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Madiba shapes another life

A STUDENT LUCKY enough to have been selected for the first Mandela-Rhodes Foundation (MRF) scholarship and to meet Madiba says that the future belongs to those who empower themselves with knowledge.

Allison Cooper

truggle icon former President Nelson Mandela said, "Education is the great engine of personal development. It is through education that the daughter of a peasant can become a doctor, the son of a mine worker can become head of the mine and the child of a farm worker can become the president of a great nation".

Dr Buntu Godongwana (35), one of eight students to receive an inaugural MRF scholarship in 2005, is proof of this.

"Our progression from humble beginnings in Guguletu, Cape Town, to sharing ideas on international platforms, with world leaders in our discipline, is living testimony of Madiba's words," he said.

Dr Godongwana, now a lecturer at the Department of Chemical Engineering at the Cape Peninsula University of Technology (CPUT), said the scholarship is a special award.

"Being selected in the inaugural cohort will always be a highlight of my aca-



"A good head and good heart are always a formidable combination. But when you add to that a literate tongue or pen, then you have something very special."

Nelson Mandela



Cont. on page 2



Community celebrates R21-million land deal

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Moseneke to lead Lesotho mediation team

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Ummango ugubha umkhosi wesivumelwano sekubuyiselwa umhlaba setigidzigidzi letinge-R21

KUTSENGISELWANA KWEMHLABA lokwenteke dvutane nase-Alice eMphumalanga Koloni kutawenta kutsi bantfu labamnyama labanyenti bangenelele kumkhakha wetekuvakasha



Ummango waseDouble Drift ujabule kakhulu ngekutsi unesichiwi setinyamatane.

Siya Miti

Immango wase-Mphumalanga Kapa utawungenelela emkhakheni wetichiwu tetilwane tasendle ngemuva kwekutsi utfole kusekelwa ngetimali nguhulumende kutsi basungule luhlelo lwekulawula sichiwu setinyamatane.

Lommango waseDouble Drift

dvutane naseGrahamstown uhlala bantfu labalinganiselwa ku-1500 labavela emindenini le-264. Basuswa emhlabatsini wabo nguhulumende waseCiskei nga-1991, ngalesikhatsi bavulela kutsi kwakhiwe sichiwu setinyamatane semuntfu lomhlo-

Lommango usandza kutfola tincwadzi tebuniyo talomhlaba, lewabuyiselwa kubo ngekwaloluhlelo lekwabiwa kabusha kwemhlaba.

Ngekusho kwaNdvunankhulu waseMphumalanga Koloni Phumulo Masualle, imali etigidzi letinge-R21 seyibekelwe kutsi kutsengwe lomhlaba kantsi utawubuyiselwa kubanikati ngekwetigaba.

"Lesi sinyatselo lesibaluleke kakhulu ngalokuphatselene netekulondvolota kanye netingucuko. Lesichiwu siyatfutfukiswa kutsi sikwati kuncintisana kahle naletinye tichiwu tetilwane tasendle kantsi hulumende usekela lommango ngekubaniketa imali, tilwane tasendle nelucecesho," kusho

Lommango, lebalawula nawo lesichiwu ngekusebentisana ne-Eastern Cape Parks and Tourism Agency (i-ECPTA) ngaphansi kweLikhayalethu Communal Property Association (i-LCPA), batfole imali letigidzi le-R6 levela kuLitiko Letemvelo kutsi basungule umkhakha wekukhulisa umnotfo ngetasendle kulesichiwu lesinemahekta la-1 400 lebatsengelwe sona Litiko Lekutfutfukiswa Kwetindzawo Tasemaphandleni Netingucuku Kutemhlaba.

Sihlalo we-LCPA, Mxolisi Ngesi, utsite lommango wenta sicelo sekubuyiselwa umhlaba nga-1998. Nga-2012 emalunga emmango aniketwa umhlaba longemahekta lange-23 500 lenyalo kubese kungetelwa ngalena lefakiwe lengemahekta la-1 400 kulesichiwu.

"Sijabule kakhulu ngoba sesikutfole konkhe lesikudzingako. Hulumende usinikete lusito ngetimali kwentela tinsitanchanti. Sinetilwane tasendle, lesifaka ekhatsi emadvube lali-10, 15 wetingongoni ne-10 letimphofu," kusho Ngesi, kungeta kuloko kutawube kunetinyatsi netimpala njengalokudzinge-

Ungete kwekutsi lommango bewuceceshwa baka-ECPTA kutsi basebentise lesichiwu.

"Loluhlelo kutsi kwakhiwe tindzawo tekulala tivakashi letimbili (ma-lodge) kantsi kwanyalo sakha indzawo yekulala tisebenti tasesichiwini kanye nesibaya lapho kwehliswa khona letilwane," kusho Ngesi.

"Ngalesikhatsi kufakwa lofenisi longemakhilomitha la-10 neligede lekungena, kwakhiwa ematfuba emsebenti kubantfu bemmango labange-61," kusho Ndvuna Wetemvelo Ednah Molewa ngalesikhatsi baniketwa lesichiwu ngalokusemtsetfweni.



On twitter

Reaction to the story of a domestic worker who is now Dr Pamela Phumzile



Laura (@AbesVan) I admire your brave struggles and your amazing achievements.



Dithandis (@ Indeed Sky is not the limit



Marhumekani @God_be ith val she was like a big sister to students at school big ups Pamela leadership!!!



msimelelo @msimza boss Woow wonderful sister, that is what Hector Peterson and others fought for, may it shall be even to others Freedom



Facebook



Western

Sindi Tshabalala Young Lions Day of South



Chippas Tshepo Makou Government and private



sectors must provide capital for YOUTH MONTH



That day made me cry when I watched the movieits so painful that most of our youth are doing bad think

like getting drunk and all that instead of making an event and do speeches poems, drama and all the amazing



On twitter



Lusanda Sima @

Many student died in Soweto Is popular known as the Soweto uprising or June 16 the uprisings tragically ended with hundreds of young people killed by the apartheid government when they protested against the imposition of Afrikaans as medium instruction

New bee saving

WESTERN CAPE environmentalists swarm to the rescue of the humble honeybee

ike water, land and air, the honeybee is vital to agriculture.

According to the South African National Biodiversity Institute more than 50 different crops in South Africa are reliant on the insect for pollination.

This is why the Western Cape Department of Agriculture and the Western Cape Bee Industry Association have developed a new strategy aimed at ensuring the sustainability of the bee population in the province.

The strategy comes after the bee industry identified several problems affecting bees. These include insufficient food, theft and vandalism, disease,

environmental hazards such as pollution, and exposure to external factors such as fires and drought.

According to the Department of Agriculture, the single largest concern is that there will not be enough food for bees in the Western Cape. South Africa's honeybee species rely on both indigenous and exotic species like eucalyptus, flowering crops and suburban plants to provide year-round food sources.

However, as an alien invasive plant, six species of eucalyptus have been targeted for removal explains the provincial Department of Agriculture.

The strategy proposes that a Bee Forage Commission be

established, which will be composed of players from various provincial and national government departments as well as universities and representatives from the bee industry.

Among the projects this commission will undertake are the development of a book exploring bee-friendly plants, a campaign with nurseries to mark plants as 'bee friendly' in much the same way some species are

being marketed as 'water friendly' and exploring the possibilities of a mass bee food planting project.

Cape MEC for Economic Opportunities Alan Winde said the report shows that South Africa has imported 2 000 tonnes of honey annually since 2010. "This is an agri-processing opportunity to produce local honey and honey-related products, right here in the Western Cape," he said.

h

The chairman of the Western Cape Bee Industry Association, Dr Tlou Mase-

> hela, said the industry at large must pull together m a k e a n d the initiative work. 🛚

Bosotimboni bemakhemikhali labamnyama baseFreyistata bakha ematfuba emsebenti

LESIKIMU SABOSOTIMBONI Labamnyama (i-BIS) sisekele iKevali Chemicals kutsi itfole

imishini nemathulusi kutsi icale kusebenta.

More Matshediso

nkhapani yakulendzawo lekhicita emakhemikhali iyasita ekulweni nekuswelekala kwematfuba emsebenti ngekutsi yakhe ematfuba emsebenti lasimeme
lalinganiselwa kuma-70
endzaweni yaseHarrismith,
eFreyistata.

IKevali Chemicals yinkhapani yekucala lephetfwe bantfu labamnyama kulendzawo yaseFreyistata lekhicita imihlobo lehlukene yemakhemikhali ekucwenga emanti, ekuhlobisa endlini nekuhlanta imithoyi kanye nekwekunamatselisa.

Lenkhapani yasungulwa nga-2014 bangani labasihlanu labanelwati ngemakhemikhali, timphahla letitsengiseka masinyane, kutfutfukiswa kwemikhicito, kanye netinhlobo letahlukene teglu yekunama-



tselisa.

Umcondzisi Lomkhulu weKevali Chemicals Funeka Khumalo utsi i-BIS yasekela inkhapani yakhe kutsi itfole imishini nemathulusi kute icale kukhicita nekusungula umkhicitowekucwenga emanti, wekuhlobisa nekubulala emagciwane kanye netinhlobonhlobo teglu yekunamatselisa.

"Uma sicala kwafanele kwekutsi sifake imali kute lebhizinisi icale kusebenta kodvwa sabese sesitfola kusekelwa ngetimali beLitiko Letekuhwebelana Netimboni (i-dti) ngekusebentisa i-BIS kanye neNhlangano Yekutfutfukisa Timboni (i-IDC)," asho anaba.

I-BIS iluhlelo lwesibonelelo Salenchubomgomo Yabosotimboni Labamnyama lehlose kuvula ematfuba lakhona kubosotimboni labamnyama eNinizimu Afrika ngekusebentisa indlela yekungenelela noma njani ngetimali nangalokunye lokungadzingi imali, ngendlela lehlosiwe futsi lecha-

zwe kahle.

Khumalo utsi kwabatsatsa imali lelinganiselwa kutigidzi le-R18 kutsi lebhizinisi ikhone kucala kusebenta netinyanga letilinganiselwa ku-11 kutsi bacale kwenta inzuzo.

Lenkhapani isabalalisa imikhicito yayo kuyo yonkhe iNingizimu Afrika kanye nase-Uganda, Namibia, naseTanzania.

Khumalo utse lomtselela lenkhapani lebe nawo etimphilweni tebantfu bendzawo mkhulu kunekwakha ematfuba emsebenti.

"Kuko konkhe nalokungetulu kwekwakha ematfuba emsebenti kubantfu bendzawo, sineluhlelo lwekusisa emmangweni laphosisita khona bomake basemadolobheni nasemakhaya kutsi batisungulele emabhizinisi lasemancane lasebenta ngekukhicita imikhicito yekuhlobisa nekucoceka emakhaya," asho alandzisa.

Utsite bosomabhizinisi labasebancane kufanele bati kwekutsi kusungula ibhizinisi akukaze kube lula kodvwa akukafaneli balahlekelwe litsemba ngoba ekugcineni batatijabulela titselo talo.

Sekelandvuna Wetimboni Nekuhwebelana Bulelani Magwanishe utse iKevali iyahlonishwa ngalokutsi ibe yinkhapani yekucala lesebenta ngemikhicito yemakhemikhali, yemitsi kanye nemaplastiki nekwekutsi iniketwe imvume kusukela kwasungulwa Luhlelo Lwabosotimboni Labamnyama nga-2016.

Sekelandvuna Magwanishe utsi, "Lenkhapani itawetfula tinsita nematfuba emsebenti lebesolo kukudzala adzingeka kulemimango lesondzelene nayo letfolakala eHarrismith lapho beyikhungetfwe ngemazinga laphakeme ekuswelakala kwemsebenti".

Corks pop for KZN community winery

A KZN COMMUNITY is seeing grapes with new eyes, thanks to a community winery that is empowering people and creating jobs.

Hlengiwe Ngobese

and the Cape are intertwined but a KwaZulu-Natal (KZN) co-operative winery hopes to break this perception with the introduction of a fine coastal wine made with grapes grown in rural vineyards.

The 12 hectares of vineyards are spread across the Ilembe District Municipality in the rural areas of Mandeni, Ndwedwe and Maphumulo. The project is run by a local Ilembe co-operative and supported by the KZN Department of Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs, which has injected R19,5 million into the development of the vineyards and processing facility.

Named Seventeen 87 (the year in which Zulu King Shaka was born), the wine not only

pays tribute to one of the province's most legendary leaders but is a proudly KZN product, with all processes done locally.

Mandeni, Nyoni Ilembe Co-operative supervisor Sipho Gumede who is a member of the cooperative that is producing the wine said the business has changed the lives of people in Mandeni.

"We were sitting at home hopeless without jobs but now we are able to take care of our families. To hold this bottle of wine makes me emotional and proud at the same time since this is something I was part of from scratch."

"I now know how to plant, nurture and spray the crops. I am able to pass this knowledge to someone else. I did know about the varieties of grapes but being here I am able to differentiate them," said Gumede.

He said what he enjoys most



about the project is that he is working with members of his community and they are building a business that belongs to them.

Seventeen 87 was introduced at Africa's Travel Indaba held in Durban recently.

The vineyards in the Mandeni

and Maphumulo local municipalities saw their first harvest in February, with the testing of the winery equipment conducted by a viticulturist in the same

In the three months that followed, eight tons of grapes were processed and 8 000 litres

of wine produced.

Winemaker Daniel Maerkl who was teaching the cooperative how to cultivate the wine explained that the community owns the project and will be empowered to eventually manage all the winery's processes on their own.

Kwakha ematfuba emsebenti elusha lwase-KZN

BUDLELWANO LOBUHLANGANISA hulumende nemkhakha lotimele butawenta kwekutsi lusha lutfole emakhono kumkhakha wekukhicita timoto.

Hlengiwe Ngobese

antfu labasha labalinganiselwa kuma-20 labavela KwaZulu-Natal balindzeleke kutsi bahlomule embonini lensha vakaMahindra lebite imali letigidzi letinge-R95 letawube yakha luhlobo lolusha lwemaveni angema-double cab labitwa ngema-Pik Up ngaphandle nje kancane kwaseDurban.

Bantfu labasha labange-25 KwaZulu-Natal sebavele baceceshiwe batfola nemsebenti nakuvulwa lenkhapani lensha yeMahindra.

ngekubambisana nebakaMahindra kanye ne-AIH Logistics kantsi batawutfunyelwa e-India kutsi bachubeke nekuceceshwa lapho kudzingeke khona.

Lokukhicitwa lekutawube kulingwa ngako kulendzawo sekutawusungulwa ngekutsi kukhicitwe timoto letitawulinganiselwa ku-2 000 ngemnyaka. Ekugcineni kutawukhicitwa timoto letingalinganiselwa ku-4 000 njalo ngemnyaka.

"Lokusisa kuhle ekuletseni litsemba kumabhizinisi. kuyachubeka nekukhombisa kwekutsi lendzawo ya-KwaZulu-Natal yindzawo lekahle yekusisa. Lokhu kubuya kutfumele umlayeto kulabo lebasangabata kwekutsi iDurban yindzawo longayicabanga uma ufuna kusisa," kusho Umphatsiswatiko Wekutfutfukiswa Kwemnotfo, Tekuvakasha Netemvelo Letisebenti ticeceshwe Sihle Zikalala ngalesikhatsi kuvulwa lendzawo.

> Utsite lamatfuba emsebenti ekucala lasungulwe kulendzawo atawufaka sandla ekukhuliseni ema khono lakhona kulesifundza.

Munye waletisebenti loneticu tebunjiniyela Sthembiso Mthembu utsite uyajabula kakhulu kutsi atfole umse-

"Besolo ngihleli ekhaya umnyaka wonkhe ngingawutfoli umsebenti. Lelitfuba lingisitile kutsi ngikhone kunelisa tidzingo tami nemndeni wami. Noma ngineticu tebunjiniyela bemakhenikhali kodvwa bengingakwati lokunyenti ngekuhlanganisa imoto. Lokuceceshwa lesikutfolile kusisitile kutsi sibe nelwati lolujulile," asho ananatela.

Sikhulu Lesiphetse Temisebenti Mhlabawonkhe sakaMahindra Arvind Matthew utsi lenkhapani ihlose kutsenga ma-40% waletinye tetintfo talamaveni ema-Pik *Up* kutitolo takuleli.

"Lokwakhiwa kwale Pik *Up* sinyatselo sekucala kuloluhlelo lwetfu lwesikhatsi lesidze lolutasenta senyuse ematfuba emisebenti futsi setsenge imikhicito yetitolo talesifundza saKwaZulu-Natal," kusho yena. 🛚



Sithembiso Mthembu locashwe eMahindra eDurban ubingelela uMphatsiswatiko Wekutfutfukiswa Kwemnotfo, Tekuvakasha kanye neTemvelo Sihle Zikalala ngesikhatsi kuvulwa lesikhungo.

Pig farmer brings home the bacon

A FEMALE FARMER is making a go of it in the agriculture sector which she believes is a great driver of food security, poverty alleviation, job creation and economic growth.

etty Nyambi cannot believe that she is a successful pig farmer with 150 sows on her Bronkhorstspruit far in Gauteng.

"I am so proud of myself because I am able to contribute to the economy and employ people on my farm. That I am a successful woman in a man's world makes me even prouder."

Nyambi, who has named her farming business Sincobile Trading and Agriculture Piggery, owns 173 hectares of land that she acquired through the Department of Rural Development and Land Reform to start her farming business.

She employs four people and is able to send about 100 pigs to the local abattoir each month.

"I have always had an interest in farming. After completing matric I decid-





Betty Nyambi believes that every South African must play their part in food security.

ed to study agriculture at the Tshwane University of Technology. I proceeded to work on different farms to get practical experience. Anything that involves the soil and nature excites me."

Nyambi started her business with only six pigs in 2015. The business took off when the Gauteng Department of Agriculture and Rural Development (GDARD) provided her with 26 pigs.

Currently, she has 150 sows and two boars. She also uses artificial insemination as part of her farming method.

"There is no reason why South Africans should not farm. Even if it's a small

garden in your backyard, your family will never go hungry. I enjoy my piggery and it has given me a chance to provide for my family and my community."

Nyambi adds that she received accolades for her hard work when she was the first runner-up in the Female Entrepreneur Farmer of the Year Awards in 2016. Despite her success she believes that her business has room to grow.

She has dispelled misconceptions that farming is for old people and encourages young women to enter the agriculture sector.

"I cannot stress enough the reasons why women and young people should follow the farming route. This field is easy especially once you get to understand it. I really encourage other South Africans to join me."