya Moporesitente, Buti Manamela se totile merero ya bašwa go tokafatsa kgokaganyo ya baamegi le dipopegotheo tsa bašwa.

Phitlhelelo e nngwe ya botlhokwa ke go baakanngwa ga Pholisi ya Bosetšhaba ya Bašwa (2009-2014) le go amogelwa ga Pholisi ya Bosetšhaba ya Bašwa (2015-2020). Pholisi e totile go nna le seabe mo ikonoming, diphetogo, thuto, tlhabololo ya bokgoni, tlhokomelo ya boiteka-

Ka 2014/15 NYDA e fitlheletse tse di latelang:

- Dikgwebo tsa bašwa di le **1 034** di amogetse Matlole a Kabelo ya Tshegetso ya NYDA mme seo sa lebisa kwa go tlholeng ditiro di le **4 343**.



- Bagwebipotlana ba le **62 916** ba tshegeditswe ka ditirelo tsa Tshegetso ya Tlhabololo ya Dikgwebo ya NYDA.



- Bašwa ba le **5 319** ba ikwadisitse mo Lenaneong la NYDA la Tšhono ya Bobedi ya Go Kwala Materiki Gape.



- Go tshegeditswe bašwa ba le **300** ka Letlolo la Sekolašipi la Solomon Mahlangu.



- Bašwa ba le **937 949** ba tshegeditswe ka kaelo ya tsela ya thuto ya motho a le nosi gongwe setlhophpha.



- Bašwa ba le **2 342** ba nnile le seabe mo lenaneong le le rulaganeng la Kago ya Bašwa.



- Bašwa ba le **12 490** ba kwadisitswe mo mananeong a boithaopi a Tirelo ya Bosetšhaba ya Bašwa (NYS).



- Bašwa ba le **57 412** ba tshegeditswe ka mananeo a tshiamelo tiro le a bokgoni jwa botshelo.

nello mmogo le go lwantsha tiriso e e botlhaswa ya diritibatsi, kago ya setšhaba mmogo le tirisannommogo mo loagong. tlamelo e e tokafetseng ya ditirelo. Le gale, ditlhokego tsa bašwa di feta bokgoni jwa NYDA. Ti-risanommogo le maphata otlhe a baagi e botlhokwa.

Go botlhokwa go dirisa bokgoni jo bo tlhagisiwang ke bašwa le go bo dirisetra kgolo le tlhabololo ya naga ya rona. Re simolotse go kwala kgang e e farologaneng: ya tsholofelo, maikemisetso, tlhagiso le kattlego. Mooko wa kgang eno e ntšhwa ke bašwa ba ba ikaeletseng e bile ba maatlaufaditswe.

Bašwa ba naga eno ba rile ga ba batle 'go tlhokomelwa' fela ba tlhoka 'go thusiwa gore ba itsose'. Ba thuso go fitlhelela bokgoni jwa bona ka botlalo. **V**

***Khatu Ramukumba,
Motlhankedikhuduthamaga-mogolo (CEO) wa NYDA.**