Vuk'uzenzele

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Madiba shapes another life

A STUDENT LUCKY enough to have been selected for the first Mandela-Rhodes Foundation (MRF) scholarship and to meet Madiba says that the future belongs to those who empower themselves with knowledge.

Allison Cooper

truggle icon former President Nelson Mandela said, "Education is the great engine of personal development. It is through education that the daughter of a peasant can become a doctor, the son of a mine worker can become head of the mine and the child of a farm worker can become the president of a great nation".

Dr Buntu Godongwana (35), one of eight students to receive an inaugural MRF scholarship in 2005, is proof of this.

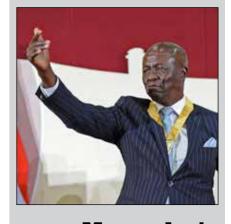
"Our progression from humble beginnings in Guguletu, Cape Town, to sharing ideas on international platforms, with world leaders in our discipline, is living testimony of Madiba's words," he said.

Dr Godongwana, now a lecturer at the Department of Chemical Engineering at the Cape Peninsula University of Technology (CPUT), said the scholarship is a special award.

"Being selected in the inaugural cohort will always be a highlight of my aca-

demic career. It's more than a na matriculated from Fezeka monetary award, it served as Senior Secondary School as the best academic affirmation of our values and recognition of our leadership achiever in 2000. He potential. completed his under-"It came with the regraduate studies in Chemical Engineering in sponsibility of setting the tone and benchmark 2004 and, along with being for future scholars; living awarded the scholarship, the principles of leadership, was named the Learning as embodied by patron Man-Cape Festival dela; and giving substance Icon by the and form to his vision Western of building excep-Cape tional leadership capacity in Africa. I was truly humbled and honoured to be a part of this great vision." Born in Guguletu in 1983, Dr Godong-

Community celebrates **R21-million** land deal



Moseneke to lead Lesotho mediation team

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www.vukuzenzele.gov.za

E-mail: vukuzenzele@gcis.gov.za Tel: (+27) 12 473 0353

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"A good head and good heart are always a formidable combination. But when you add to that a literate tongue or pen, then you have something very special."

Nelson Mandela Centenary

Cont. on page 2

Nelson Mandela

Baagi ba keteka tumelano ya lefatshe ya bokanaka R21 milione

TUMELANO YA LEFATSHE gaufi le motse wa Alice kwa Kapa Botlhaba e rotloetsa gore go nne le bathobatsho ba bantsinyana ba ba tsayang karolo mo lekaleng la bojanala



Baagi ba Double Drift ba itumetse mo go maswe gobo e le beng ba serapa sa diphologolo tsa naga.

Siya Miti

aagi ba kwa Kapa Botlhaba ba ipaakanyeditse go dira ka natla morago ga gore ba tlamelwe ka matlole gore ba gape kwa

pele lenaane le le gapiwang ke baagi la taolo ya dirapa tsa diphologolo.

Baagi ba kwa Double Drift gaufi le Grahamstown ba kanaka 1 500 go tswa mo malapeng a le 264. Ba ne ba fudusiwa mo

nageng ya bona ke puso ya Ciskei ka 1991, gore ba sutele serapa sa diphologolo tsa naga

Baagi bano mo malobeng ba ne ba neelwa lekwalobopaki la tulo tebang le naga eo, e ba e buseditsweng ka lenaane la pusetsodinaga go beng ba tsona.

Go ya ka Tonakgolo ya Kapa Botlhaba Phumulo Masualle, go dumelwane ka bokanaka R21 milione gore e duelelwe kutlwanelo eno ya lefatshe mme kgato eno e tla diragadiwa kgato ka kgato.

"Eno ke kgato e kgologadi fa go tla mo tshomarelong ya tlhago le mo phetolothefosanong ya beng ba naga. Serapa seno se baakanyediwa gore se gaisane ka go tshwana le dirapa tse dingwe tsa mothale oo mme puso e tshegeditse baagi bano ka go ba tlamela ka dithuso tsa matlole, go ba neela diphologolo tsa naga le go ba katisa," ga rialo Masualle.

Baagi bano, ba ba laolang serapa seno sa diphologolo tsa naga ka tshwaraganelo le Setheo sa Bojanala sa Diphaka tsa Kapa Botlhaba (ECPTA) ka fa tlase ga leina la Likhayalethu Communal Property Association (LCPA), ba amogetse R6 milione go tswa kwa Lefapheng la Merero ya Tikologo gore ba dire letsholo la dikgwebo tsa dirapa tsa diphologolo tsa naga mo serapeng seno sa diphologolo tsa naga sa bogolo jo bo kanaka diheketara di le 1 400 seo ba se reketsweng ke Lefapha la Tlhabololo ya Metseselegae le Ntšhwafatso ya Naga.

Monnasetulo wa LCPA, Mxolisi Ngesi, o rile baagi ba tsentse kopo ya bona ka 1998. Ka 2012, baagi ba motse oo ba ne ba neelwa diheketara di le 23 500 tseo ga jaanong di okeditsweng ka diheketara di le 1 400 tsa serapa sa diphologolo tsa naga.

"Re itumetse mo go maswe gonne jaanong re neilwe seo re neng re so batla. Puso e re tlametse ka matlole a mafaratlhatlha. Re na le diphologolo tsa naga tse di akaretsang dipitse tsa naga di le 10, dikgama di le 15 le diphofu di le 10," ga rialo Ngesi, a tlaleletsa ka gore dinare le diphala le tsone di tla rekiwa mo nakong e e sa fediseng pelo. O tlaleleditse ka gore baagi ba ntse ba tsweletse go katisiwa ke ECPTA go ba ruta go laola serapa seno sa diphologolo.

"Leanolegolo ke go aga mafelo a le mabedi a borobasogo mme ga jaanong re santse re baakanyetsa marenjara a a tla tlhokomelang sebaka seno mmogo le bao ba tla thusang go kuka diphologolo fa di folosiwa kgotsa di namediwa mo dijanageng," ga rialo Ngesi.

"Ka go tsenya fela legore la dikhilomitara di le 10 mmogo le eke eo go tsenwang ka yona, seo fela se tlhodile ditšhono di le 61 tsa ditiro mo baaging," ga rialo Tona ya Lefapha la Merero ya Tikologo Edna Molewa mo nakong ya fa a ne a neela setšhaba seno serapa seo. U



On twitter

Reaction to the story of a domestic worker who is now Dr Pamela Phumzile



I admire your brave struggles and your amazing achievements.



Dithandis (@ Indeed Sky is not the limit



Marhumekani @God_be ith val she was like a big sister to students at school big ups Pamela leadership!!!



msimelelo @msimza boss Woow wonderful sister, that is what Hector Peterson and others fought for, may it shall be even to others Freedom

Youth Month

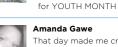


Facebook





Chippas Tshepo Makou Government and private sectors must provide capital





youth are doing bad think like getting drunk and all that instead of making an event and do speeches poems, drama and all the amazing things.

so painful that most of our



On twitter



Lusanda Sima @

Many student died in Soweto Is popular known as the Soweto uprising or June 16 the uprisings tragically ended with hundreds of young people killed by the apartheid government when they protested against the imposition of Afrikaans as medium instruction

New bee saving

WESTERN CAPE environmentalists swarm to the rescue of the humble honeybee.

ike water, land and air, the honeybee is vital to agriculture.

According to the South African National Biodiversity Institute more than 50 different crops in South Africa are reliant on the insect for pollination.

This is why the Western Cape Department of Agriculture and the Western Cape Bee Industry Association have developed a new strategy aimed at ensuring the sustainability of the bee population in the province.

The strategy comes after the bee industry identified several problems affecting bees. These include insufficient food, theft and vandalism, disease,

environmental hazards such as pollution, and exposure to external factors such as fires and drought.

According to the Department of Agriculture, the single largest concern is that there will not be enough food for bees in the Western Cape. South Africa's honeybee species rely on both indigenous and exotic species like eucalyptus, flowering crops and suburban plants to provide year-round food sources.

However, as an alien invasive plant, six species of eucalyptus have been targeted for removal explains the provincial Department of Agriculture.

The strategy proposes that a Bee Forage Commission be

established, which will be composed of players from various provincial and national government departments as well as universities and representatives from the bee industry.

Among the projects this commission will undertake are the development of a book exploring bee-friendly plants, a campaign with nurseries to mark plants as 'bee friendly' in much the same way some species are

'water friendly' and exploring the possibilities of a mass bee food planting project.

being marketed as

Western h Cape MEC for Economic Opportunities Alan Winde said the report shows that South Africa has imported 2 000 tonnes of honey annually since 2010. "This is an agri-processing opportunity to produce local honey and honey-related products, right here in the Western Cape," he said.

The chairman of the Western Cape Bee Industry Association, Dr Tlou Mase-

> hela, said the industry at large must pull together m a k e a n d the initiative work. 🛚

Beng ba indaseteri ya dikhemikhale ba bathobatsho kwa Foreisetata ba tlhola ditiro

SEKEMA SA BORRADIINTASETERI ba Bathobatsho (BIS) se tshegeditse setlamo sa *Kevali Chemicals* gore se kgone go reka metšhini le didirisiwa tse dingwe gore se kgone go simolola go tsena mo kgwebong.

More Matshediso

etlamo sa fa gae sa go apaya dikhemikhale se thusa go lwantsha botlhokatiro ka go tlhama ditiro di ka nna di le 70 kwa Harrismith kwa Foreisetata.

Kevali Chemicals ke setlamo sa ntlha sa bathobatsho se se apayang dikhemikhale tse di farologaneng tse di tlhatswang metsi, tse di phepafatsang le tse di phepafatsang mafelo a kgeleloleswe le tse di kgomaretsang.

Setlamo seno se simolotswe ka ngwaga wa 2014 ke ditsala di le tlhano tse di nang le kitso e e tseneletseng mo maphateng a dikhemikhale, a go thota dilo tse di rekisiwang, a go rulaganya dilo tse di rekisiwang le a go dira dikgomaretsi.

Mokaedikhuduthamaga wa *Kevali Chemicals* Funeka Khumalo a re BIS e tshegeditse



setlamo sa gagwe gore a kgone go simolola ka tlhagisodikuno le go rekisa dikhemikhale tsa go tlhatswa meetsi, go phepafatsa le go peita ditshenekegi mmogo le tsa go kgomaretsa.

"Kwa tshimologong re ne ra gapeletsega gore re tsenye madi gore kgwebo eno e simolole go dira fela kwa bofelong re ne ra amogela matlole go tswa kwa Lefapheng la Kgwebisano le Intaseteri (dti) ka BIS mmogo le ka Koporasi ya Tlhabololo

ya Diintaseteri (IDC)," o ne a tlaleletsa jalo.

Sekema seno ke lenaane la tlamelokamatlole la Pholisi ya Diintaseteri tsa Bathobatsho leo maitlhomo a lona e leng go bulela ditšhono mo diintasetering tsa bathobantsho tse di direlang ikonomi ya naga ya Aforika Borwa ka ditsereganyo tse di tlhamaletseng, tse di totileng diintaseteri tse di rileng e bile di itlhalosa ka botlalo mo dithusong tsa matlole le mo tseo e seng tsa matlole.

Khumalo a re e mo tsere bokanaka R18 milione gore a simolole kgwebo eno mmogo le dikgwedi di ka feta di le 11 gore a simolole go ka iponela morokotso go tswa mo kgwebong eno.

Setlamo seno se rekisa ditlhagisiwa tsa sona mo nageng yotlhe ya Aforika Borwa mmogo le kwa nageng ya Uganda, ya Namibia, le ya Tanzania.

Khumalo a re seabe seo setlamo seno se nang le sona mo matshelong a baagi se segolo thata go feta le sa ditšhono tsa diphatlhatiro.

"Mo godimo ga go tlhola ditiro mo baaging ba tikologo, re na gape le lenaane le le beeleditseng mo setšhabeng ka lona re thusa basadi ba kwa makeišeneng le ba kwa metseselegaeng gore ba kgone go ipulela dikgwebopotlana tsa bona tse di dirang ka go ikaapela didirisiwa tsa go phepafatsa

mo malapeng le ditlhagisiwa tsa phepafatso ya kgelelaleswe," o tlaleleditse jalo.

O rile baitlhamedikgwebo ba bašwa ba tshwanetse go ithuta gore go simolola kgwebo ga se papa ka nama mme ba tshwanetse go se fele pelo gonne ka moso ba tla itumelela maungo a seo.

Motlatsatona wa dti Bulelani Magwanishe a re setlamo sa Kevali se nnile lesego go nna sone sa ntlha go ka nna lekala la go apaya dikhemikhale, melemo le diphuthelwana tsa dipolasetiki leo le thusitsweng ka matlole fa e sale go simololwa ka Lenaane la BIS ka 2016.

"Setlamo seno se tla abelana ka diphatlhatiro tse di tlhokagalang thata mo baaging ba ba mabapi ba kwa Harrismith bao ba leng mo maragarageng a botlhokatiro," Motlatsatona Magwanishe o tlhalositse jalo.

Corks pop for KZN community winery

A KZN COMMUNITY is seeing grapes with new eyes, thanks to a community winery that is empowering people and creating jobs.

Hlengiwe Ngobese

and the Cape are intertwined but a KwaZulu-Natal (KZN) co-operative winery hopes to break this perception with the introduction of a fine coastal wine made with grapes grown in rural vineyards.

The 12 hectares of vineyards are spread across the Ilembe District Municipality in the rural areas of Mandeni, Ndwedwe and Maphumulo. The project is run by a local Ilembe co-operative and supported by the KZN Department of Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs, which has injected R19,5 million into the development of the vineyards and processing facility.

Named Seventeen 87 (the year in which Zulu King Shaka was born), the wine not only

pays tribute to one of the province's most legendary leaders but is a proudly KZN product, with all processes done locally.

Mandeni, Nyoni Ilembe Co-operative supervisor Sipho Gumede who is a member of the cooperative that is producing the wine said the business has changed the lives of people in Mandeni.

"We were sitting at home hopeless without jobs but now we are able to take care of our families. To hold this bottle of wine makes me emotional and proud at the same time since this is something I was part of from scratch."

"I now know how to plant, nurture and spray the crops. I am able to pass this knowledge to someone else. I did know about the varieties of grapes but being here I am able to differentiate them," said Gumede.

He said what he enjoys most



about the project is that he is working with members of his community and they are building a business that belongs to them.

Seventeen 87 was introduced at Africa's Travel Indaba held in Durban recently.

The vineyards in the Mandeni

and Maphumulo local municipalities saw their first harvest in February, with the testing of the winery equipment conducted by a viticulturist in the same month.

In the three months that followed, eight tons of grapes were processed and 8 000 litres

of wine produced.

Winemaker Daniel Maerkl who was teaching the cooperative how to cultivate the wine explained that the community owns the project and will be empowered to eventually manage all the winery's processes on their own.

Go direla bašwa ba kwa KwaZulu-Natal ditiro

TIRISANOMMOGO YA MAKALA a puso le a poraefete e tla dira gore bašwa ba iponele bokgoni mo ditlamong tse di betlang dijanaga.

Hlengiwe Ngobese

ašwa ba ka feta ba le 20 kwa Kwa-Zulu-Natal ba tla unngwelwa mo bodirelong jo bonšhwa jwa Mahindra jo bo jang R95 milione jo bo tla betlang mofuta o montšhwa wa dibene tseno o o bidiwang Pik Up kwa ntle ga Durban.

Bašwa ba ka nna 25 kwa KwaZulu-Natal ba setse ba katisitswe le go ka neelwa ditiro fa go ne go bulwa Bodirelo jono jo bontšhwa jwa Mahindra.

Badiredi bano ba katisitswe ke setlamo sa lefatshe sa Mahindra le setlamo se segolo sa Mahindra mmogo le setlamo sa dithoto sa AIH.

Ba tla tle ba romelwa kwa India gore ba ye go katisiwa gape mo go tlhokagalang.

Tekelelo ya tlhagiso mo lefelong leno e mo tseleng mme go lebeletswe gore go tlhagisiwe dijanaga di ka

nna 2 000 ka ngwaga, mme mo tsamaong ya nako go tla tlhagisiwa dijanaga tse di ka fitlhang go 4 000 ka ngwaga.

"Peeletso eno e botlhokwa mo go direng gore dikgwebo di nne le tshepo e e tletseng mo go rona. E tswelela go bontsha gore rona fano mo KwaZulu-Natal re lefelo le le siametseng gore batho ba ka beeletsa mo go lona. Gape e romela molaetsa mo go bao ba etsaetsegang gore Durban ke lefelo leo ba tshwanetseng go le tsaatsia fa go tla mo dipeeletsong,"ga rialo Mokhuduthamaga (MEC) wa Lefapha la Tlhabololo ya Ikonomi, Bojanala le Merero ya Tikologo Sihle Zikalala mo nakong ya fa bodirelo jono bo ne bo thankgololwa.

O rile ditšhono tsa diphatlhatiro tse di bulwang mo kgwebong eno di tla oketsa mo godimo ga bokgoni jo porofense e setseng e ntse e na

Yo mongwe wa batho ba ba

thapilweng ke sealogane sa dithuto tsa enjenering Sthembiso Mthembu yo a tlhalositseng gore o itumetse thata go bo a neilwe tiro eno.

"Ke na le ngwaga otlhe go se ko ke bediwang gone.

Tšhono eno e tla nthusa gore le nna ke kgone go itlhokomela le go tlhokomela ba lapa la etsho. Le fa ke ke na le tekerii ya mechanical engineering ke ne ke le mo lefifing fa go tla mo go kopanyeng dikarolo tsa sejanaga gore e nne sejanaga se se feletseng.

Katiso e ba re neileng yona e re thusitse thata gore re itshepe le go oketsa kitso ya rona mo tirong eno," o tlhalositse jalo.

Motlhankedimogolo wa Tiragatso wa Boditšhabatšhaba wa Mahindra Arvind Matthew o rile setlamo seno se ikaelela go reka 40% ya dikarolo tsa sejanaga seno sa bene ya Pik *Up* mo batlameding ba ditirelo ba fa gae.

"Go betla Pik Up eno ke kgato ya ntlha mo leanong



Sithembiso Mthembu yo a thapilweng kwa Bodirelong jwa go Betla Dijanaga tsa Mahindra kwa Durban o tshwara MEC wa Lefapha la Tihabololo ya Ikonomi, Bojanala le Merero ya Tikologo Sihle Zikalala ka letsogo mo nakong ya thankgololo ya lenaane

la rona le legolo le re nang le ditlamo tsa mo gae kwa lona mo go oketseng diphatlhatiro le mo go rekeleng

KwaZulu-Natal," o tlhalo-

Pig farmer brings home the bacon

A FEMALE FARMER is making a go of it in the agriculture sector which she believes is a great driver of food security, poverty alleviation, job creation and economic growth.

etty Nyambi cannot believe that she is a successful pig farmer with 150 sows on her Bronkhorstspruit far in Gauteng.

"I am so proud of myself because I am able to contribute to the economy and employ people on my farm. That I am a successful woman in a man's world makes me even prouder."

Nyambi, who has named her farming business Sincobile Trading and Agriculture Piggery, owns 173 hectares of land that she acquired through the Department of Rural Development and Land Reform to start her farming business.

She employs four people and is able to send about 100 pigs to the local abattoir each month.

"I have always had an interest in farming. After completing matric I decid-





Betty Nyambi believes that every South African must play their part in food security.

ed to study agriculture at the Tshwane University of Technology. I proceeded to work on different farms to get practical experience. Anything that involves the soil and nature excites me."

Nyambi started her business with only six pigs in 2015. The business took off when the Gauteng Department of Agriculture and Rural Development (GDARD) provided her with 26 pigs.

Currently, she has 150 sows and two boars. She also uses artificial insemination as part of her farming method.

"There is no reason why South Africans should not farm. Even if it's a small garden in your backyard, your family will never go hungry. I enjoy my piggery and it has given me a chance to provide for my family and my community."

Nyambi adds that she received accolades for her hard work when she was the first runner-up in the Female Entrepreneur Farmer of the Year Awards in 2016. Despite her success she believes that her business has room to grow.

She has dispelled misconceptions that farming is for old people and encourages young women to enter the agriculture sector.

"I cannot stress enough the reasons why women and young people should follow the farming route. This field is easy especially once you get to understand it. I really encourage other South Africans to join me."