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# Vuk'uzenzele

Produced by: Government Communication & Information System (GCIS)

English/isiZulu

Lwezi 2019 Ushicilelo 2



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# More funds pumped into fighting abuse



## More Matshedisio

**P**resident Cyril Ramaphosa recently updated Parliament and the nation on efforts to end Gender-Based Violence and Femicide (GBVF).

A few months ago, the President asked Parliament to approve the Emergency Action Plan to combat GBVF. He has

since announced that government will commit R1.1 billion towards the implementation of the plan.

"National Treasury has written to key departments and entities, asking them to urgently identify funds that can be re-prioritised. Departments must be commended for readily and swiftly responding to this call. We are now in a position to

allocate more than R1.6 billion from the 2019/20 financial year baseline spending allocation," the President said.

"We know that GBV often has its roots in social, cultural and other norms that perpetuate patriarchy and chauvinism. We also know we have to focus on prevention as the first point of intervention," he said.

The President said the Depart-

ment of Social Development will, in collaboration with other departments, drive the roll-out of programmes that will engage with men's formations, traditional leaders, student organisations, youth groups, offenders inside prisons, officials working in the criminal justice system and communities at large.

He also announced that 200 social workers will be appointed to provide targeted services to survivors at various social services centres, including the national network of Thuthuzela Care Centres.

The President said work is being done to enhance our current legal and policy framework to make it more responsive to the needs of GBV survivors.

"This includes bail and sentencing reform to ensure that perpetrators face justice and that the law acts as an effective deterrent," said the President.

Meanwhile, Cabinet has welcomed the recent 20 life sentences and 758 years' imprisonment sanctions handed down to serial rapist Bongani Lucky Masuku, as well as the life sentence handed to convicted rapist Nicholas Ninow.

"This sends a strong message to perpetrators that our criminal justice system will not tolerate crimes against women and children," said Minister in the Presidency Jackson Mthembu said. **U**

**The GBV Command Centre can be reached at 0800 428 428. Alternatively, send a please-call-me to \*120\*7867# or log onto the website [www.gbv.org.za](http://www.gbv.org.za).**

## Ukusizwa ngokuphathelene nezomthetho kwezisulu ze-GBV



## More Matshedisio

**I**zisulu Zodlame Olubhekiswe Kwabobulili Obuthile (i-GBV) ezingakwazi ukuzikhokhela abazozimela ngokuphathelene nezomthetho zingathola usizo e-Legal Aid South Africa.

Lokhu kushiwo Ummeli Oyinhloko (i-Principal Legal Practitioner) we-Legal Aid South Africa, uMakgate Nkgapele.

I-Legal Aid South Africa iyinhlangano ezimele ephokophele ukuhlinzeka usizo lwezomthetho kulabo abangakwazi ukukhokhela abammeli babo.

"Sithokala kuzwelonke ngamahhovisi endawo angama-64 kanye namahhovisi asezingaweni okungelula ukufinyelela kuzo angama-64, lapho sinabameli bethu khona kanye nabameli basemajajini abazosiza amalungu omphakathi ngamacala aphaathelene

nobugebengu kanye namacala okwepulwa komthetho jikelele," kusho uNkgapele.

Ukwengeza kulokho, uNkgapele uthe isikhungo esizimele sesisungule izikhungo zezobulungiswa ezingama-32 ezihlinzeka usizo oluphathelene nezomthetho kuzwelonke. Bajwayele ukuba seduze nezinkantolo futhi isikhungo ngasinye sihlinzeka ngezinsiza ezinkantolo eziyi-10 ukuya kwezingama-20.

Inani eliphelele labantu abangama-724 000 abasizwa inhlangano ngo-2018/19.

UNkgapele uthe i-Legal Aid SA isebenzisa uhlelo lokwazi njengethuluzi lokuhlonda okumele bathole izinsiza zayo.

"Phakathi kwazo, uhlelo lokwazi lubheka iholo lofake isicelo kanye nempahla engayabo," kuchaza yena.

"Uma uhola u-R7 400 kanye nangaphansi kwalokho ngenyanga ngemva kokudonswa

kwentela, uzokwazi ukuthola ukusizwa ngokwezezimali. Kodwa-ke, uma uthola imali engaphezu kwale yokuhlola kokwazi ngenani elithile lemali, elingaphansi kuka-R1 300, usengakwazi ukufanela ukuthola i-legal aid, okuncike esinqumweni sehhovisi eliyinhloko," kwengeza yena.

Uthe abantu abathola isibonelelo sikahulumeni noma impesheni bafanele ukuthola ukusizwa futhi asikho isidingo sokuthi kucutshungulwe ukuthi bafanelekile na ukuhlinzkelwa. Nokho, kumele bakwazi ukuhlinzeka ngemibhalo esemthethweni ekhomba ukuthi bathola isibonelelo.

UNkgapele uthe emacaleni obugebengu, izingane zifanele ukuthola usizo futhi asikho isidingo sokuthi kucutshungulwe ukuthi zifanelekile na ukuhlinzkelwa. Uma kuyicala loku-

phulwa komthetho jikelele, kuzodingeka ukuba kucutshungulwe ukuthi umndeni wengane ufanelekile na ukuhlinzkelwa futhi kumele isicelo sawo siphumelele ukuze ihlinzkelwe. **U**

## Ungayithinta kanjani i-Legal Aid?

Vele uye kunoma yimaphi amahhovisi ayo kuzo zonke izifunda eziyishi-yagalolunye.

Shayela ucingo inombolo yocingo olungakhokhela ku-: 0800 110 110 (ngoMsombuluko ukuya kuLwesihlanu ngo-7 ekuseni - kuya ku-7 ntabama).

Thumela u-Please Call Me ku-: 079 835 7179.

Babhalele ukuze uqonde ngokuthile kusizindalwazi sabo ku- [Legal-aid.co.za](http://Legal-aid.co.za)



# Yini okumele uyilindele uma ubika icala elihambisana ne-GBV



**U**kubika ukudlwengulwa noma elinye icala elihambisana Nodlame Olusekelwe Ngokobulili (i-GBV) kungabukeka kuyinto eqeda amandla futhi esabisayo.

I-Vuk'uzenzele seyihlanganise isiqondiso sesinyathelo ngesinyathelo sokunika abasindile isithombe sokuthi yini okumele bayilindele uma bevakashela isiteshi samaphoyisa ukuyobika icala elihambisana Nodlame Olusekelwe Ngokobulili.

Amaphoyisa aseNingizimu Afrika (i-SAPS) athe azinikele ekuqinisekiseni ukuthi ukuba yisisulu ihlandla lesibili akwenzeki uma osinde ekudlwengulweni efika esiteshini samaphoyisa ezobika udaba lwakhe.

Icala lokudlwengula lingabikwa ku-SAPS ngenombolo yezimo eziphuthumayo esebenza amahora angama-24 yesikhungo sokubika amacala ethi 10111, noma ngokuvakashela isiteshi samaphoyisa esiseduze nawe.

Isisulu sivumeleke ukuba nomuntu esimkhethile ozo ba naso ngesikhathi sokubuzwa imibuzo mayelana nesehlakalo futhi kumele silindele ukubuzwa imibuzo endaweni esiyijwayele noma ezosenza siqine isibindi.

Uma amaphoyisa esethole ulwazi olwanele kumele kuvulwe idokodo, libhaliswe kuHlelo Lwekhompyutha Lokubhaliswa Kwamacala i-Crime Administration System futhi kumele kubhalwe affidavithi okumele kucaciswe

okulandelayo kuyo:

- Isikhathi, usuku kanye nendawo okwenzeka kuyo icala.
- Uhlobo lwecala kanye nendlela elenziwe ngayo.
- Umuntu wokuqala osinde ekuhlukunyezweni amtshelele mayelana nalokhu kuhlaselelwa.
- Nanoma yimiphi imininingwane ephathelene no(abe) wenze icala noma okungenzeka abe ufakazi ongasiza ukuthi kubanjwe abasolwa.

Kungenzeka kudingeke ukuxilongwa kwezempilo ukuze kutholakale ukuthi kungaba khona yini nanoma yibuphi ubufakazi obungasiza enkantolo. Ngakho-ke kubalulekile ukuthi isisulu sixilongwe, kungapholiswa maseko – noma ngabe sihlaselelwe emahoreni angama-72 adlule, noma ngabe isisulu sesigezile.

Ukuxilongwa kwezempilo okuzokwenziwa kuzokhokhelwa uhulumeni futhi kuzokwenziwa owezempilo oqeqeshiwe. Akukho muntu wesilisa ozoba khona ngesikhathi kuxilongwa isisulu sesilisa. Futhi nomuntu onobulili obu-

fanayo uzoba khona kuphela ngesikhathi sokuxilonga uma isisulu sikuvuma lokho.

## Ukunakekelwa ngemuva kokuhlukunyezwa.

Isisulu sokuhlukunyezwa ngokocansi sehlelwe yinto embi kakhulu futhi maningi amathuba okuthi sizodinga uhlobo oluthile lokwulekwa.

Uma isisulu siyingane kumele kuthintwe, ilungu eliqeqeshiwe lomnyango Wodlame Lwasemndenini, Ukuvikelwa Kwezingane kanye Namacala Aphathelene Nocansi (i-FCS) noma ungoti ngokuphathelene nalokhu. Kungenzeka kunqunywe ukuthi kungayisiza kakhulu ingane ukuthi isuswe iyiswe endaweni yokuphepha.

## Kuyisibophezelo somphenyi wecala ukwenza lokhu

- Ukuhlinzeka isisulu ngemininingwane yezempilo kanye neyezinsiza zokwuleleka ezitholakala endaweni futhi asisize ngendlela angakwazi ukuthi enze ngayo ukuze sikwazi ukufinyelela kuzo, bese eqinisekisa ukuthi kuthathwe izinyathelo ukuze kuvikelwe izingane kanye nezisulu ezisengozini.
- Iphoyisa eliphenya icala lizogcina isisulu sazi nganoma yini eyenzekayo ecaleni futhi kumele lichazele isisulu uhlelo lwenkantolo ukuze lisilungiselele ukulalelwa kwecala enkantolo. Ngosuku lwecala noma ngaphambi kwalo, uma isisulu

sicela ukuthi kwenzeka lokho, iphoyisa eliphenya icala lizonikeza isisulu amakhophi esitatimende saso ukuze sisifunde bese sizikhumbuza okwenzeka. **U**

## NGABE BEWAZI?

- Igama lesisulu esidlwenguliwe akumele likhishwe abacosheli bezindaba.
- Nanoma ubani owazi ngokuhlukunyezwa ngokocansi kwengane noma umuntu okhubazeka ngokomqondo unesibophezelo ngokomthetho sokubika isehlakalo emaphoyiseni.
- Uma ube yisisulu secala eliphathelene nocansi, ungagezi, ungashintshi izingubo zangaphansi noma uyakaze umlomo wakho kuze kube uxilongwe ngokwezempilo.
- Akukho sisulu okumele sijikiswe ngoba icala lenzeka kudala noma lenzeka endaweni okukhona kuyo esinye isiteshi samphoyisa.

\*Lolu lwazi luhlinzekwe Amaphoyisa aseNingizimu Afrika

## Izinombolo eziwusizo kwabasinde kwi-GBV

**I**Ningizimu Afrika inezihlangano eziningi abasinde kuDlame Olusekelwe Ngokobulili abangaya kuzo ukuze balulekwe ngemva kokuhlukunyezwa.

I-Vuk'uzenzele ihlanganise uhlu lwezindawo izisulu ezisindile ezingaya kuzo ukuze zithole usizo.

### I-People Opposed to Women Abuse (i-POWA)

I-POWA ihlinzeka ngokweluleka, kokubili okwasocingweni kanye nokokubonana siqu, kanye nokusizwa ngokuphathelene nezomthetho kubantu besifazane abahlukunyeziwe.

Isizindalwazi: <https://www.powa.co.za/>

**POWA/**  
Inombolo yocingo: 011 642 4346

### I-Childline South Africa

Le yihlangano engenzi nzuzo yaseNingizimu Afrika esiza izingane ezihlukunyeziwe kanye nemindeni yazo. Ibhekelela izindaba eziphathelene nokuhlukunyezwa emzimbeni kanye nangokocansi, ukusetshenziswa kwezidakamizwa, izinkinga eziphathelene nokuziphatha kanye nokushushumbiswa, futhi inikeza ukweluleka kwezomthetho.

Isizindalwazi: <http://www.childlinesa.org.za/>  
Inombolo yocingo lwamahhala losizo: 0800 055 555

### I-Child Welfare South Africa

I-Child Welfare South Africa igxile ekuvikelweni ingane, ukunakekela ingane kanye nokuthuthukisa umndeni. Ukunganakwa kanye nokuhlukunyezwa kwezingane kungabikwa kubo futhi.

Isizindalwazi: <http://childwelfare.org.za/>

Inombolo yocingo: 074 080 8315

### I-Family and Marriage Association of SA (FAMSA)

I-FAMSA ihlinzeka ngokweluleka kanye nokufundisa ukuze kusizwe ukwenza ngcono imishado kanye nemindeni. Ihlinzeka ngosizo emacaleni aphathelene nodlame olwenzeka ekhaya kanye nokwehluleka okubuhlungu, ukhulukanisa ifindo lomshado kanye nokwehlulela phakathi kwezihlanganathi ezahlukene. I-FAMSA inamahhovisi ezweni lonke.

Isizindalwazi: <http://famsa.org.za/>  
Inombolo yocingo: 011 975 7106/7

### I-Tears Foundation

Yasungulwa ngowezi-2012, le yihlangano engenzi nzuzo ehlinzeka ngesizindalwazi sezinsiza zezempilo, zezomthetho kanye nezokuphathelene nezomqondo ezitholakala eNingizimu Afrika ukuze kusizwe abadlwenguliwe kanye nabasindile abahlukunyezwe ngokocansi.

Isizindalwazi: <https://www.tears.co.za/gbv-domestic-abuse/>  
Inombolo yocingo: 010 590 5920

### I-GBV Command Centre

UMnyango Wokuthuthukiswa Komphakathi wavula i-Gender-Based Violence (i-GBV) Command Centre ngoLwezi (Novemba) 2013. Isebenza amahora angama-24 ngosuku futhi isebenza unyaka wonke

ukuze kusizwe izisulu zodlame olusekelwe kubulili.

I-GBV Command Centre ingathintwa ngezindlela eziningi ezahlukene, ezihlanganisa inombolo yayo yocingo yezimo eziphuthumayo ku-0800 428 428, noma ngokuthumela u-Please Call Me ku: \*120\*7867#

Ungakwazi futhi ukubathinta nge-skype lapho ungafaka khona u-Help Me GBV kuhlu lobathinta nge-skype bese uthumela umlayezo. Lesi sithangami siyasetshenziselwa futhi ukusiza izisulu ezingabantu abayizithulu abasebenzisa Ulimi Lwezandla LaseNingizimu Afrika ukuze bakhulume. **U**

Okunye ongakukhetha ukuthumela i-SMS ethi-Help ku-31531, noma uvakashela ku-[www.gbv.org.za](http://www.gbv.org.za)